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**MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.**

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

MODEL PCL-505/C  
(890-960 MHz)

COMPOSITE

AURAL

STUDIO-TO-TRANSMITTER LINK

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## INSTRUCTION MANUAL

### MODELS PCL-505 AND PCL-505/C

### AURAL STUDIO-TO-TRANSMITTER LINKS

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The Models PCL-505 and PCL-505/C Studio-to-Transmitter Links (STL) were designed to convey high-quality aural program material from a studio site to a transmitter site. Control and secondary programming subcarriers may also be simultaneously carried by the PCL-505. The wide-band "composite" version of this equipment, designated the PCL-505/C, allows the transmission of the complete composite FM stereo broadcast signal over only one link. Two PCL-505 units can be operated in the dual-link configuration to carry Left and Right audio channels for stereo operation. This equipment may also be used in intercity relay service. The environment in which this equipment must operate and the operators using it have both been carefully considered. Attention to design details and quality in construction distinguish the PCL-505.

## 2. SPECIFICATIONS

### 2.1 System

#### Monaural (PCL-505):

Audio Response	±0.4 dB, 30 Hz to 15 kHz
Audio Distortion	Less than 0.4%, 30 Hz to 15 kHz
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	Better than 68 dB
Emission	110F3 (no subcarrier) 110F9 (26 kHz control subcarrier) 230F9 (67 kHz program subcarrier)

#### Composite (PCL-505/C):

Wide-band Response	±0.2 dB, 30 Hz to 60 kHz ±0.5 dB, 30 Hz to 75 kHz
Wide-band Distortion	Less than 0.4%, 30 Hz to 60 kHz
De-emphasized wide-band output ultimate SNR	Better than 65 dB
Stereo Separation	Better than 35 dB (assuming stereo generator is better than 38 dB)
Stereo Cross Talk	Better than 43 dB, linear and nonlinear combined
Emission	226F9 (no subcarrier) 270F9 (67 kHz program subcarrier) 340F9 (110 kHz control subcarrier) 490F9 (185 kHz program subcarrier)
RF Frequency Ranges	148-174 MHz, 215-240 MHz, 300-330 MHz, 450-470 MHz, 890-960 MHz
Temperature Range	-20°C to +60°C

## 2.2 Transmitter

Type	All solid-state, direct FM, indirect crystal control
RF Output	7 watts maximum, 5 watts nominal; Type N female connector
Frequency Stability	$\pm 0.0005\%$
Frequency Deviation	
Monaural (PCL-505)	40 kHz peak for 100% modulation (75 $\mu$ sec pre-emphasis used in PCL-505)
Composite (PCL-505/C)	60 kHz peak for 100% modulation
Harmonic suppression	Better than 60 dB below carrier
Spurious emissions	Better than 65 dB below carrier
AM Noise	Better than 70 dB below carrier
Modulation inputs	
Monaural (PCL-505)	+10 dBm, 600 $\Omega$ resistive, balanced, floating, barrier-strip connector
Composite (PCL-505/C)	3.5 V P-P, 12,000 $\Omega$ , resistive, unbalanced, Type BNC connector
Multiplex	1.5 V P-P, 2000 $\Omega$ , resistive, unbalanced, Type BNC connector
Power Requirement	120/240 VAC $\pm 10\%$ , 50-60 Hz, 60 watts
Dimensions	8.9 cm (3.5") high, 48.4 cm (19") wide, 40.6 cm (16") deep
Shipping Weight (domestic)	11 kg (25 lbs.)

### 2.3 Receiver

#### Monaural (PCL-505)

Program Output	+10 dBm, 600 $\Omega$ , balanced, floating, barrier-strip connector
Multiplex Outputs	22-85 kHz, 1.5 V P-P behind 1000 $\Omega$ , unbalanced, Type BNC connectors
Sensitivity	30 dB signal-to-noise ratio, -100 dBm 60 dB signal-to-noise ratio, -87 dBm (program output, de-emphasized)
3 dB I.F. Bandwidth	180 kHz
80 dB I.F. Bandwidth	2.5 MHz

#### Composite (PCL-505/C)

Wide-band Output	3.5 V P-P behind 1000 $\Omega$ , unbalanced, Type BNC connector
Multiplex Outputs	100-240 kHz, 1.5 V P-P behind 1000 $\Omega$ , unbalanced, Type BNC connectors
Sensitivity	30 dB signal-to-noise ratio, -100 dBm 60 dB signal-to-noise ratio, -73 dBm (wide-band output, de-emphasized)
3 dB I.F. Bandwidth	330 kHz
80 dB I.F. Bandwidth	3 MHz
Power Requirement	120/240 VAC $\pm$ 10%, 50-60 Hz, 12 watts; 13.5 $\pm$ 1 VDC, 0.2A
Dimensions	4.5 cm (1.75") high, 48.4 cm (19") wide, 34.9 cm (13.75") deep
Shipping Weight (domestic)	7 kg (15 lbs.)

PCL-505, PCL-505/C  
(Rev. 10/75)

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### 3. UNPACKING

The PCL-505 transmitter and receiver should be carefully unpacked and inspected for any shipping damage. Keep all packing material until performance is confirmed. Should inspection reveal shipping damage, or should hidden damage be revealed, immediately file a claim with the carrier.

It is recommended that the top covers on both the transmitter and receiver be removed for a brief superficial inspection. There are two screws that are used to hold the FMO in place during shipment. They should be removed from the bottom of the transmitter chassis before installation. Retain these screws and reinstall them if the transmitter is to be moved. This will prevent damage to the modules inside.

NOTE: DO NOT REMOVE THE COVERS ON THE TRANSMITTER RF POWER AMPLIFIER ASSEMBLY. DO NOT ATTEMPT DISASSEMBLY OR INSPECTION OF THE RECEIVER INPUT BANDPASS ASSEMBLY. DO NOT MAKE ANY ADJUSTMENTS OF ANY KIND TO THE EQUIPMENT. DO NOT APPLY POWER UNTIL SPECIFICALLY INSTRUCTED TO DO SO LATER IN THIS MANUAL.

The inspection should ascertain that the various modules, assemblies, and components are mechanically secure. After the inspection, replace the covers.

### 4. INSTALLATION

Although the PCL-505 is intended to provide a wireless equivalent to a wire-line interconnection between a studio and a transmitter site, there are some basic differences:

- a) If the audio level applied to the transmitter is excessive, distortion will result and occupied RF bandwidth will increase.
- b) Undermodulation or operation with lossy feedlines or operation over extremely long distances may result in degradation of the signal-to-noise ratio of the received signal.

- c) The PCL-505 incorporates pre-emphasis (treble boost) in the transmitter and de-emphasis (treble cut) in the receiver to enhance the signal-to-noise ratio. A by-product of this process is an increased susceptibility to overload by higher audio modulating frequencies.
- d) The PCL-505 has the bandwidth and linearity to carry control tones and secondary program material in the form of subcarriers.
- e) The PCL-505/C uses special circuitry to allow the transmission of the composite stereo waveform (as well as control and program subcarriers) over a single link.

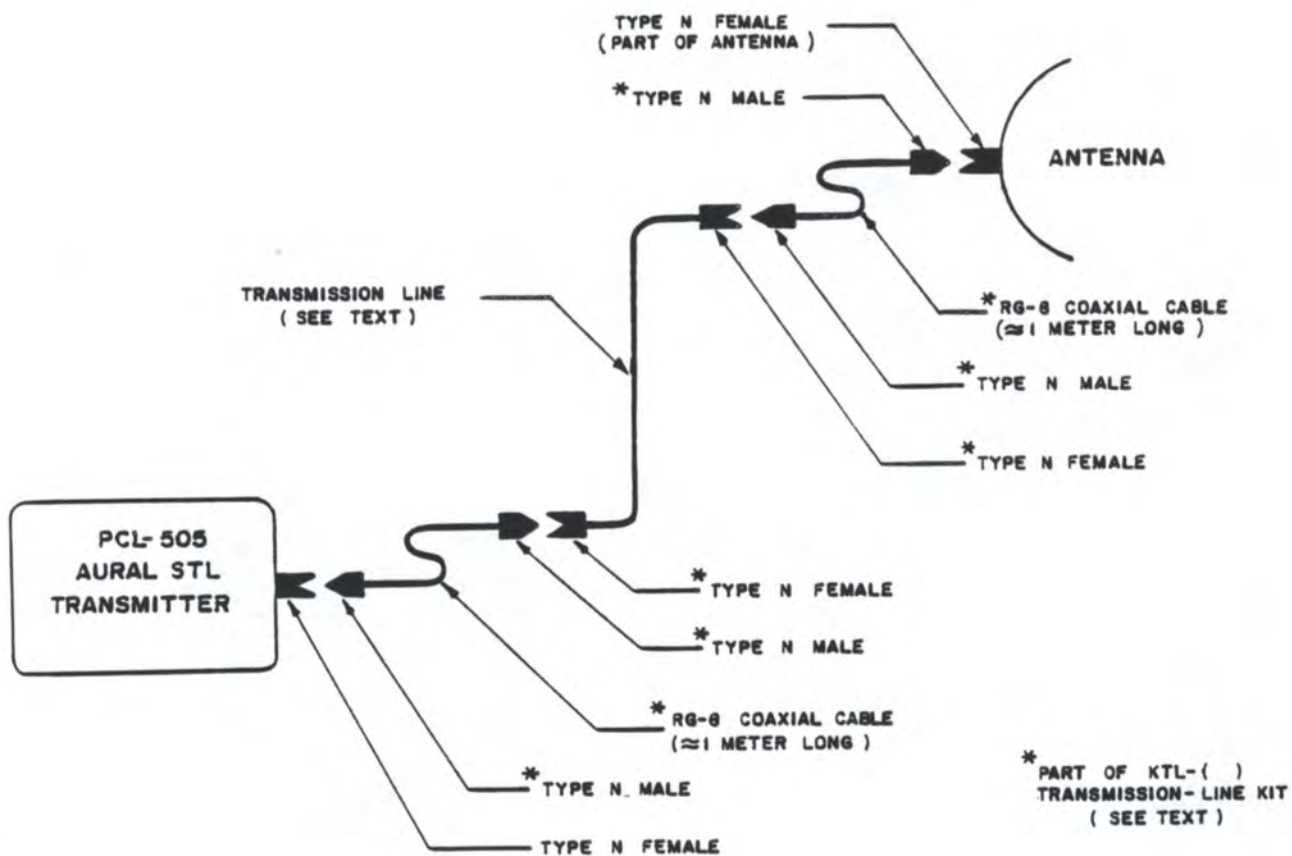
Drawings illustrating the various connections to be made to the PCL-505 transmitter and receiver are shown in Figures 1 through 6.

The PCL-505 equipments should be mounted in a standard rack, preferably between waist and shoulder height. The associated antenna should be mounted at a height such that a reasonably clear path is available between the transmitter and receiver sites. A path having 0.6 Fresnel zone clearance is recommended. Either vertical or horizontal polarization may be used, but the polarization must be the same at each end of the path. Generally, vertical polarization is employed.

Interconnections between the transmitter and its antenna (and between the receiver and its antenna) should be made using coaxial cable whose loss characteristics have been determined by an engineering study. For example, half-inch diameter foam-filled coaxial cable (with a loss of 3 dB per hundred feet) will have a loss of 9 dB if the length of line totals 300 feet. Such a loss will generally be tolerable if the path is short, for example five to ten miles. It might prove disastrous on grazing or long paths. The gain of the transmitting and receiving antennas must also be considered.

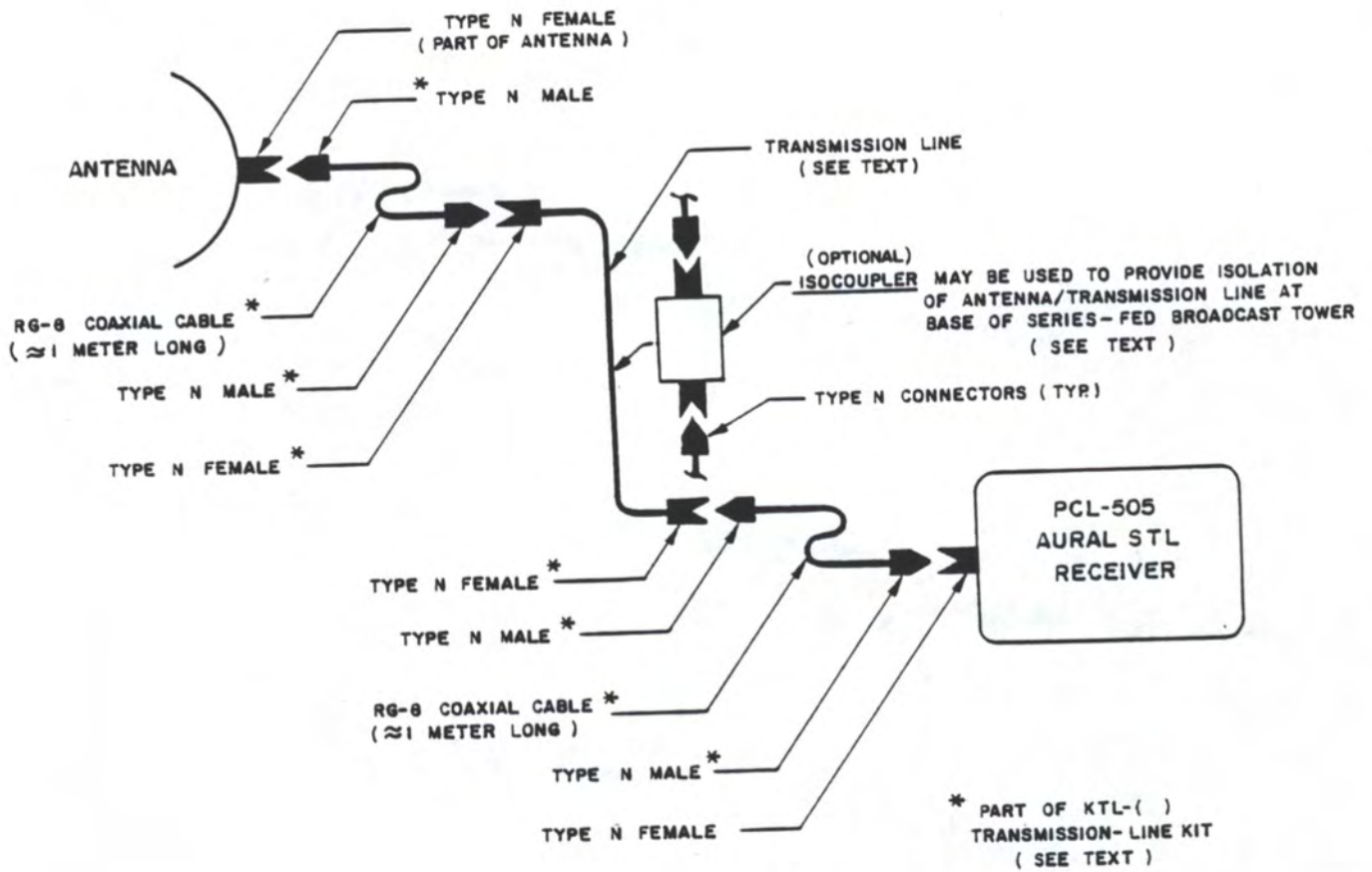
Noting that the better feedlines are relatively inflexible, Moseley Associates has made available short "pigtail" assemblies. These are to be attached to the ends of the actual feedlines, and they enable movement of the equipment with less chance of harm to the





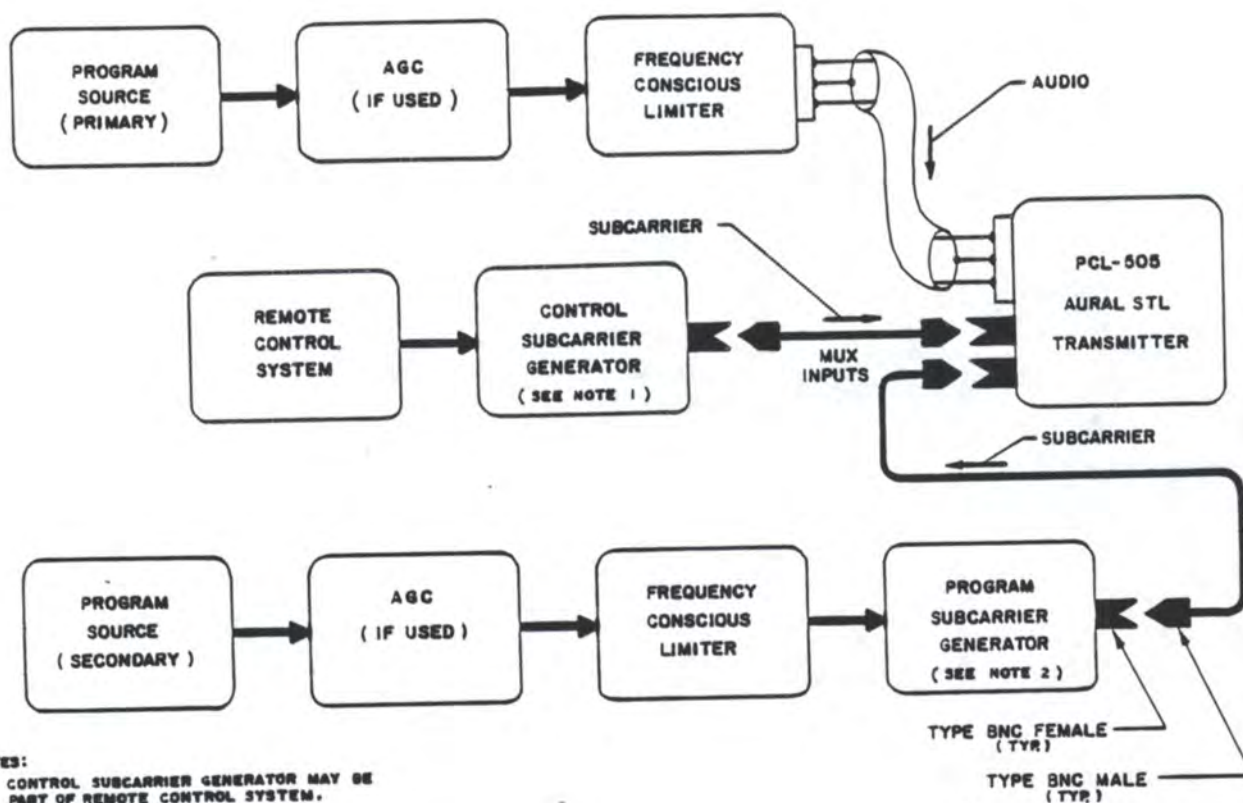
PCL-505 TRANSMITTER RF CONNECTIONS

FIGURE 1



PCL-505 RECEIVER RF CONNECTIONS

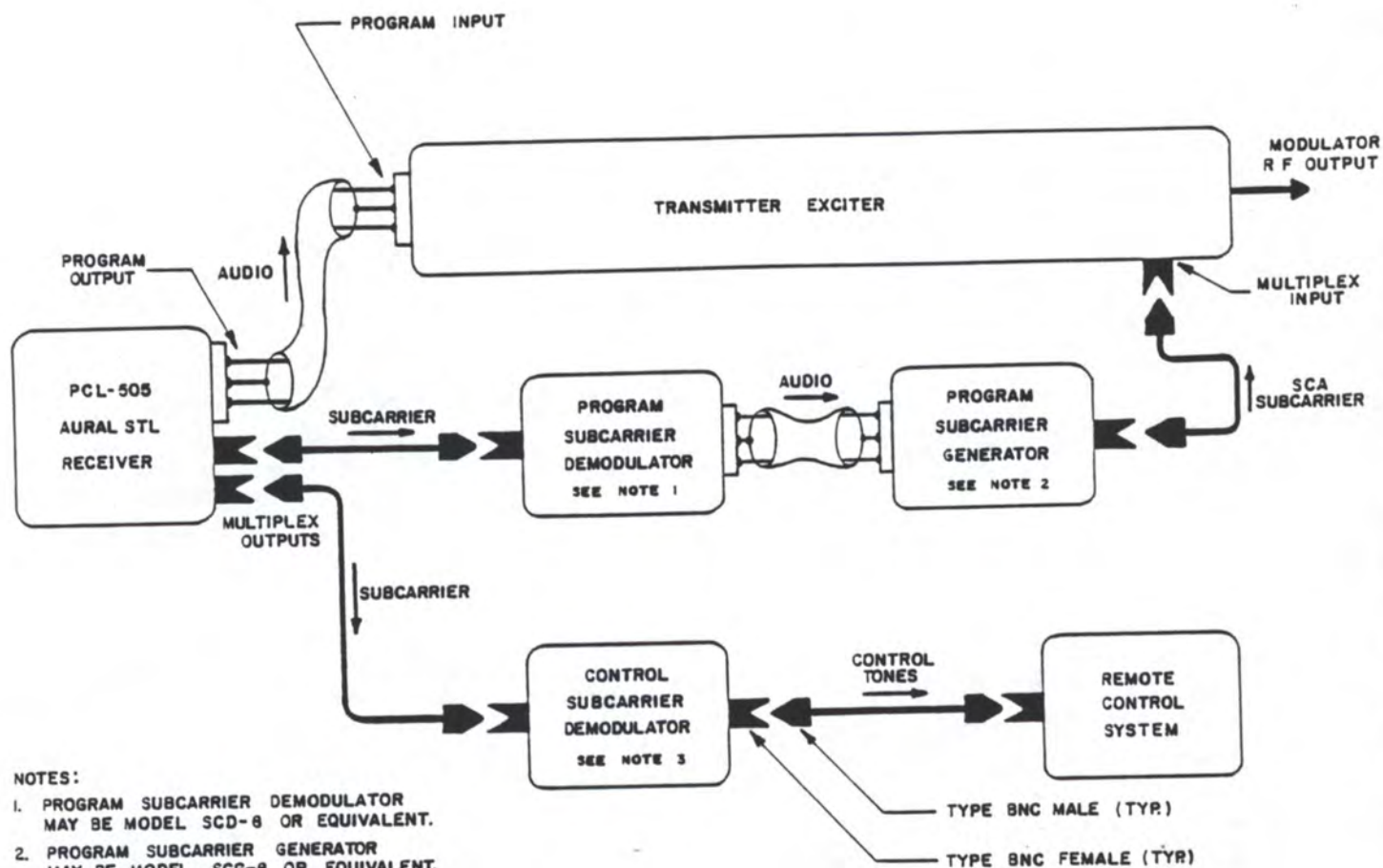
FIGURE 2



NOTES:

1. CONTROL SUBCARRIER GENERATOR MAY BE PART OF REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM.
2. PROGRAM SUBCARRIER GENERATOR IS MODEL SCG-6 OR EQUIVALENT.
3. COAX CABLE IS RG58A/U OR EQUAL.

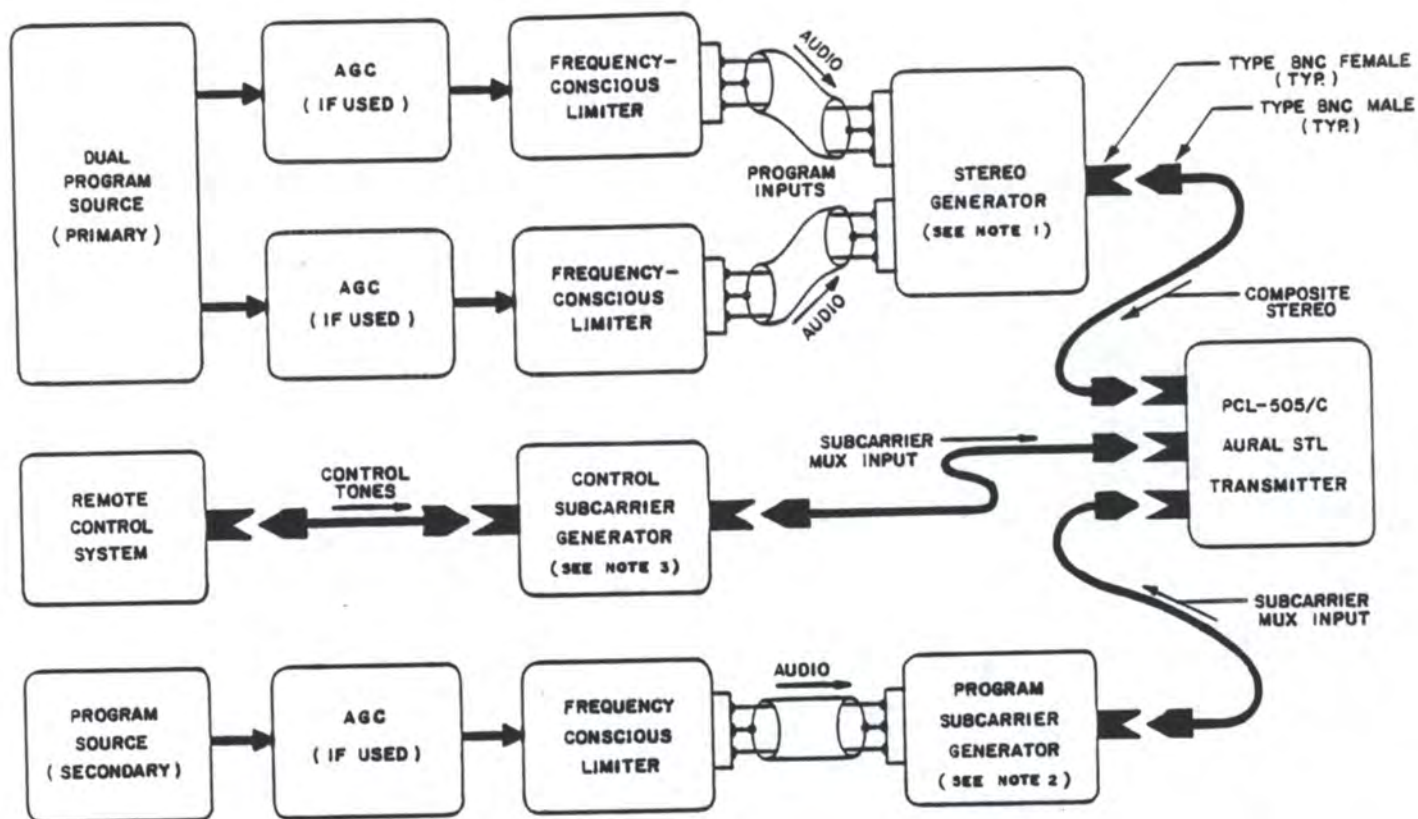
PCL-505 TRANSMITTER (MONO)  
PROGRAM AND MULTIPLEX CONNECTIONS  
FIGURE 3



NOTES:

1. PROGRAM SUBCARRIER DEMODULATOR MAY BE MODEL SCD-8 OR EQUIVALENT.
2. PROGRAM SUBCARRIER GENERATOR MAY BE MODEL SCG-8 OR EQUIVALENT.
3. CONTROL SUBCARRIER DEMODULATOR MAY BE PART OF REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM.
4. COAXIAL CABLE IS RG 58 A/U OR EQUAL.

PCL-505 RECEIVER (MONO)  
PROGRAM AND MULTIPLEX CONNECTIONS  
FIGURE 4



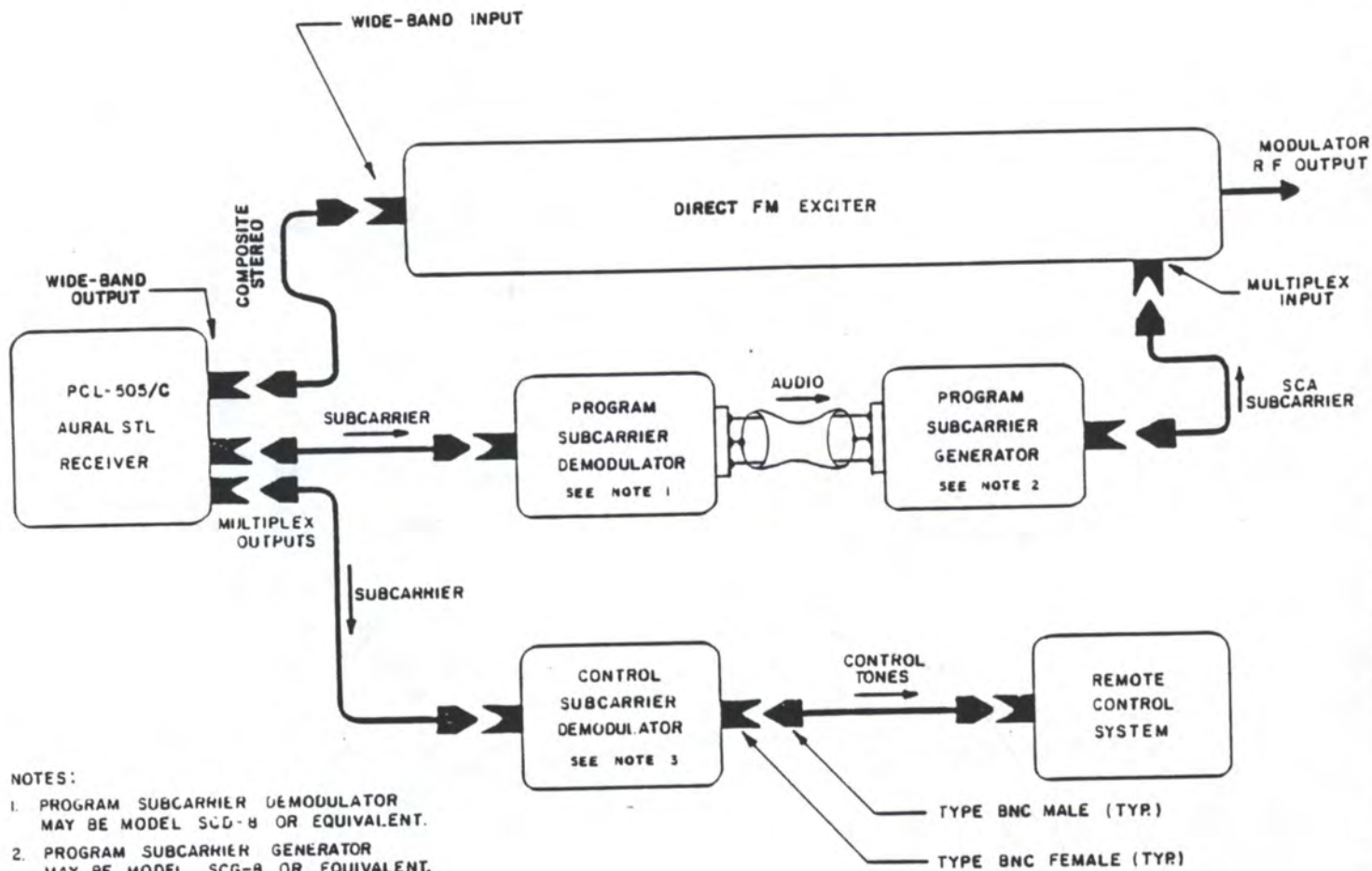
NOTES:

1. STEREO GENERATOR MAY BE MODEL SCG-9 OR EQUIVALENT.
2. PROGRAM SUBCARRIER GENERATOR MAY BE MODEL SCG-8 OR EQUIVALENT.
3. CONTROL SUBCARRIER GENERATOR MAY BE PART OF REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM.
4. COAX CABLE IS RG 58 A/U OR EQUAL.

PCL-505/C TRANSMITTER (COMPOSITE)  
PROGRAM AND MULTIPLEX CONNECTIONS

FIGURE 5





NOTES:

1. PROGRAM SUBCARRIER DEMODULATOR MAY BE MODEL SCG-8 OR EQUIVALENT.
2. PROGRAM SUBCARRIER GENERATOR MAY BE MODEL SCG-8 OR EQUIVALENT.
3. CONTROL SUBCARRIER DEMODULATOR MAY BE PART OF REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM.
4. COAX CABLE IS RG 58 A/U OR EQUAL.

PCL-505/C RECEIVER (COMPOSITE)  
PROGRAM AND MULTIPLEX CONNECTIONS  
FIGURE 6



equipment or feedline. These assemblies carry Moseley Associates part number KTL-( ). As an example, use KTL-4 assemblies for Andrew foam-dielectric half-inch line. Each KTL-( ) kit consists of two pigtails with connectors attached, and two individual Type N Female coaxial connectors. Each such kit is sufficient for installation of one end of a link. Two kits would be needed if pigtails are desired at each end of a link.

Should it be desired to mount the receiving antenna on a series-fed Standard Broadcast tower, the required isolation may be accomplished as illustrated in Figure 2. At the base of the tower, a Moseley Associates Isocoupler is used to allow passage of the STL RF signal while introducing no particular change in the tower base impedance. Isolation at Standard Broadcast frequencies is very high, and the Isocoupler introduces a minimal loss to the STL RF signal.

For monaural operation, the output of the program limiter is applied to the program input on the PCL-505 transmitter. Applied to the transmitter multiplex inputs are subcarrier signals (if applicable) for control and secondary programming purposes.

For dual-link stereo operation, the outputs of the program limiters are applied to the program inputs on the pair of PCL-505 transmitters. Choose one link arbitrarily and (if applicable) connect the control subcarrier generator output to a multiplex input on that transmitter. Use the other link (if applicable) for the program subcarrier; connect the program subcarrier generator output to a multiplex input on that transmitter.

The program lines use barrier-strip connections and operate at +10 dBm at low audio frequencies. The multiplex inputs operate at 1.5 volts peak-to-peak and use Type BNC connectors.

For composite (single-link stereo) operation, the output of the program limiters are applied to the stereo generator, such as the Moseley Associates Model SCG-9. The output of the stereo generator is then applied to the wide-band input on the PCL-505/C transmitter. Also applied to the transmitter multiplex input connectors are subcarriers (if used) for control and secondary programming purposes. Multiplex Channel #1 should be used for the control subcarrier while Multiplex Channel #2 should be used for secondary programming.

The program inputs to the SCG-9 Stereo Generator use barrier-strip connections and operate at +10 dBm at low audio frequencies. The output from the stereo generator is 3.5 volts peak-to-peak for full modulation and uses a Type BNC connector.

At the receiver site, the PCL-505 monaural (or dual-link stereo) receiver program output is applied to the program input(s) of the exciter or stereo generator. Also available from the receiver multiplex outputs are the subcarrier outputs to operate subcarrier equipment such as remote control and secondary program demodulators.

The program line uses barrier-strip connections and delivers +10 dBm at low audio frequencies. The multiplex outputs deliver 1.5 volts peak-to-peak and use Type BNC connectors.

The wide-band output from the PCL-505/C composite receiver is applied to the wide-band or composite input of the direct-FM exciter. The receiver multiplex outputs are also available to operate remote control and secondary programming demodulators.

The wide-band output from the receiver is 3.5 volts peak-to-peak behind 100 $\Omega$  and uses a Type BNC connector. The multiplex outputs deliver 1.5 volts peak-to-peak and also use Type BNC connectors.

If either the transmitter or receiver is to be operated from 240 VAC, refer to the schematics for rewiring information.

With the transmitter properly terminated, power may now be applied to both the transmitter and receiver. At this time, system performance may be checked on a back-to-back basis.

Each transmitter metering position should be checked. The readings may be compared with the values shown in the final factory test data. It would be wise to record these readings for future reference. Note that the forward power (and the reflected power, in particular) may deviate somewhat from the final test values due to possible VSWR of the load.

Now the PCL-505 may be installed in the operating configuration and a skeleton proof of performance run. See paragraph 7.4 or 7.5 as applicable.



## 5. OPERATION

Routine operation of the PCL-505 system is very simple. Power should be applied to both the transmitter and the receiver at all times.

NOTE: USER MUST COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE OPERATING REQUIREMENTS OF GOVERNING REGULATIONS.

The transmitter unit may be remotely controlled and metered. Refer to Paragraph 7.8 on remote control of the transmitter. When no other meter readings are being taken, it is suggested that the program position be used to continuously monitor program modulation. Table 1 on the following two pages discusses front-panel controls and switches for both the receiver and the transmitter.

## 6. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

### 6.1 Transmitter

The block diagram of the PCL-505 transmitter is shown in Figure 7. Individual module block diagrams are shown in Figures 8 through 15.

#### 6.1.1 Input Interface

Modulation input to the transmitter is applied to the modulation circuitry via an Input-Interface module (see Figure 8). The monaural version of this module terminates the program input with a pi-type attenuator. This assures a resistive input and allows various nominal input levels to be accommodated.

The output from the pad is routed to the input isolation transformer and then back to the board. At this point, there is an active pre-emphasis system with an amplifier whose gain is adjustable.

Following this amplifier is a 16 kHz low-pass filter to prohibit program components from interfering with any subcarriers which may also be applied to the link. The output of the filter is applied to an active summing amplifier.

The composite version of this module, used in the PCL-505/C, is similar except that it contains no input pad, has no pre-emphasis, and does not contain a low-pass filter.

TABLE 1

## MODEL PCL-505 FRONT-PANEL CONTROLS AND SWITCHES

TRANSMITTER

RADIATE                      Turns power on or off to multiplier driver module thus carrier is on or off.

Metering Switch Positions

PROGRAM                    Meters main program applied to modulator. The "0" on the top meter scale represents 100% modulation.

MPX.                        Meters subcarriers applied to modulator. Percent injection is read on lower scale.

AFC                         Meters DC level of AFC system. (See AFC ADJUST - next page)

FWD. PWR.                 Meters forward RF power to antenna.

RFL. PWR.                 Meters reflected RF power from antenna.

+VDC                        Meters +13.5 VDC power supply on the bottom meter scale.

REF. OSC.                 Meters reference oscillator and associated circuitry. Normal is between 10 and 20 on the bottom meter scale.

H.F. DIVIDER              Meters FMO, H.F. Buffer and Divider, and associated circuitry. Normal is between 10 and 20 on the bottom meter scale.

IPA DRIVE                 Meters output of multiplier module driving power amplifier. Normal is 15 or more on the bottom meter scale.

PCL-505, PCL-505/C  
(Rev. 2/76)

## FINAL CURRENT

Meters current of final power amplifier stage. Bottom scale is actual current used by the output transistor.

## AFC ADJUST

Screwdriver adjustment to set AFC to center of AFC range. Shown on meter in AFC position.

## POWER

Green L.E.D. is illuminated when primary power is applied to the transmitter.

## RECEIVER

### Metering Switch Positions

#### +VDC

Meters +13.5 VDC power supply on the bottom meter scale.

#### SIGNAL

Meters relative received signal strength. (See Final Test Data)

#### PROGRAM

Meters received program level. The "0" on the top meter scale represents 100% program modulation of received signal.

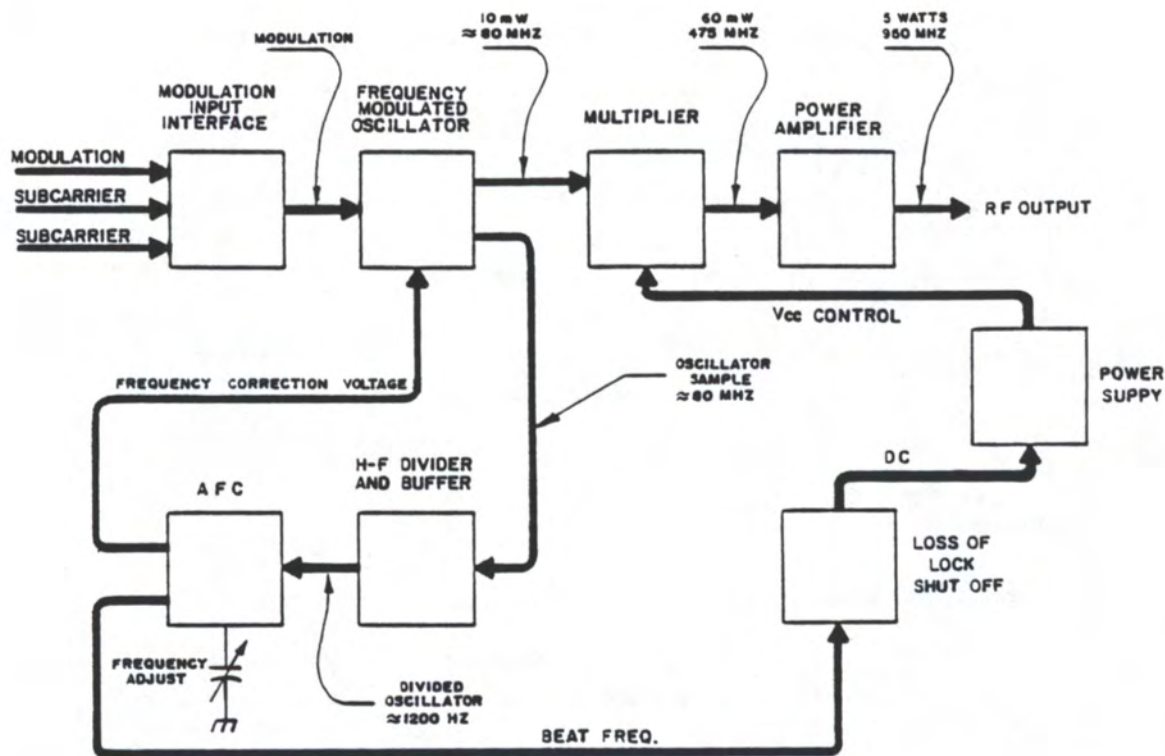
#### MPX.

Meters received subcarrier levels. This reading is relative and should be noted for future reference.

#### POWER

Green L.E.D. is illuminated when primary power is applied to receiver.

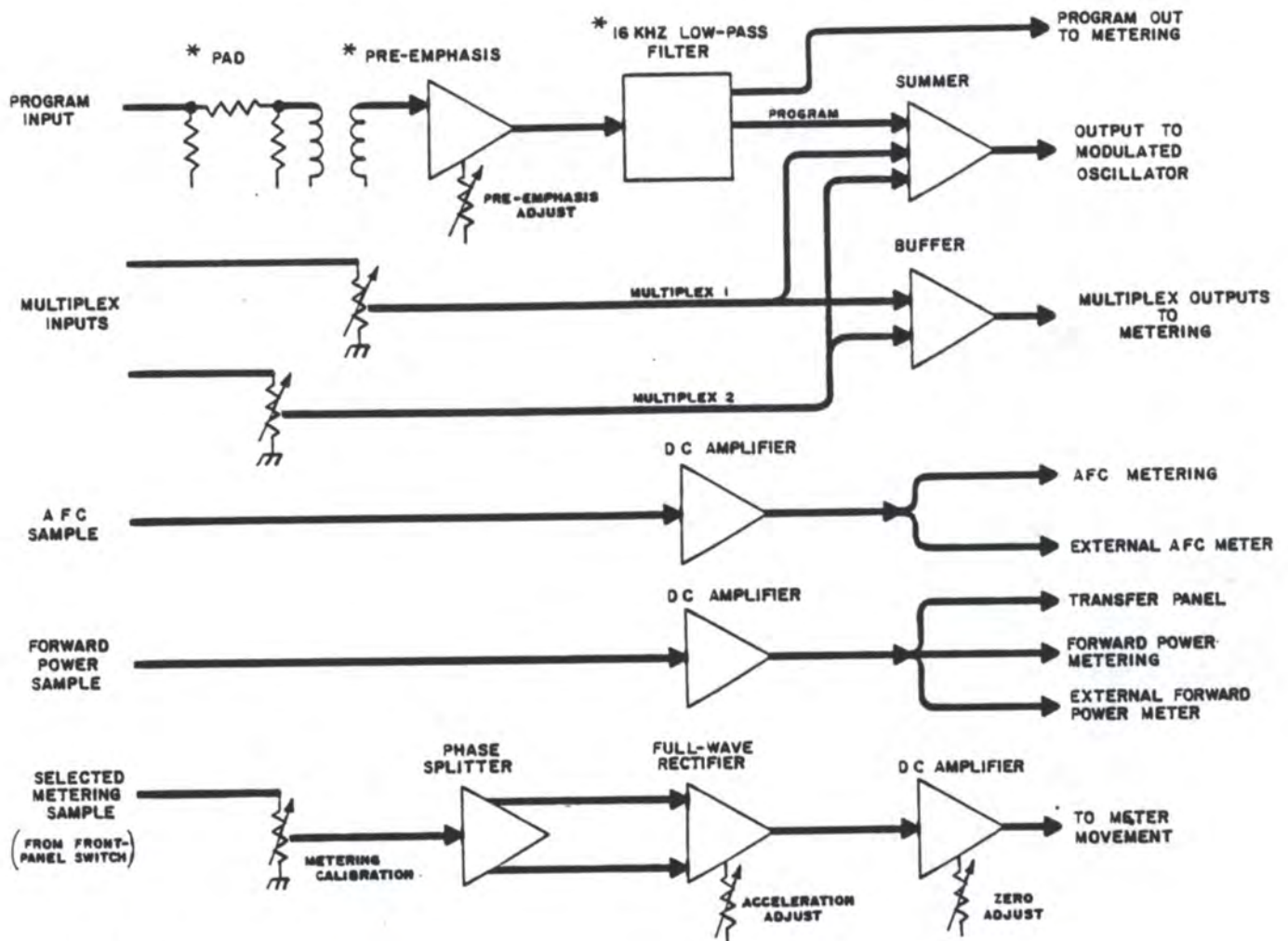




BLOCK DIAGRAM  
PCL-505 TRANSMITTER  
( MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 7





\* NOT USED IN PCL-505/C

# PCL-505 INPUT INTERFACE AND METERING AMPLIFIERS (MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE)

FIGURE 8

Both the monaural module and the composite module contain identical subcarrier-processing circuitry. Subcarrier inputs are terminated with individual level-setting potentiometers, whose outputs are applied to the active summer. The potentiometer outputs are also applied to a separate buffer amplifier for subsequent application to the metering system.

Also included on the Input-Interface module is a series of metering amplifiers. One metering amplifier processes the selected sample in a peak-sensitive fashion for reading either program modulation or subcarrier injection. This amplifier has a calibration control, a phase-splitter, and a full-wave peak-sensitive rectifier. The rectifier output is applied to a DC amplifier for application to the panel meter. Adjustable meter acceleration and zeroing controls are included in this amplifier.

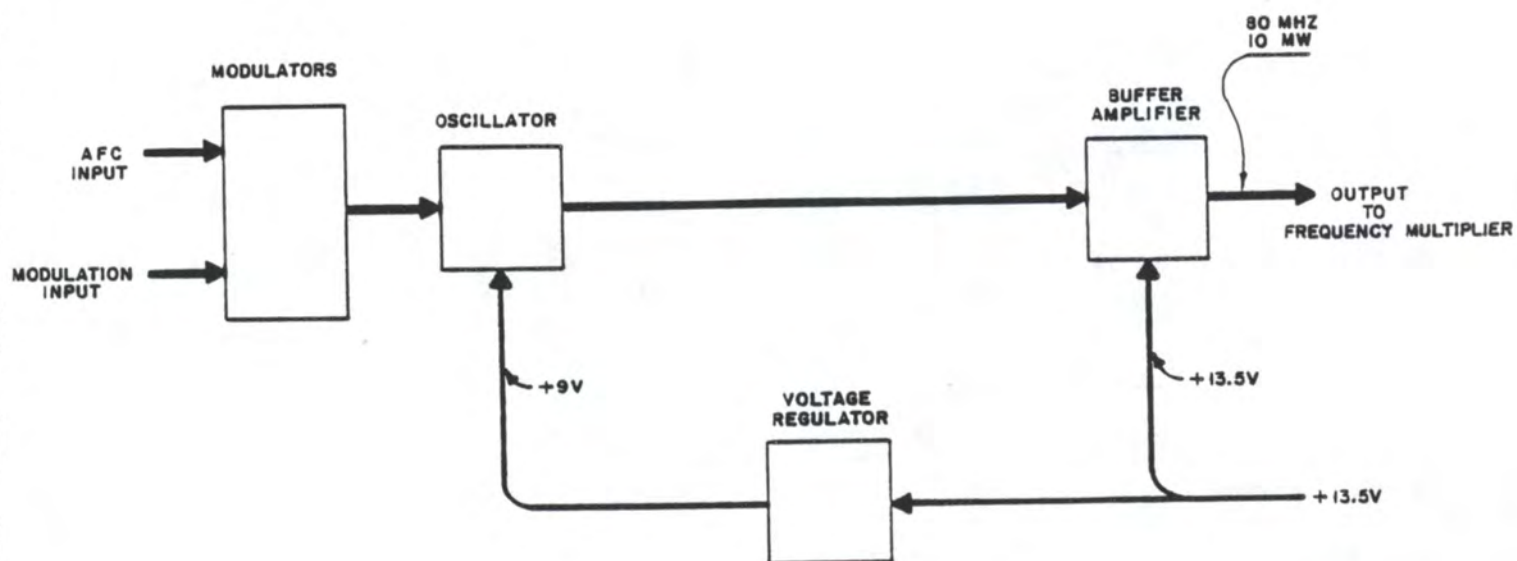
A second metering amplifier buffers the AFC voltage for application to an external meter movement. A third amplifier buffers the forward power sample. A fourth amplifier buffers this same sample and allows its application to an external meter.

The external meters referred to here are those involved in remotely controlling the PCL-505 transmitter. For further information on this, see the section headed "Remote Control of the STL Transmitter."

#### 6.1.2 Modulated Oscillator

The total modulation output from the summing amplifier on the Input-Interface module is applied to the frequency-modulated oscillator, shown in block diagram form in Figure 9.

A low-noise oscillator is frequency-modulated by a pair of varactor diodes. One of these modulators is used for frequency control and the other is used for program modulation. Subcarrier modulation, if used, is merely summed with the program modulation.



# PCL-505 TRANSMITTER FREQUENCY-MODULATED OSCILLATOR

( MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 9



The output of the oscillator is applied to an amplifier. The buffer amplifier operates from 13.5 volts while the oscillator and program modulator bias operate from a regulator whose output is 9 volts. The primary purpose of this regulator is noise reduction.

The output of this module, in the region of 80 MHz and a power level of about 12 milliwatts, is applied to the frequency multiplier.

#### 6.1.3 Frequency Multiplier

The output of the modulated oscillator is applied to the frequency multiplier, shown in block diagram form in Figure 10.

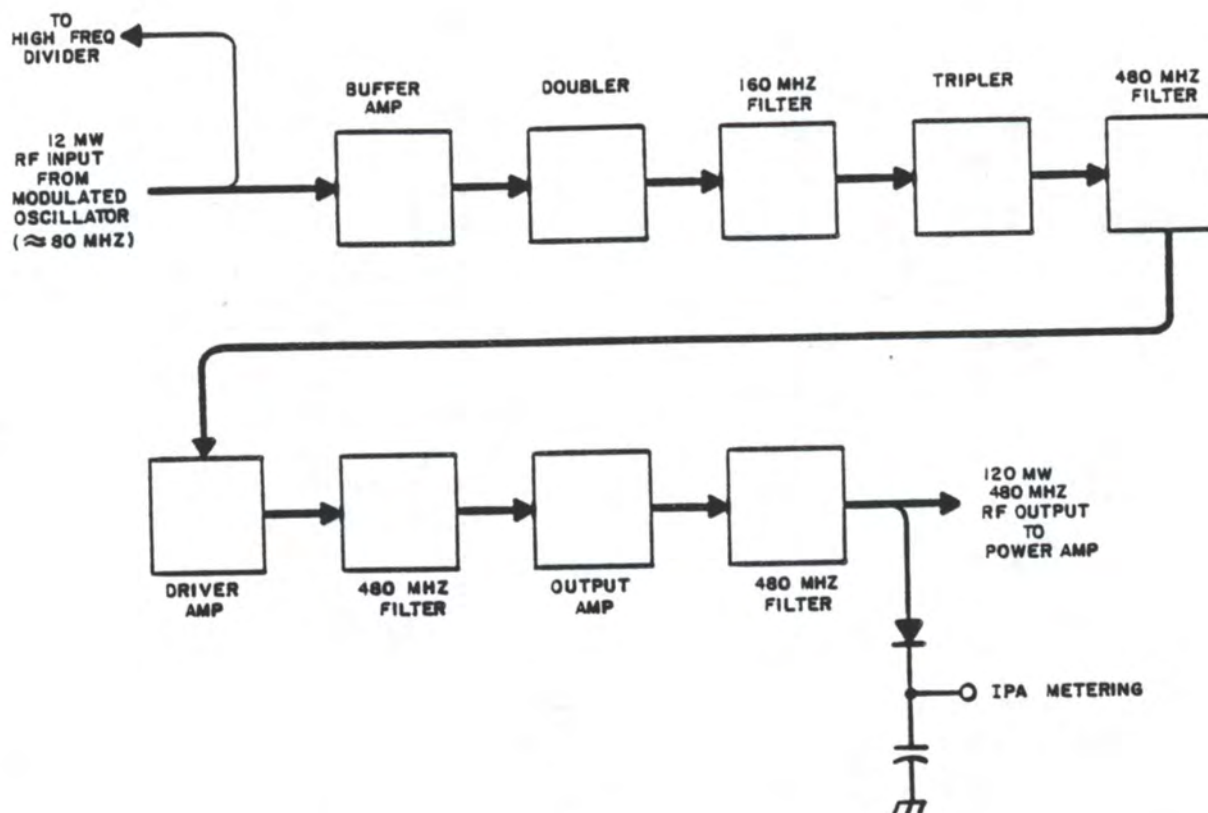
The first stage of this module is a buffer, followed by a doubler, tripler driver, and finally a power amplifier.

The RF output from this module is in the 485 MHz region at a typical power level of 120 milliwatts. It is applied to the power amplifier module. The RF output is also rectified by a diode and applied to the front-panel meter in the IPA position.

The input drive signal to the frequency multiplier is sampled and provides excitation to the AFC system.

#### 6.1.4 Power Amplifier (890-960 MHz)

The transmitter power amplifier (see Figure 11) accepts the 100 milliwatt 445-480 MHz signal from the buffer multiplier, doubles and amplifies it to a nominal 5 watts. The first stage is a doubler with input and output filtering and matching. The second and final stages are 890-960 MHz amplifiers. A nine section lowpass filter follows the final transistor to reduce all harmonics. Following the final RF amplifier filter is a dual directional coupler used to assist in the tune-up of the amplifier assembly and to provide drive to the panel meter.

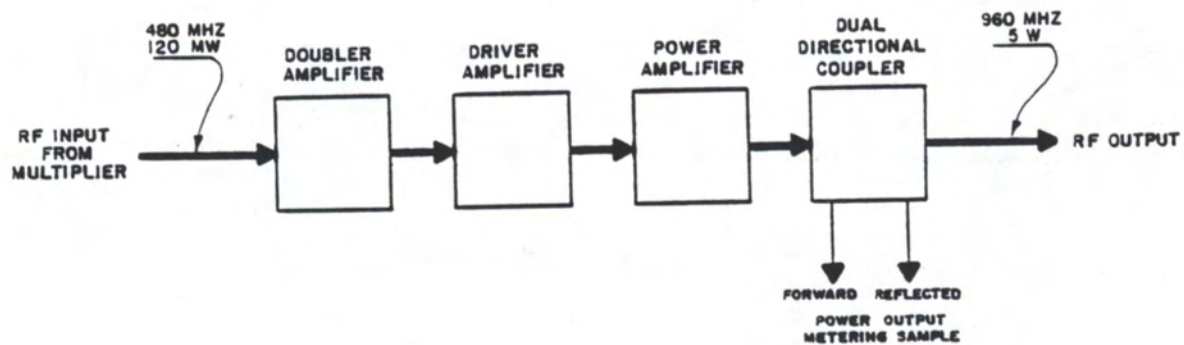


**PCL-505 TRANSMITTER MULTIPLIER**  
( MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 10

PCL-505, PCL-505/C  
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PCL-505 R F POWER AMPLIFIER  
( MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 11

PCL-505, PCL-505/C  
(Rev. 4/76)



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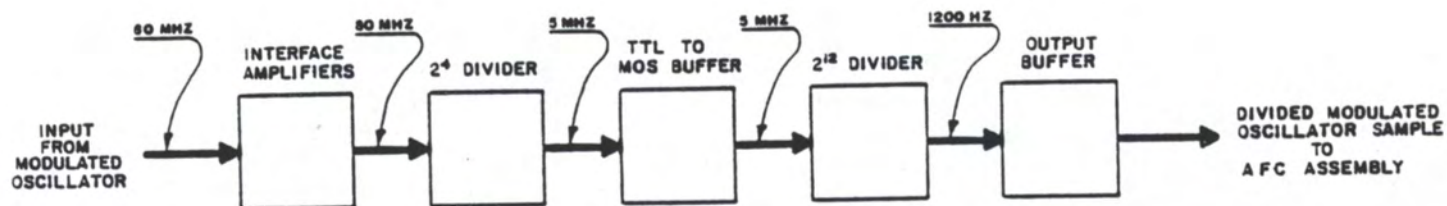
#### 6.1.6 High-Frequency Buffer and Divider

A sample of the modulated oscillator signal is taken from the input of the frequency multiplier and is applied to the High-Frequency Buffer and Divider module. The block diagram of this module is shown in Figure 12.

The first three stages of this module provide amplification and shaping to drive a high-frequency, integrated-circuit frequency divider. This divider accepts the amplified and shaped, modulated-oscillator signal and divides it by a factor of 16 down to the 5 MHz region.

This signal is applied to an amplifier which interfaces the high-frequency signal to a form acceptable to another divider, for further division down to the 1200 Hz region.

The output of this divider is applied to an output buffer amplifier which both drives the next stage of the AFC system and provides a metering sample.



PCL-505 HIGH-FREQUENCY BUFFER AND DIVIDER  
( MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 12

#### 6.1.7 AFC

The AFC module (see Figure 13) generates a stable reference signal in the 5 MHz region (carrier frequency divided by a factor of 192). The oscillator is crystal-controlled, with the crystal located in an oven which is proportionally controlled for best stability.

The reference signal is applied to an integrated-circuit frequency divider for division down to the 1200 Hz region. This 1200 Hz signal, along with the 1200 Hz signal from the divided-down modulated oscillator, is applied to an integrated-circuit phase detector. The output of the phase detector is applied to a 30 Hz low-pass filter to remove the 1200 Hz component present in its output, leaving only the DC frequency-correcting voltage. This voltage is applied to an active lag-compensation circuit for processing prior to application to the frequency-modulated oscillator. The output of the lag compensator is applied to the AFC input on the modulated oscillator for frequency stabilization.

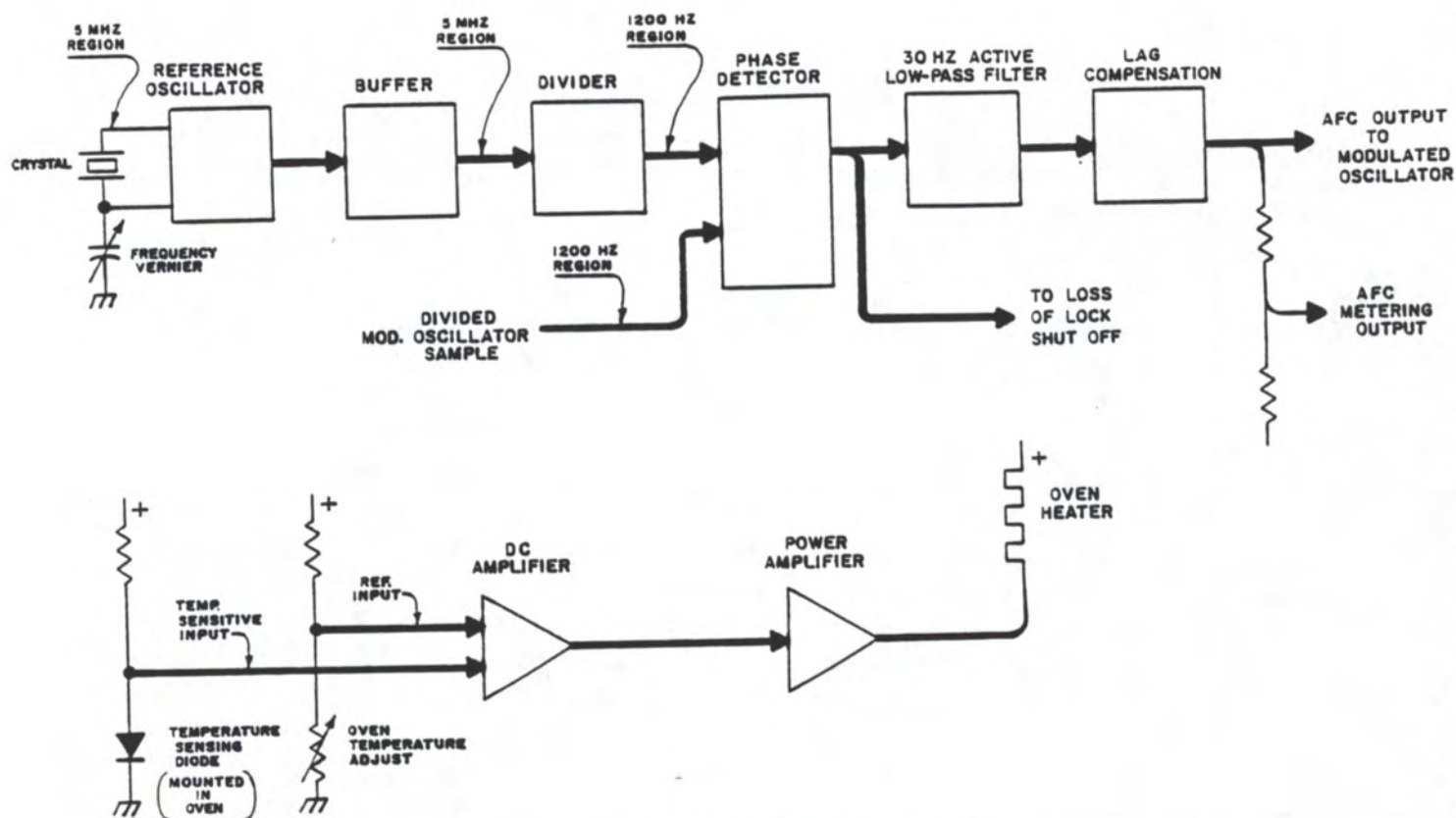
Note that the center frequency stability of the transmitter is determined by the 5 MHz oscillator; if the modulated oscillator should attempt to drift, the only effect will be a change in the AFC frequency-correcting voltage.

The oven temperature is sensed by a silicon diode mounted in the oven in contact with the heating element. A current is applied to this diode, and the voltage drop across it is compared with a voltage derived from a potentiometer. The output of this comparison amplifier is applied to a power amplifier which drives the oven heating element (resistor). The entire heating-control system operates on regulated DC and so is noise-free.

#### 6.1.8 Power Supply

The block diagram of the power supply for the PCL-505 is shown in Figure 14.

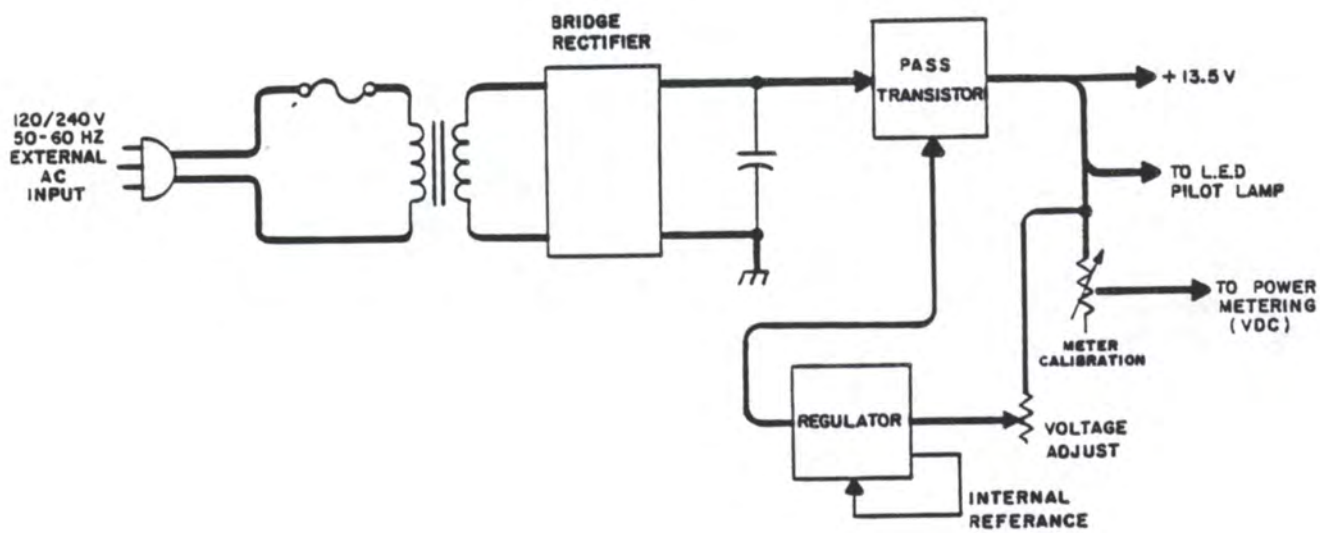
Primary AC power is applied to the power transformer via an appropriate fuse. A bridge rectifier on the secondary provides unregulated DC which is applied to a series regulator. This regulator has current limiting and adjustable output voltage.



PCL-505 AUTOMATIC FREQUENCY CONTROL  
(MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE)

FIGURE 13



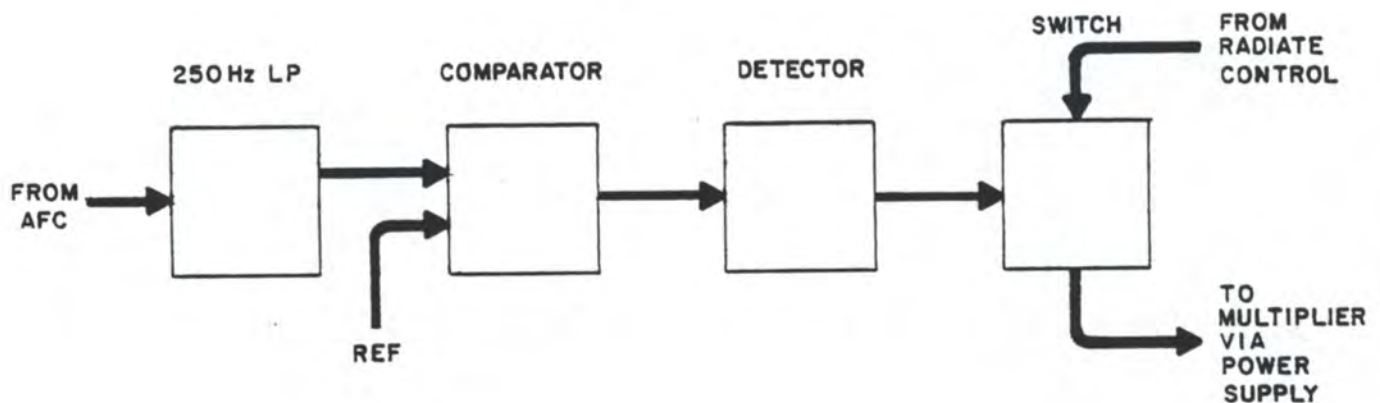


PCL-505 POWER SUPPLY REGULATOR  
( MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 14

### 6.1.9 LOSS OF LOCK SHUT OFF

The function of this circuit (see below) is to remove the 13.5 volt Direct Current (DC) from the Multiplier Driver which in turn turns off the RF output power. The circuit is comprised of four (4) subcircuits. The first is an active 250 Hz low-pass filter which passes the beat note from the AFC when the Frequency Modulated Oscillator (FMO) becomes unlocked from the AFC Reference Oscillator. The second is a comparator which amplifies the beat note when it is greater in amplitude than the pre-set comparator level. The third is a detector which changes the beat note to DC. The fourth is a clamp switch which removes the DC drive from the base of a series gate transistor on the DC regulator printed-circuit board which in turn removes the 13.5 volts DC from the Multiplier Driver.



Also included on this module are miscellaneous control and metering components.

## 6.2 Receiver (890-960 MHz)

The block diagram of the PCL-505 receiver is shown in Figure 16. Individual module block diagrams are shown in Figures 17 through 25.

### 6.2.1 Input Bandpass Filter

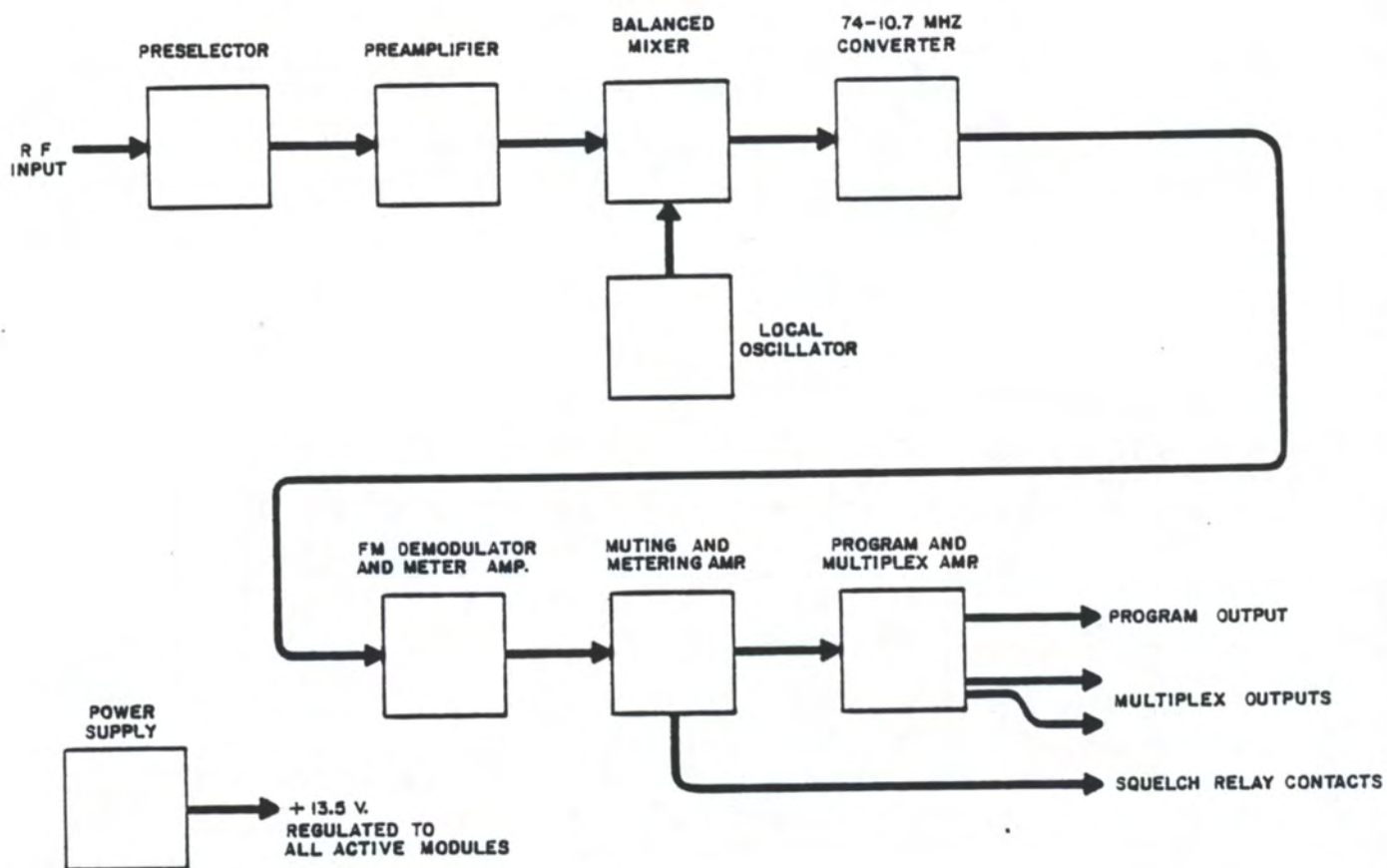
The input to the PCL-505 receiver is applied to a bandpass filter (see Figure 17). This filter is down 3 dB at about 30 MHz from the carrier frequency and is down 50 dB at about 120MHz from the carrier frequency. The input and output impedances of this filter are 50 $\Omega$ .

### 6.2.2 RF Preamplifier

The output of the filter is applied to a preamplifier (see Figure 18). This amplifier has a 4 dB noise figure and provides about 12 dB of gain at the operating frequency. Input and output impedances are 50 $\Omega$ .

### 6.2.3 Balanced Mixer

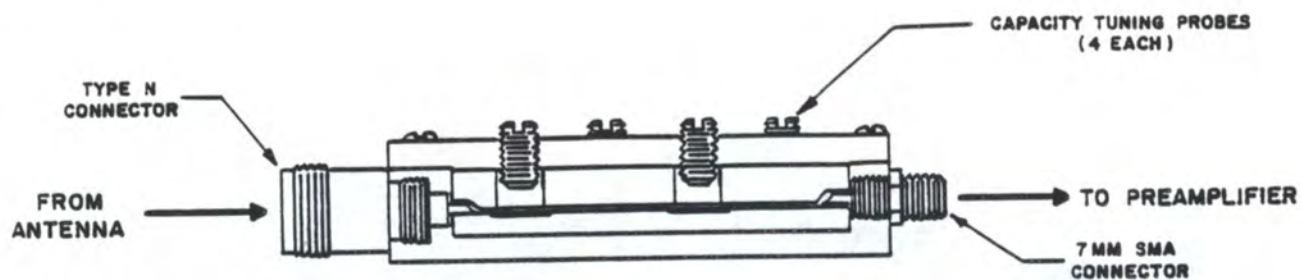
The output of the preamplifier is applied to the third module, a balanced mixer (see Figure 19). This mixer provides conversion to the 74 MHz first I.F. Immediately following the mixer proper is a single tuned circuit at 74 MHz and then a low-noise I.F. amplifier. Two more tuned circuits at 74 MHz, a high-gain I.F. amplifier, and then another pair of tuned circuits complete this module. The output is at 50 $\Omega$ .



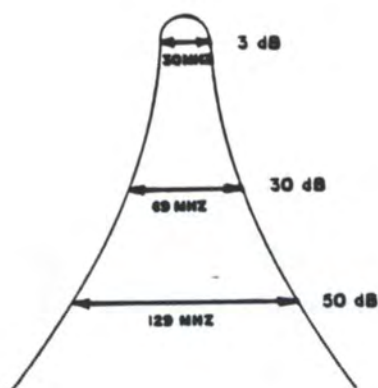
PCL-505 RECEIVER BLOCK DIAGRAM  
( 890-960 MHZ MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 16



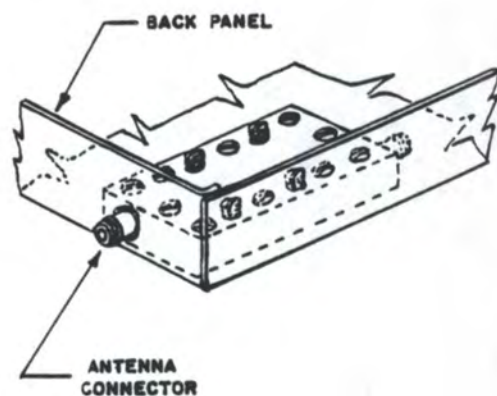


PCL-505 RF PRESELECTOR  
(890-960 MHz)  
(MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE)

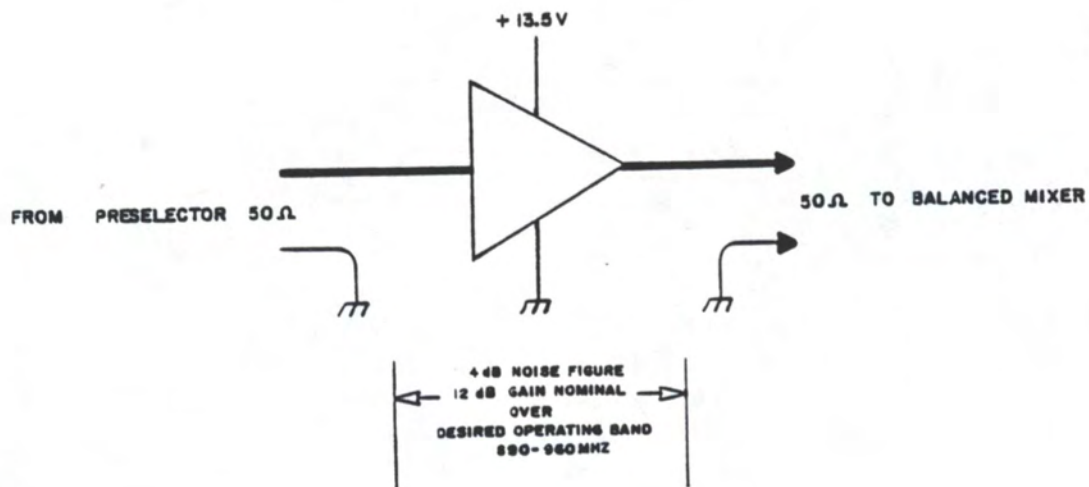


TYPICAL RESPONSE  
(890-960 MHz)

FIGURE 17

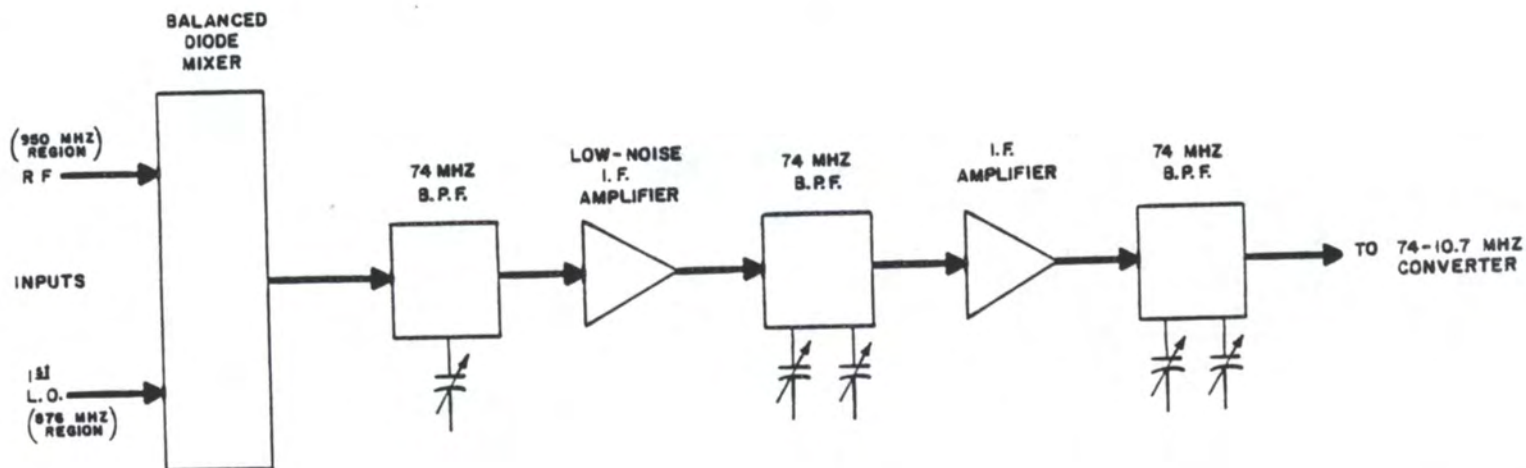


PRESELECTOR LOCATION



PCL-505 RECEIVER  
ON-FREQUENCY R F PREAMPLIFIER  
( MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 18



PCL-505 BALANCED MIXER (FIRST)  
( 890-960 MHZ MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 19

#### 6.2.4 Local Oscillator (890-960 MHz)

Excitation to the first mixer and local-oscillator input port is provided by the Local Oscillator module (see Figure 20). This module uses a crystal in the 50 to 55 MHz region. A quadrupler provides drive to the 217 MHz bandpass filter. The output of this filter is applied to a doubler, a 435 MHz bandpass filter, another doubler, and finally an 870 MHz bandpass filter. The output of this final filter is in the 3 to 5 milliwatt range at an impedance of 50Ω.

#### 6.2.5 74 - 10.7 MHz Converter

The 74 MHz output from the balanced mixer is applied to an integrated-circuit second mixer (see Figure 21) for conversion to 10.7 MHz. Oscillator injection is provided by a crystal oscillator contained within the same module. This oscillator operates at a fixed frequency of 63.3 MHz. The desired 10.7 MHz output from the mixer is extracted by an L-C bandpass filter which is responsible for the basic selectivity of the receiver. The output impedance of this converter module is 50Ω.

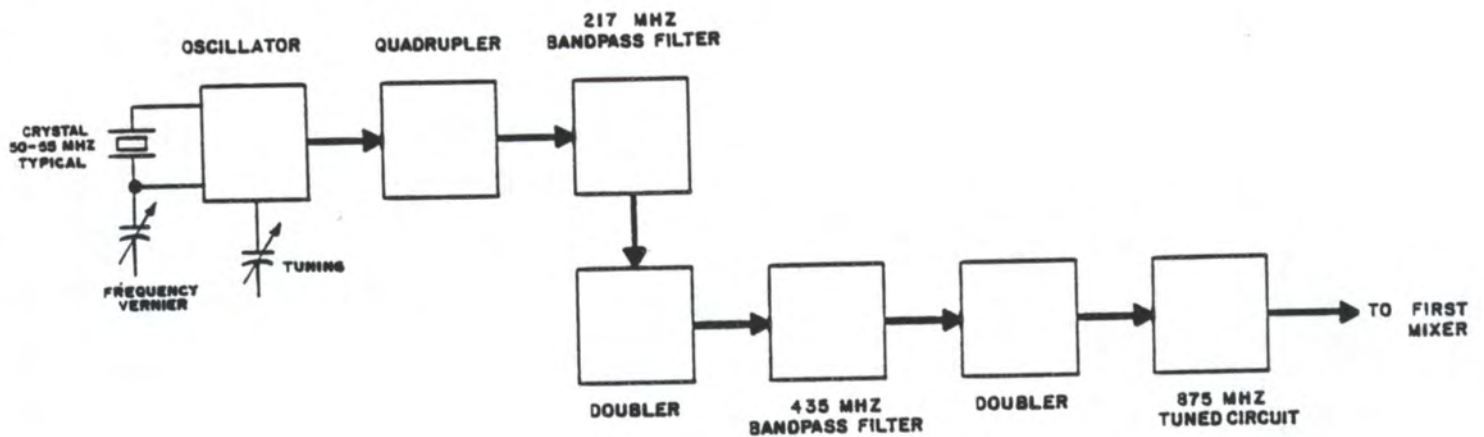
#### 6.2.6 FM Demodulator and Meter Amplifier

Due to the requirements of this circuit, it is not recommended that the detector be adjusted in the field. Field adjustments without the aid of a low-distortion FM signal generator and distortion analyzer is difficult. Transformer T1 should only be adjusted using a non-metallic tuning tool. Adjust T1 pink and blue slugs for maximum AF output from terminal 3 (AF) when observed on an oscilloscope. Adjust T1 blue slug for minimum distortion from terminal 3 (AF) when observed on a distortion analyzer.

#### 6.2.7 Metering and Muting

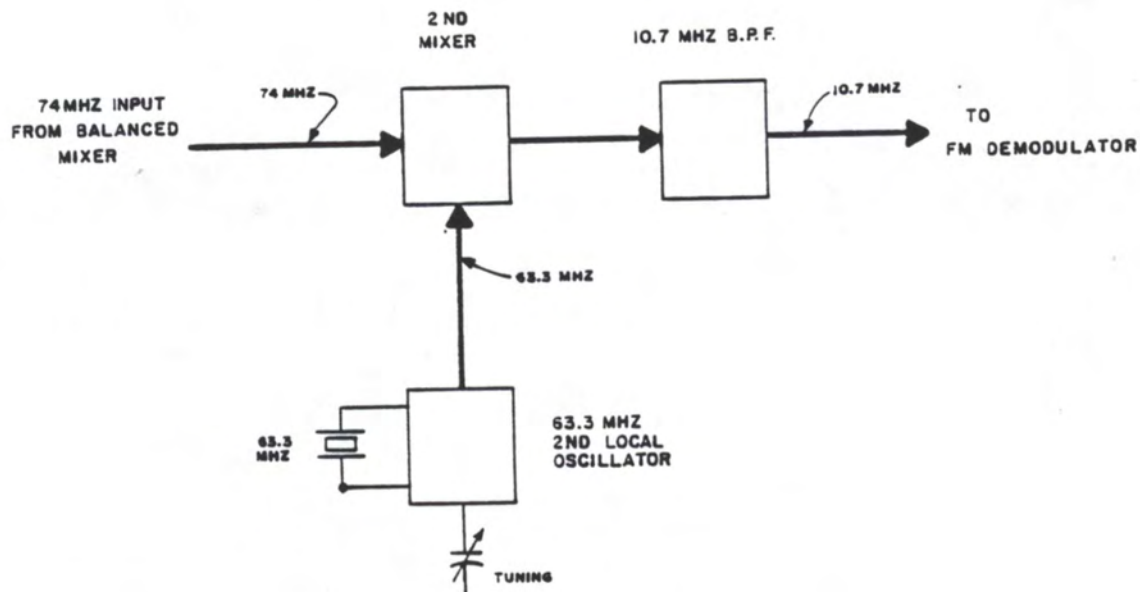
The baseband output from the FM demodulator is applied to a metering and muting module (see Figure 23). This assembly contains a peak-reading voltmeter which can be selected to read multiplex and program levels. It also contains a DC amplifier to operate an all-electronic muting system as well as a relay. The contacts from the relay are brought out to the rear of the receiver for alarm or fail-safe purposes. The output of the muting system is applied to the program and multiplex amplifier.





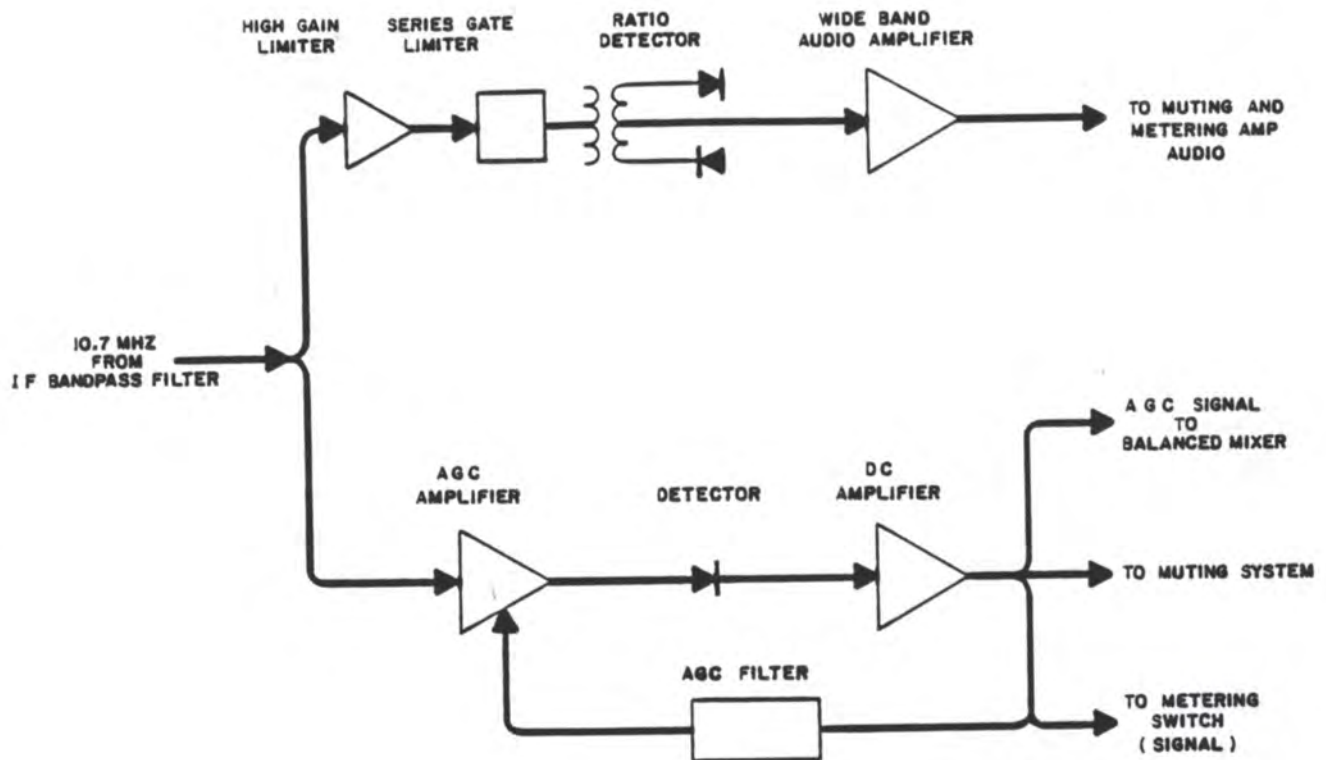
PCL-505 1<sup>st</sup> LOCAL OSCILLATOR  
( 890-960 MHZ MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 20



PCL- 505 74-10.7 MHZ CONVERTER  
( MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

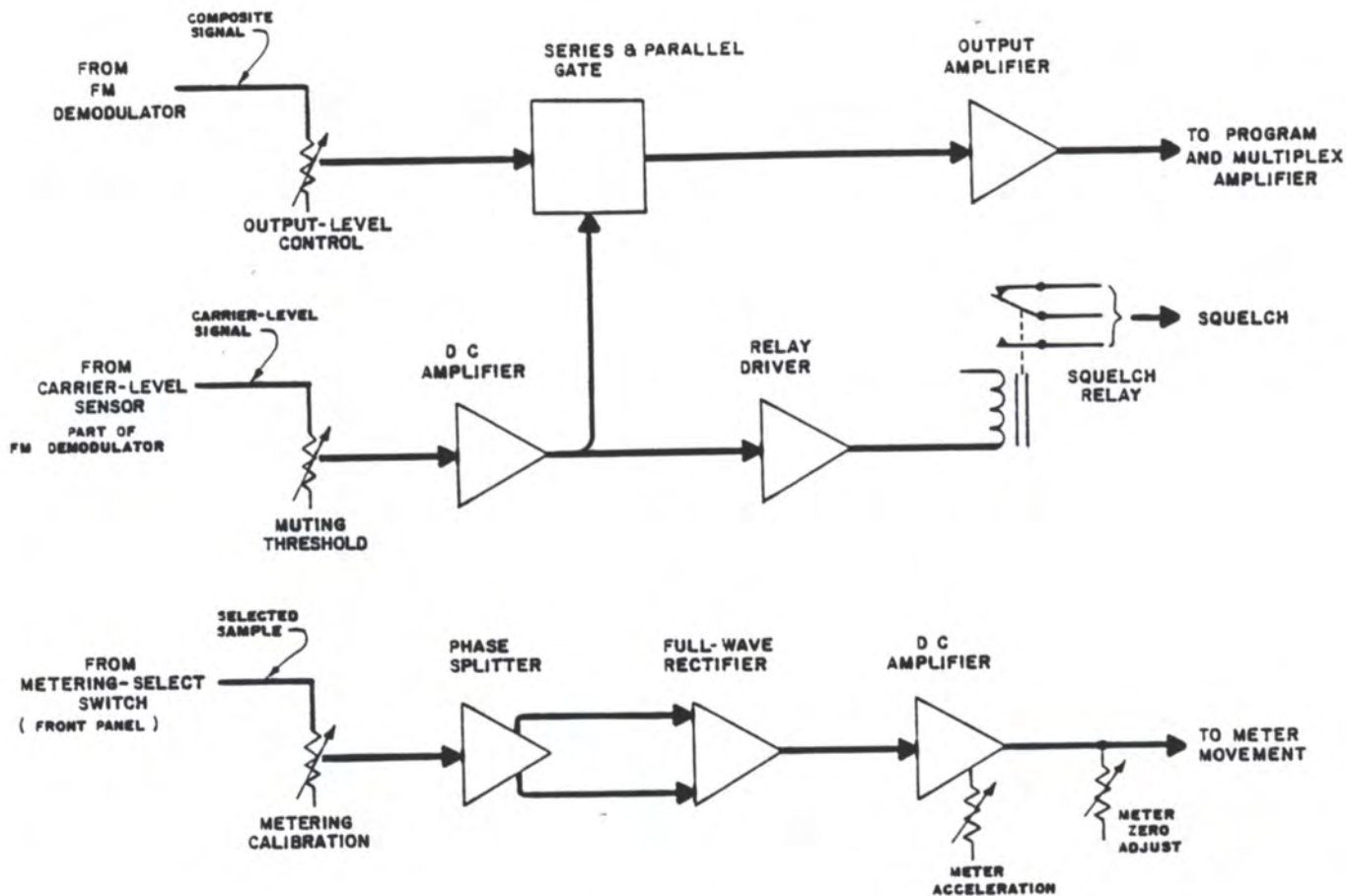
FIGURE 21



## PCL-505 DEMODULATOR AND METER AMPLIFIER

( MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 22



PCL-505 MUTING AND METERING AMPS  
( MONAURAL OR COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 23



#### 6.2.8 Program Amplifier

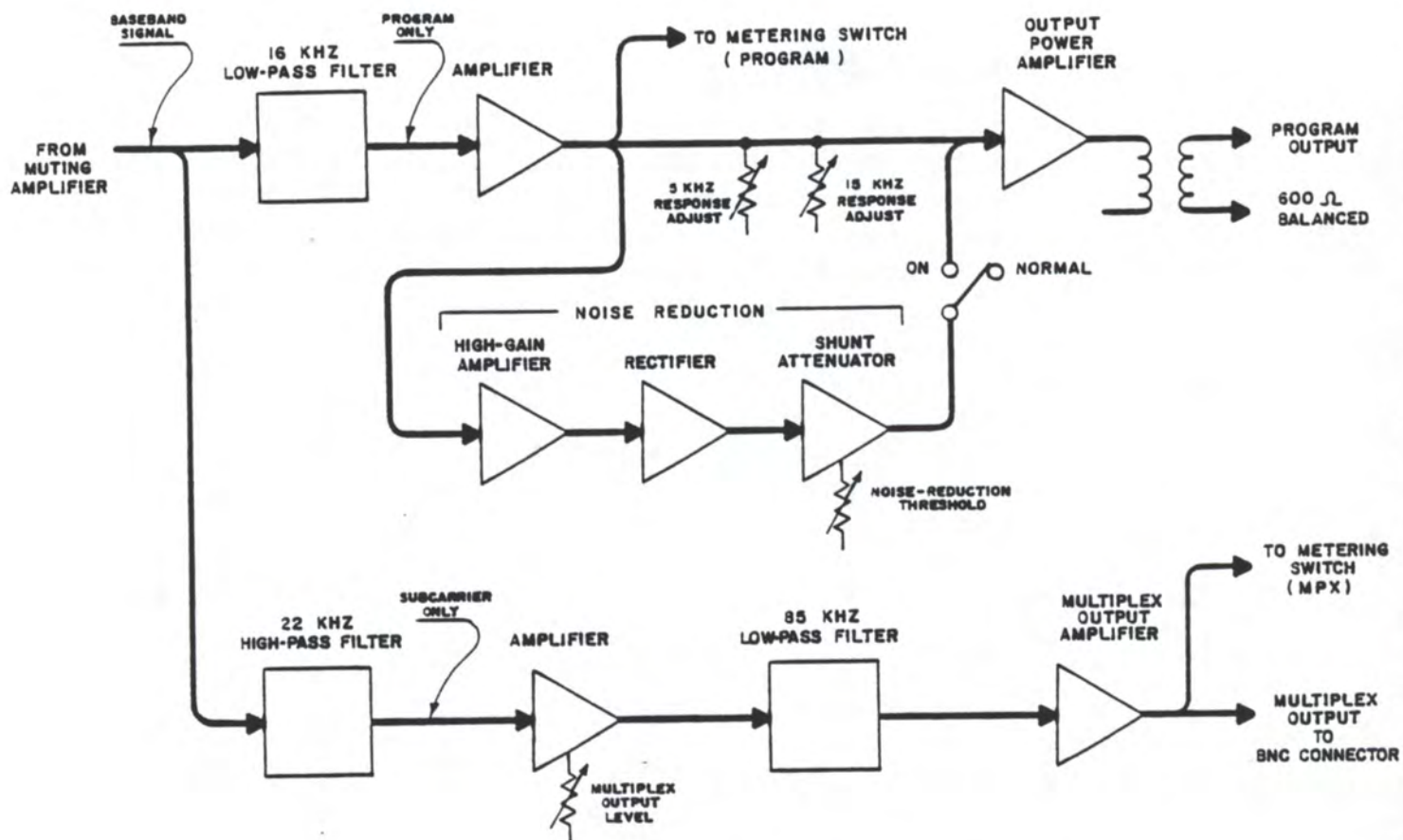
The monaural version of the program amplifier (shown in Figure 24) as used in the PCL-505 contains a 16 kHz low-pass filter whose purpose is to reject subcarriers above 22 kHz. Following this low-pass filter is an output amplifier with adjustable de-emphasis and automatic noise reduction. The de-emphasis adjustments allow the system frequency response to be tailored for extreme flatness. The automatic noise reduction circuit enhances the apparent signal-to-noise ratio, especially over extremely long paths or paths subject to moderate fading. It has no audible effect on the programming and is switch-defeatable. Note that all specifications for the PCL-505 are with this circuit defeated (disabled).

The program and multiplex amplifier assembly also contains a 22 kHz high-pass filter to reject program material below 16 kHz while passing subcarriers above 22 kHz. Following this high-pass filter is an adjustable-gain amplifier, an 85 kHz low-pass filter (to eliminate extremely high-frequency noise from the multiplex output), and an output buffer amplifier. The output of this buffer is applied to the output Type BNC connectors.

The composite version of the program amplifier (see Figure 25) as used in the PCL-505 contains special circuitry for processing the complete stereophonic signal. The first stage is a preamplifier with adjustable high-frequency boost. This stage compensates for the slight baseband response rolloff caused by the selectivity of the I.F. system. This set of equalizers compensates for system envelope delay distortion.

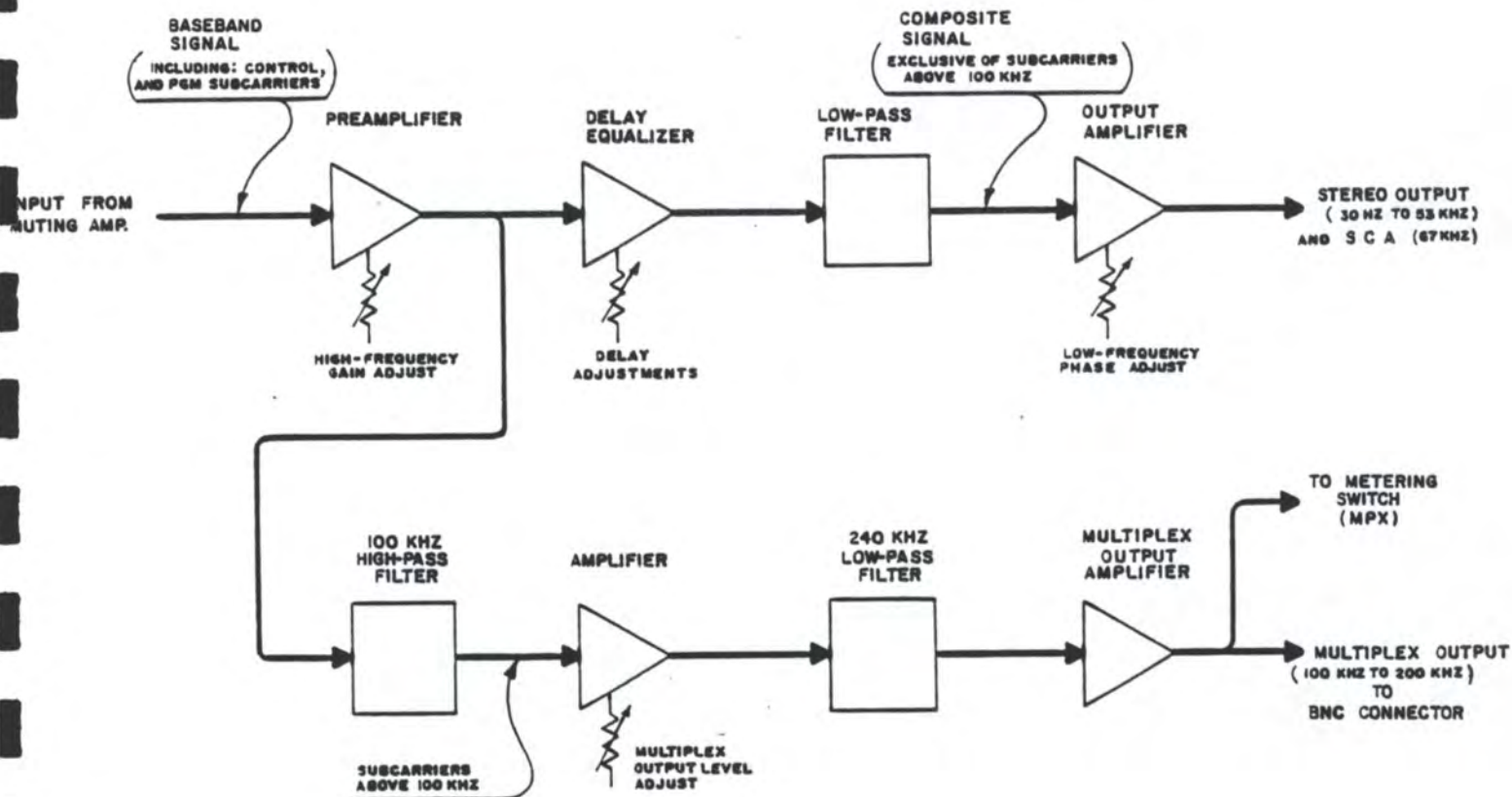
Following the delay equalizer system is the subcarrier-removing low-pass filter. After the filter is an amplifier with adjustable low-frequency phase correction. This stage allows compensation of low-end system phase errors. It drives the output amplifier whose output is applied to the output Type BNC connector.

The program and multiplex amplifier also contains a 100 kHz high-pass filter which removes stereophonic and 67 kHz SCA material from the multiplex output. Following the high-pass filter is an adjustable gain amplifier, a 240 kHz low-pass filter, and a multiplex output buffer amplifier. The output of this buffer is applied to the output Type BNC connectors.



PCL-505 PROGRAM AND MULTIPLEX AMPLIFIER  
( MONAURAL )

FIGURE 24



PCL- 505/C PROGRAM AND MULTIPLEX AMPLIFIER  
( COMPOSITE )

FIGURE 25



## 7. OPERATIONAL SUGGESTIONS

### 7.1 Recommended Standards and Data

#### Monaural--PCL-505:

Program Level	+10 dBm (sinusoid) 0 VU (complex) Note: these are low-frequency values, to be reduced as the audio frequency is raised.
---------------	---

Program Impedance	600 $\Omega$ , resistive, floating, balanced
-------------------	--

Control Subcarrier Frequency	26 kHz
------------------------------	--------

Control Subcarrier Level	Approximately 1.5 V P-P
--------------------------	-------------------------

Program Subcarrier Frequency	67 kHz
------------------------------	--------

Program Subcarrier Level	Approximately 1.5 V P-P
--------------------------	-------------------------

#### Dual Monaural (for stereo):

Program	See Monaural, above
---------	---------------------

Control Subcarrier Frequency	26 kHz
------------------------------	--------

Control Subcarrier Level	Approximately 1.5 V P-P
--------------------------	-------------------------

Control Subcarrier Link #	1
---------------------------	---

Program Subcarrier Frequency	67 kHz
------------------------------	--------

Program Subcarrier Level	Approximately 1.5 V P-P
--------------------------	-------------------------

Program Subcarrier Link #	2
---------------------------	---

#### Composite--PCL-505/C (single-link stereo):

Program Level	3.5 V P-P Note: this signal, which is the composite stereophonic waveform, should be measured only with a wide-band oscilloscope
---------------	---

Program Impedance	Approx. 10K $\Omega$ (transmitter) Approx. 1K $\Omega$ (receiver)
-------------------	--

Control Subcarrier Frequency	110 kHz
------------------------------	---------

Control Subcarrier Level	Approximately 1.5 V P-P
--------------------------	-------------------------

Program Subcarrier Frequency	185 kHz
------------------------------	---------

Program Subcarrier Level	Approximately 1.5 V P-P
--------------------------	-------------------------



## 7.2 Program Levels

The normal level required for full modulation of a PCL-505 monaural transmitter (or for each transmitter in a dual system) is +10 dBm. This is the level normally required for full modulation using a sine wave at low audio frequencies. Complex waves, such as speech and music, will indicate much lower on an ordinary effective or RMS meter such as the VU-type. Furthermore, the level required for full modulation decreases as the audio frequency rises. This is due to the pre-emphasis circuitry in the transmitter.

NOTE: THE ACTUAL MODULATION OF THE STL TRANSMITTER IS INDICATED BY THE FRONT PANEL METER. THIS METER IS FULL-WAVE PEAK-SENSITIVE, AND IS LOCATED AFTER THE PRE-EMPHASIS CIRCUITRY.

The modulation of the STL transmitter should be controlled by a limiter, preferably one of the frequency-conscious types. This limiter may be preceded by an audio AGC system at the discretion of the individual station. The recommended method of adjustment of this chain of equipment is as follows:

- a) Adjust the AGC input level controls. This is best done by using some form of actual program material. Adjust the control until the AGC unit is operating in the middle of its intended range.

In stereo systems, adjust both of the AGC input level controls until the AGC units are operating in the middle of their intended range without any stereo interconnection. It would be best to use actual program material, and preferably a source which is balanced level-wise or else a monaural source with identical material in each channel. After the input level controls have been adjusted, reapply the stereo interconnection.

- b) The remaining adjustments will all be made using a steady 400 Hz sine wave for the test material. It is assumed that the output of the AGC unit is connected to the limiter, and the limiter output is connected to the PCL-505 program input. In stereo systems, two identical audio chains will be involved.

- c) Adjust the output of the AGC unit to some standard level. Using the test tone, set the AGC output level to +10 dBm.

For stereo systems, adjust both AGC unit outputs to the same level.

- d) Adjust the limiter input control. Using the test tone, adjust the limiter input control for a satisfactory degree of limiting as read on the limiter panel meter.

In stereo systems, adjust both of the limiter input level controls until the limiters are operating with the desired degree of limiting without the stereo interconnection. The limiting activity may be read on the limiter panel meters. After the limiter input level controls have been adjusted, reapply the stereo interconnection.

- e) Adjust the limiter output level control. Adjust the control for an indication of "0" on the PCL-505 panel meter in the program position.

In stereo systems, adjust each limiter output level for a reading of "0" on the corresponding STL program level meter.

- f) In composite systems where the stereo generator (such as the Moseley Associates SCG-9) is located at the studio, the limiter outputs are set in a slightly different manner. Disable the audio input to one of the limiters. Then set the output level of the remaining limiter for an indication of "0" on the stereo generator output meter. This sets the level for one channel. Now follow the same process for the other channel.

### 7.3 Subcarrier Levels

In STL subcarrier systems, control or program signals are generated at the control point or studio. The subcarriers, in turn, are applied to the STL transmitter. The modulation of the



subcarrier by the control tone or program is commonly called "deviation" of the subcarrier. The modulation of the STL by the subcarrier is commonly termed "injection" of the subcarrier onto the link. The PCL-505 is designed for subcarrier injections of 10% to        It will be found that the control systems need less than the program systems; the program systems are more demanding, particularly in the area of signal-to-noise ratio. The panel meter on the PCL-505 is factory calibrated to read percent injection on the lower scale when the MPX push button on the front panel is depressed. This should be coincident with a subcarrier input to the multiplex connector of about 1.5 volts peak-to-peak. At the same time, the PCL-505 receiver should deliver about the same output.

Filters in the PCL-505 are used to separate the program and subcarrier signals. For this reason, be sure to use a subcarrier in an appropriate frequency region when testing is performed. Monaural links will pass subcarriers in the 22 kHz to 85 kHz region, while the composite links are designed to pass 100 kHz to 240 kHz. Subcarrier frequencies above 185 kHz are not recommended for systems operating under FCC regulations.

#### 7.4 Proof of Performance--PCL-505

There are three primary areas to be considered in measuring the performance of the STL:

1. Frequency response
2. Distortion
3. Signal-to-Noise ratio

Other items to be considered are cross talk into subcarriers (if used), transmitter power output, and receiver sensitivity. In addition, the composite PCL-505/C must be tested in a manner to insure passage of the stereophonic waveform. The requirements for the PCL-505/C are noticeably different from those of the monaural PCL-505, and will be covered separately.

Presented here are suggestions for proving the performance of the PCL-505. In this discussion, only the link will be considered; preceeding and subsequent apparatus (excepting test equipment) will be left out of these suggested procedures.

PCL-505, PCL-505/C  
(Rev. 4/76)

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In measuring the frequency response of the STL, it should be remembered that pre- and de-emphasis are incorporated into the link to enhance the signal-to-noise ratio. Because of this, the STL cannot be truly considered as a "piece of wire." The transmitter modulator and the receiver demodulator have limited signal handling capability. Taken as a system, the link will display the following characteristics:

- a) At low modulating levels (as for example 20 dB below normal) the frequency response of the system and the receiver output capability will both be flat.
- b) At higher modulating levels the audio distortion will increase somewhat, due primarily to the selectivity in the receiver.
- c) At still higher modulating levels the audio may actually be clipped, due primarily to overload in the transmitter or receiver audio processing circuitry. In addition, the receiver output level will fall off. The receiver program output level capability is similar to the de-emphasis curve used in the receiver.

These points should be kept in mind when running a proof of performance. If it is observed at any time that either the STL transmitter or the STL receiver program-level metering is indicating beyond the "0" mark, then the modulation level must be reduced by reducing the input to the STL transmitter.

It is undesirable to constantly change the level of an audio generator when running tests. To keep the modulation constant, a de-emphasis network may be connected between the audio generator and the STL transmitter. Such a network will automatically reduce the audio level as the frequency is raised. However, the receiver output level will fall off as the audio frequency is increased, and a comparison with a de-emphasis chart will be required to enable a system response measurement.

A simpler and more commonly used method of testing the frequency response of the STL is to merely reduce the audio level by several dB (deliberately undermodulate) and then make



the assumption that the link is a "piece of wire." This assumption cannot be made at full modulation levels. It is suggested that the audio level be reduced 20 dB for frequency response measurements. It will be found that this expedites frequency response measurement.

Distortion measurements should always be made at full modulation. Regardless of the audio frequency being used, deviate the transmitter fully (to the "0" mark on the transmitter modulation meter). Notice that when this is done that output level from the receiver will be lower at the higher modulating frequencies. For this reason, the distortion meter must have its input level control reset at each audio test frequency.

The signal-to-noise ratio is very simple to measure, but a few pitfalls may obscure the true reading. Establish a reference level in the system by modulating the transmitter with a test tone in the low-audio-frequency region, such as 400 Hz. Observe that the level required will be about +10 dBm, and more importantly, that the STL receiver output level will be at +10 dBm. When this test tone is removed, the remaining signal observed at the receiver output will be noise.

It has been observed that the residual noise output from the STL is sometimes masked by locally-generated interference (such as an AM broadcast transmitter in the vicinity of the test equipment) or by a ground loop, typically in the STL receiver/test equipment combination. It is sometimes helpful to ground the "low" side of the test equipment at one or both sites if the noise is observed to be power line related hum.

AM broadcast interference is best reduced by filtering particularly by using bypass capacitors across the program lines or between these lines and chassis ground.

If the noise is observed to be high-frequency hiss, it is probable that the receiver is receiving an inadequate signal. A review of the antenna installation and/or path engineering would probably be in order.

## 7.5 Proof of Performance--PCL-505/C

The basic requirements for the PCL-505/C composite STL are similar in nature to those for the PCL-505 monaural STL, but certain additional tests must be made. These extra tests are due to the more severe requirements placed on the STL in order that it may handle the composite stereo waveform with minimal degradation.

Although frequency response and distortion tests can be made on the STL as such, they will be found to be relatively immaterial with regard to its intended purpose of passing stereo. Typically, the figures obtained by such simple tests will be good enough to tax the test equipment; only an actual stereo signal of proven integrity will truly prove the capability of the link.

The equivalent of the monaural STL frequency-response test is the stereo STL separation test. In order for the stereo signal to easily pass the stereo technical standards, the frequency response of the composite STL must be flat within about 0.2 dB from 30 Hz to 53 kHz; at the same time the time delay must be constant within about one-half microsecond. This is no simple task and is the reason for the equalizing circuitry in the PCL-505/C receiver.

Separation in the PCL-505/C is best measured by using an actual stereo generator of known good performance for a test signal. Apply an audio test tone to one channel of the generator at the normal level and observe the composite (wide-band) output from the PCL-505/C receiver, using a stereo monitor. For modulating frequencies from 30 Hz to 15 kHz the separation should easily comply with accepted stereophonic standards, providing the stereo generator used meets these standards. The separation right to left and left to right should be similar.

Note that this test requires a monitor which can read a baseband signal. If no such monitor is available, then the transmitter's exciter will have to be added onto the chain of equipment under test.

Distortion in the PCL-505/C is best tested by monitoring the cross talk generated in a stereo signal. Cross talk, as the term



is used in stereophonic broadcasting, measures unwanted frequencies in the L-R subcarrier channel (23 kHz to 53 kHz) which result from desired signals in the L+R channel (50 Hz to 15 kHz) as well as those frequencies appearing in the L+R channel caused by modulation in the L-R channel. While not generally recognized, cross talk is caused by both linear (vector) and nonlinear distortions in the system. As linear (vector) distortion is introduced only by phasing errors in the L and R audio channels prior to matrixing, the PCL-505/C cannot modify or alter these products. Nonlinear distortion, i.e. harmonic distortion, in the PCL-505/C system can degrade the cross-talk performance. To measure cross talk, both audio channels in the stereo generator are fed with the same test tone, in parallel (in phase) such that the subchannel component is suppressed. Then the stereo monitor is switched to read the level of the subchannel component. For modulating frequencies from 50 Hz to 15 kHz the subchannel component must be suppressed more than 40 dB.

Note that when the monitor is switched to read the stereo sub-channel, it is reading harmonics of the main channel, appearing in the 23 kHz to 53 kHz region. In addition, it is responding to any subchannel feedthrough from the stereo generator, a form of vector cross talk. The 38 kHz switching-signal may also be present.

For the second part of the cross talk test, the stereo generator audio channels are fed in opposition (out of phase) with the same test tone such that the main channel component is suppressed. Then the stereo monitor is switched to read the level of the main channel component. For modulating frequencies from 50 Hz to 15 kHz, the main channel component must be suppressed more than 40 dB. Note that when the monitor is switched to read the main channel that it is responding to intermodulation components originating within the L-R channel. In addition, it is responding to any main channel feedthrough from the stereo generator, a form of vector (or linear) cross talk.



The signal-to-noise ratio of the PCL-505/C may be measured using any of three different systems:

- a) Measuring the signal-to-noise ratio of the wide-band output;
- b) Measuring the signal-to-noise ratio of the wide-band output; with de-emphasis added to the measuring voltmeter;
- c) Connecting the wide-band output to a stereo demodulator (monitor) and measuring the signal-to-noise ratio of a demodulated audio channel.

Of these three, it appears that the second method is the simplest to implement and yields consistent, meaningful results.

### 7.6 Cross Talk into Subcarriers

Cross talk into subcarriers may be tested by using a test tone on the program or main channel while measuring the signal-to-noise ratio of the demodulated subcarrier. For this test, be sure the subcarrier injection is correct. Then modulate the subcarrier generator with a low audio frequency such as 400 Hz. Measure the audio output from the subcarrier demodulator. This level will be the standard level. In the case of the Moseley Associates Model SCD-8, this should be +10 dBm. When the test tone is removed from the subcarrier generator, the residual signal from the subcarrier demodulator will be noise. When the main channel of the STL is modulated, it will generally be observed that this noise level will increase; the signal-to-noise ratio will decrease. Cross talk levels measured with steady state tones are usually higher than when measured with normal program content. Main channel to subcarrier cross talk measured during normal main channel programming is typically 50 dB below the standard level.

To measure subcarrier to main channel cross talk, apply the normally modulated subcarrier to the STL with no main channel program. Subcarrier signals appearing in the main channel output must be at least 60 dB below normal main channel program audio output.

### 7.7 Composite Receiver to Exciter Interface

The composite STL receiver output must be carefully connected to the wide-band input on the FM exciter. The interconnection must be made with shielded wire (small coaxial cable). Attenuation of the composite signal, if needed, should be done right at the exciter, preferably inside any shielded enclosure. A third point of which the installer should be aware is the possibility of a ground loop.



This will manifest itself as apparently unavoidable power line related hum. Either the receiver or the transmitter exciter may be operated from an isolation transformer should this occur. If this offers no relief, then an isolation transformer must be wide-band such as a 600Ω to 600Ω high-fidelity or a suitable telephone line repeat coil. Such a transformer should not be needed in exciters using a differential amplifier input stage.

### 7.8 Remote Control of the STL Transmitter

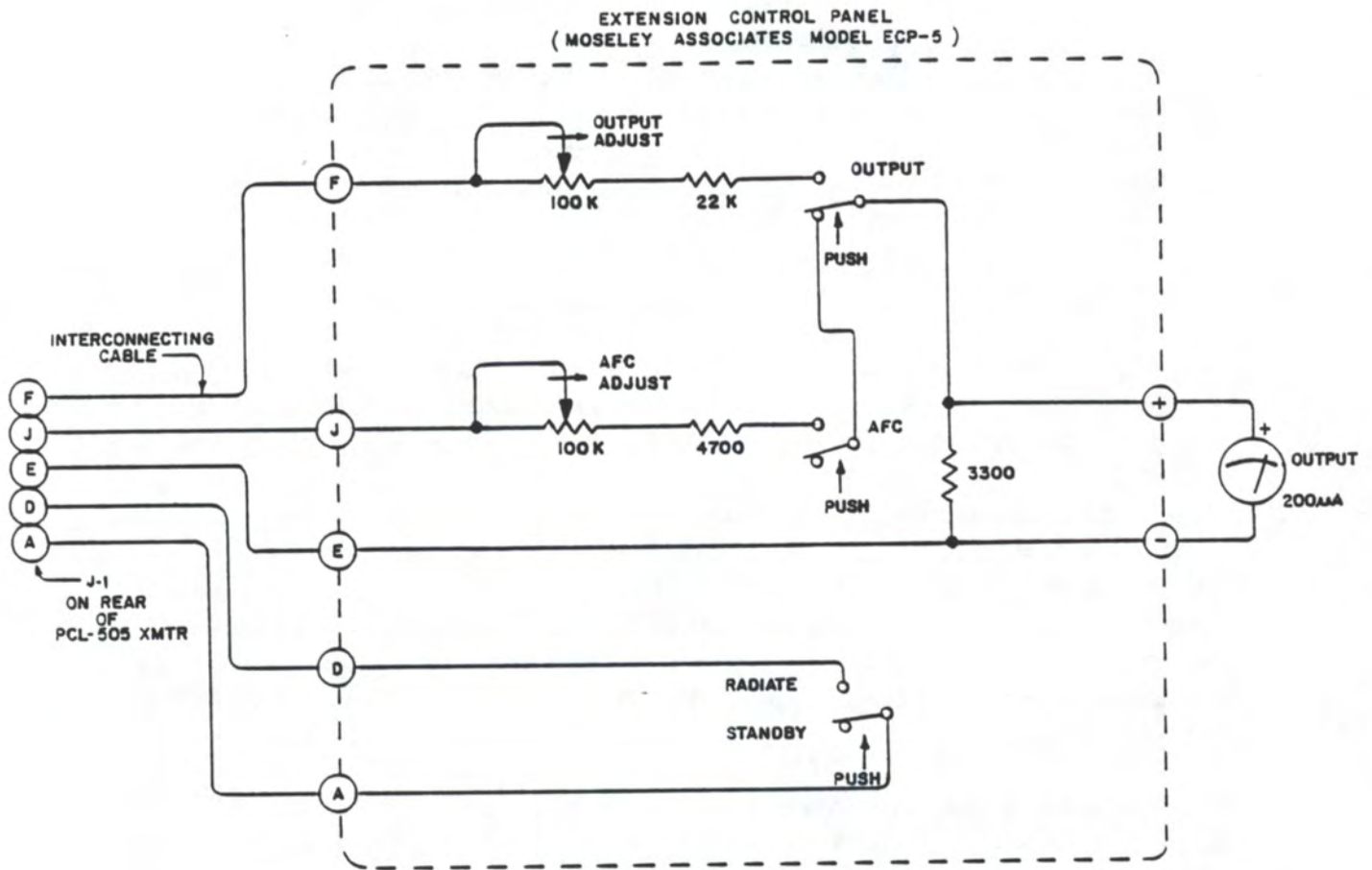
The PCL-505 transmitter has been designed to be operated by remote control. Radiate/standby control capability, as well as metering outputs for power and AFC, are built in.

Figure 26 shows the interconnections required for remote control of the transmitter. All connections to the transmitter are made via J1 on the rear of the unit. The interconnecting cable should have not more than a few thousand ohms resistance per conductor. The panel itself is shown schematically; this entire assembly is available from Moseley Associates as the Model ECP-5 Extension Control Panel.

The Radiate/Standby switch will place the transmitter in a radiating condition when closed. It is electrically interconnected with the control switch on the transmitter itself. The AFC and Output meters give relative indications of these two parameters. The two calibration potentiometers are set to give a suitable meter deflection, as for example, half-scale.

### 7.9 Adjustment Guides

Various adjustments have been provided in the PCL-505 to allow realistic manufacturing tolerances and to provide operational flexibility. The settings of these adjustments should not be altered unless it has been determined that an apparent problem will be resolved by resetting a specific control. The locations of adjustments, as well as related test points and plug-in components, are shown in the following series of adjustment guide drawings.



EXTENSION CONTROL PANEL CONNECTIONS

FIGURE 26

Should measuring equipment indicate that there is a problem in the system, and further should this trouble be positively traced to the PCL-505, then readjustment may be in order. In any case, controls should not be reset unless it is quite certain that a specific problem will be solved by a specific readjustment. A description of the various controls is given here to assist the operator with the proper test equipment to correct misadjustment. These controls are internal to the receiver and routine readjustment ("tweaking") is discouraged.

The following descriptions of the PCL-505 transmitter internal controls are with reference to drawing 21A2503 (for the composite, monaural, and dual versions).

**+13.5V REGULATOR ADJUST** - While monitoring the 13.5 volt line with an external voltmeter, set the +13.5V regulator adjustment control for a reading of +13.5 volts DC.

**+VDC METER CALIB.** - Depress the "+VDC" switch and adjust the +VDC METER CALIB. control for a front-panel meter reading of 13.5 on the lower scale.

**OVEN TEMPERATURE ADJUST** - This control allows adjustment of the proportional oven temperature. It is set for a reading of 3.7 to 4.3 volts DC at the oven heater pin 3, located inside the AFC subassembly, and chassis (chassis ground).

This reading

should be taken after the temperature (and therefore the voltage has reached a stable value at room ambient. This will take about four or five minutes. If readjustment is necessary, it should be accomplished only in small increments with time given to allow restabilization.

**AFC ADJUST (COURSE)** - This control sets the free-running frequency of the modulated oscillator. The front-panel AFC ADJUST control should first be set to the middle of its range. While monitoring the AFC switch position, set the internal AFC ADJUST control slowly until "lock" is achieved as indicated by the meter going to the midscale position. Confirm AFC lock by operating the front-panel AFC ADJUST potentiometer and observing that the meter follows the rotation of the potentiometer. Return the potentiometer to the center of its range.



The following controls are all located in the Multiplier Module:

DOUBLER TUNING; TRIPLER TUNING; BUFFER TUNING; OUTPUT TUNING - These controls are all tuned by monitoring the IPA DRIVE meter position and tuning for maximum meter deflection.

The following controls are located within the Power Amplifier module:

Power Amplifier, the two DOUBLER INPUT TUNE controls are adjusted for approximately 0.5 VDC across R701. Adjust DOUBLER OUTPUT TUNE and DRIVER INPUT TUNE for 0.1 to 0.5 VDC across R702. This voltage is somewhat a function of the tuning of the following stage. Adjust FINAL OUTPUT TUNE and the two FINAL OUTPUT TUNE adjustments for maximum output as indicated on the front panel meter.

FORWARD POWER METER CALIB. - This control is set to read "0" dB when monitoring the FWD PWR meter position.

PROGRAM MODULATION SET - This control sets the deviation of the transmitter. For a composite system an input of 3.5 volts peak-to-peak is standard, and the deviation is 60 kHz peak. For a monaural or dual system the input is +10 dBm at a frequency of 1000 Hz, and the deviation is 40 kHz peak.

MUX 1 LEVEL SET - This control sets the deviation of the transmitter due to a subcarrier applied to the MUX INPUT #1. With a subcarrier of 1.5 volts peak-to-peak amplitude, the control is set for 15% injection (modulation). This will be 6 kHz for a monaural or dual system, or 9 kHz for a composite system.

MUX 2 LEVEL SET - As with the Mux 1 control, this adjustment sets the transmitter modulation for the MUX INPUT #2.

METER DC ZERO ADJUST - This control is used to electrically zero the panel meter deflection in either the PROGRAM or MPX positions. The meter's mechanical zero should be checked prior to adjustment of this control, which is set in the PROGRAM position without any program input.



MUX METER CALIB. - This control is set to produce a -3 dB deflection when program material sufficient to produce 100% modulation is applied to the transmitter.

METER ACCELERATION ADJUST - This control enables the panel meter to have the best possible response time in the PROGRAM and MPX positions. It is adjusted while rapidly varying the level of a test tone applied to the transmitter. Adjust for a 0.5 dB overshoot on the panel meter while monitoring a step going from no modulation to full modulation.

The following descriptions of the PCL-505 receiver internal controls are with reference to drawings 21A2501 (composite receiver) and 21A2502 (monaural or dual receiver).

+13.5V REGULATOR - While monitoring the 13.5 volt line with an external voltmeter, set the +13.5V REGULATOR control for a reading of +13.5 volts DC.

+VDC METER CALIB. - Depress the "+VDC" meter switch and adjust the +VDC METER CALIB. control for a front-panel meter reading of 13.5 on the lower scale.

1st L.O. FREQUENCY - This capacitor is adjusted to produce a second I.F. of 10.7 MHz when a carrier of the correct frequency is being received.

OSCILLATOR OUTPUT; QUADRUPLER OUTPUT; DOUBLER OUTPUT; OUTPUT TO MIXER - None of these controls should be adjusted unless a spectrum analyzer is available. If an analyzer is available, these controls may be adjusted for maximum output consistent with freedom from noise or spurious outputs. The minimum acceptable output level from this module is 4 milliwatts into a 50 ohm termination.

CONVERTER OSCILLATOR OUTPUT - This control is adjusted for maximum indication of received signal strength. On strong signals, the panel meter may show little change as this control is adjusted.

CONVERTER OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY - This control is adjusted for an oscillation frequency of 63.3 MHz. This control is only a vernier on the oscillator and may be left at midrange.

10.7 MHZ I.F. - These four controls affect the shape of the receiver selectivity curve. They are first adjusted by using a sweep generator and are slightly adjusted if required to minimize crosstalk into program subcarriers, if used. Should this readjustment be made, then the filter must be rechecked using the sweep generator.

74 MHZ FIRST I.F. - These controls should be adjusted only when a carrier-frequency sweep generator is available. They are adjusted for maximum output from the module when the local oscillator and carrier-frequency sweep generator are applied to the inputs. Should the controls be more than slightly off-resonance, or should the bandwidth be insufficient, then the possibility of oscillation exists. This will be revealed by examination with a spectrum analyzer. The correct bandwidth of this module is 4 MHz total width at the 2 dB point.

INPUT PRESELECTOR - These controls are adjusted for maximum indication of received signal strength. On strong signals the panel meter may show little change as these controls are adjusted.

DEMODULATOR - These controls T1 primary and T1 secondary are adjusted for maximum AF output from the demodulator output terminal (right-hand side, rear-most terminal). Then adjust the BLUE slug, T1 secondary, for minimum audio distortion.

MUTING THRESHOLD - This control is set to mute the receiver output when the carrier level is below 50 microvolts (-73 dBm).

OUTPUT AMPLITUDE - This control is used to adjust the receiver output signal amplitude. It is adjusted for an output amplitude of +10 dBm at low audio frequencies for monaural systems or 3.5 volts peak to peak for composite systems, at full modulation of the transmitter. See paragraph 6.2.6 before making adjustments.

PROGRAM METER ZERO - This control is used to electrically zero the panel-meter deflection in either the MUX or PROGRAM positions. The meter's mechanical zero should be checked prior to adjustment of this control, which is set in the program position when a quiet, unmodulated carrier is being received.

MUX METER CALIB. - This control is used to adjust the panel meter calibration when the MUX button is depressed. It is set to read -3 dB when a subcarrier modulates the system 15%. Prior to adjustment of this control, the transmitter modulation must be set and the receiver output amplitude control must be set.

PROGRAM METER CALIB. - This control is used to adjust the panel meter calibration when the PROGRAM button is depressed. It is set to read "0" dB when a test tone modulates the system fully. Prior to adjustment of this control, the MUX meter calibration must be correctly set.

PROGRAM METER ACCELERATION - This control enables the panel meter to have the best possible response time in the MUX and PROGRAM positions. It is adjusted while rapidly varying the level of a test tone applied to the transmitter. Adjust for 0.5 dB of overshoot on the panel meter while monitoring a step going from no modulation to full modulation.

MUX OUTPUT LEVEL - This control sets the level of the sub-carrier(s) appearing at the multiplex output connectors. It is adjusted for a level of 1.5 volts peak to peak of subcarrier when that subcarrier modulates the transmitter 15%. The OUTPUT AMPLITUDE control must be set prior to setting the multiplex output level control.

The following three controls are peculiar to the composite version of the PCL-505:

H.F. GAIN - This control adjusts the frequency response of the composite STL, primarily in the 30 kHz to 50 kHz region. It is set to maximize stereo separation when a test tone of 1 kHz is applied to the stereo generator.



H.F. TILT - These controls affect the time response of the composite STL, primarily in the 50 kHz region. They are set to maximize stereo separation when a test tone of 15 kHz is applied to the stereo generator.

L.F. TILT - This control affects the frequency response of the composite STL, primarily in the 50 Hz region. It is set to maximize stereo separation when a test tone of 50 Hz is applied to the stereo generator.

The following three controls are peculiar to the monaural (or dual, for stereo) version of the PCL-505:

5 KHZ ADJUST - This control allows the frequency response of the system to be optimized in the 5 kHz region. It is adjusted for the same level from the program output of the receiver, when the test tone applied to the transmitter is switched back and forth between 500 Hz and 5,000 Hz. Be sure the modulation level never exceeds the "0" mark on the PROGRAM position of either the transmitter or receiver panel meters; it is advisable to run this test several dB below normal level.

15 KHZ ADJUST - This control allows the frequency response of the system to be optimized in the 15 kHz region. It is adjusted for the same level from the program output of the receiver when a test tone applied to the transmitter is switched back and forth between 1,500 Hz and 15,000 Hz. As with the 5 kHz adjustment, be sure the modulation level never exceeds the "0" mark.

NOISE REDUCTION - This control enables an enhancement of the measured signal-to-noise ratio of the signal as delivered from the program output of the PCL-505 receiver. It can be disabled by operating the noise-reduction switch to the Off position. The preferred method of adjustment is to adjust the received signal strength until the signal-to-noise ratio is 60 dB, and then adjust the noise reduction control for an enhancement of 8 dB to 10 dB.



FIELD CHANGES - For program inputs (ref. 91C6887) of less than 3.5V P-P into J4, change R201 according to the following;

Signal (V P-P)	R201 (K ohms)
0.5	0 (jumper wire)
1.0	1.6
1.5	3.3
2.0	4.7
2.5	6.8
3.0	8.2
3.5	10

Note: 1.  $Z_{in} = R_{in} + 1.7 K\Omega$

$$2. R201 = \frac{E_{in} - 0.5}{0.3} K\Omega$$

The signal out of AUDIO OUTPUT J3 on the Receiver will still be 3.5V P-P for the correct input selected.

## MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.

## FINAL TEST DATA

MODEL PCL-505/C

Date 3 January 1983  
 P.O. 1361  
 Technician Paul S.

Customer KOIT  
 Tx Serial # 37235  
 Rx Serial # 37344  
 Frequency 944.000 MHz

Transmitter Meter Readings

Program	<u>0</u>	dB (top)
MPX Chan. 1 @ 110 kHz	<u>10</u>	bottom
Chan. 2 @ 185 kHz	<u>15</u>	bottom
AFC	<u>15</u>	bottom
FRD PWR <u>6</u> Watts	<u>0</u>	top
RFL PWR	<u>0</u>	bottom
+VDC	<u>13.5</u>	bottom
Reference Oscillator	<u>15.9</u>	bottom
H.F. Divider	<u>13.9</u>	bottom
P.A. Drive	<u>19.0</u>	bottom
Final Current 2 amp max.	<u>12.5</u>	bottom

Receiver Meter Readings

+VDC	<u>12.5</u>	bottom
Signal (no input)	<u>1.5</u>	
Program @ 100% mod	<u>0</u>	dB
MPX 110 kHz injection	<u>10</u>	bottom
185 kHz injection	<u>12.2</u>	
45 Wideband SNR	<u>7.2</u>	μV
Power supply to be set using a DVM		
Transmitter	<u>13.5</u>	VDC
Receiver	<u>12.5</u>	VDC

System Frequency Response

Frequency	Response
30 Hz	<u>+2</u> dB
1 kHz	(Ref)
15 kHz	<u>0</u> dB
53 kHz	<u>+1</u> dB

System Distortion  
 (less than 0.4%)

Frequency	Distortion
1000 Hz	<u>.07</u> %
15 kHz	<u>.13</u> %

System Stereo Performance

With SCG-9 S/N Test

Freq. (Hz)	Separation	Crosstalk
30	<u>-40</u> dB	<u>-51</u> dB
50	<u>-49</u>	<u>-52</u>
400	<u>-50</u>	<u>-52</u>
1,000	<u>-50</u>	<u>-52</u>
5,000	<u>-48</u>	<u>-52</u>
10,000	<u>-48</u>	<u>-49</u>
15,000	<u>-46</u>	<u>-52</u>

RF P<sub>o</sub> Levels

FMO	<u>31</u>	15 MW min
MULT-DRIV	<u>130</u>	120 MW min
FINAL AMP	<u>6 W</u>	5 W min

Receiver Signal Meter Calibration

5 μ volts	<u>1.5</u>	bottom scale
10 μ volts	<u>1.5</u>	bottom scale
20 μ volts	<u>2.3</u>	bottom scale
50 μ volts	<u>5.1</u>	bottom scale
100 μ volts	<u>6.5</u>	bottom scale
200 μ volts	<u>8.6</u>	bottom scale
500 μ volts	<u>10.5</u>	bottom scale
1,000 μ volts	<u>11.2</u>	bottom scale
1,500 μ volts	<u>11.9</u>	bottom scale

System Noise

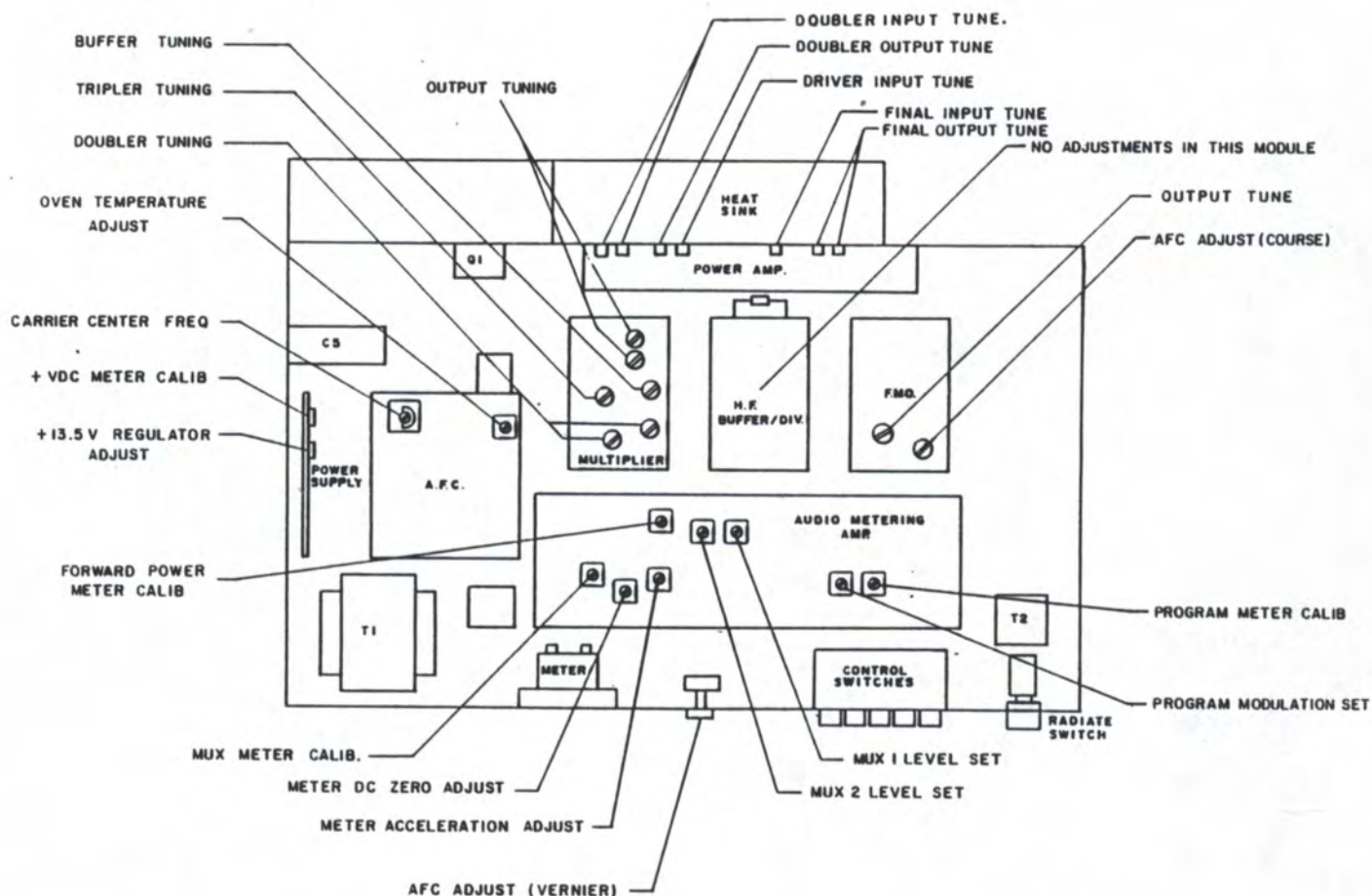
De-emphasized output  
 Ultimate SNR -71 dB  
 (greater than or equal to 65 dB)

Level for 60 dB de-emphasized SNR -84 μV

Ultimate Wideband SNR -64 dB

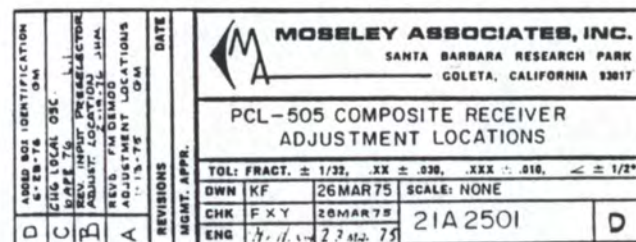
Set squelch to 45 dB SNR X

These readings were noted during final electrical test of the equipment and are intended for reference purposes. Readings may vary with component replacement or aging, adjustment, RF terminations, equipment installation, or path conditions.



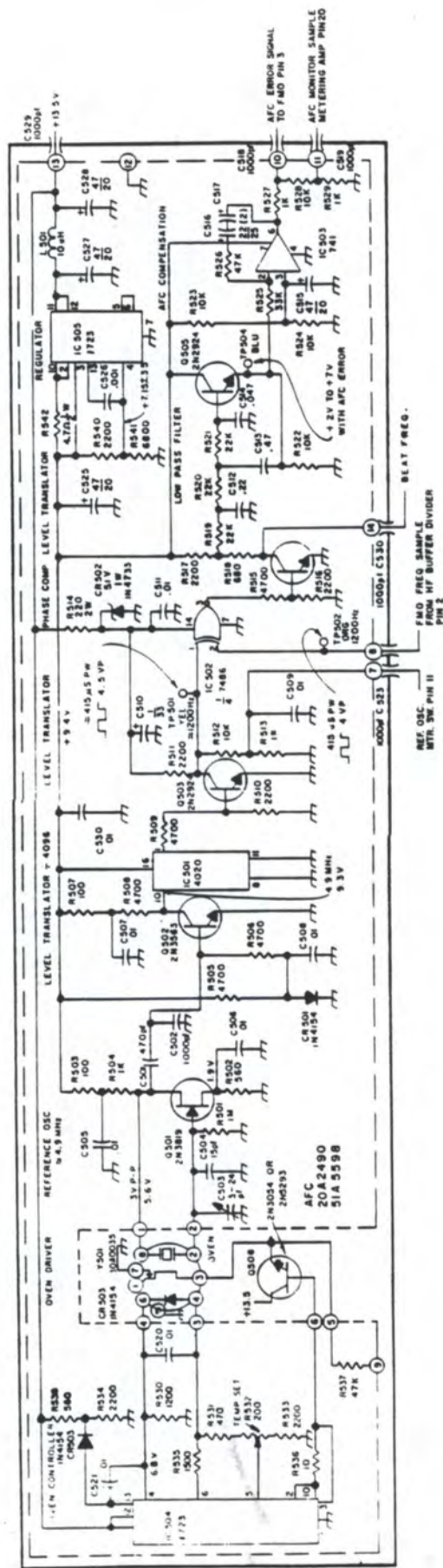
<b>MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.</b> SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK GOLETA, CALIFORNIA 93017	
<b>PCL-505 TRANSMITTER ADJUSTMENT LOCATIONS</b>	
TOL: FRACT. $\pm 1/32$ , XX $\pm .020$ , XXX $\pm .010$ , $\leq 1/2$ "	
DWN	KF 3 APR 75
CHK	FXY 3 APR 75
ENG	H.L. 4 APR 75
SCALE: NONE	
21A 2503	
D	





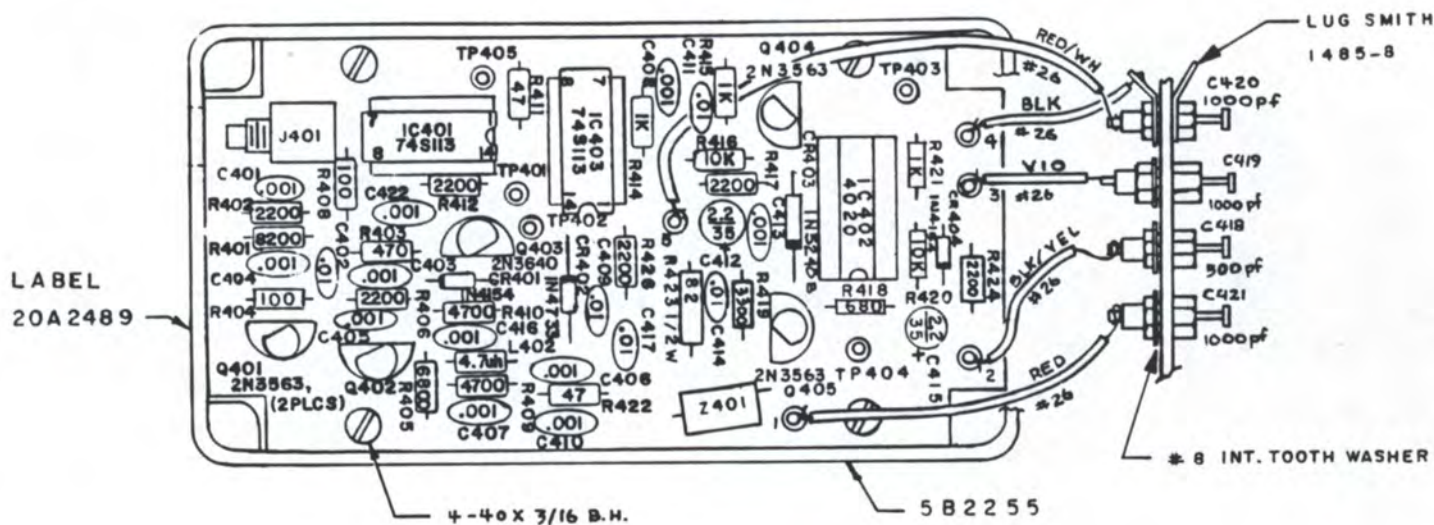






- NOTES.
1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS 1/4W,10 %  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS
2. \* DENOTES SELECTED VALUE.
3. RF VOLTAGES MEASURED USING TEKTRONICS 581  
SCOPE, WITH TYPE 82 PLUG-IN, AND NON COMPENSATED  
PROBE.
4. DC VOLTAGES TESTED WITH 10MEG INPUT DVM.
5. VOLTAGES SHOULD BE WITHIN 20 % OF THAT  
SHOWN ON THE SCHEMATIC.
6. COMPONENT LAYOUT 20 A 2490
7. PC BOARD 51 A 5598





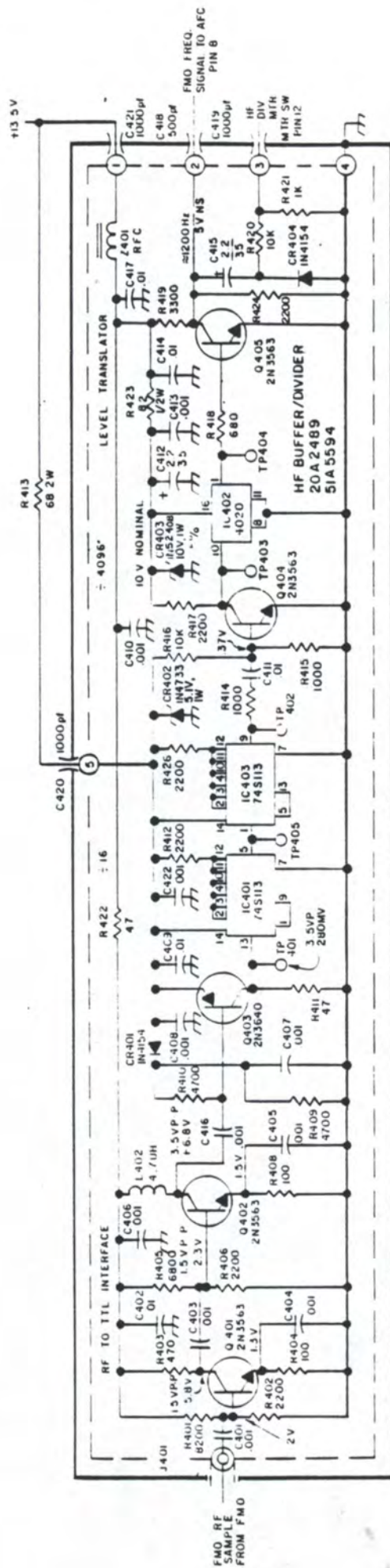
# NOTES

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ALL RESISTOR  
VALUES ARE IN OHMS 1/4W, 10% AND  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS

2. P.C. BOARD 51A 5594.  
3. SCHEMATIC 91B 6886

MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.			
SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK GOLETA, CALIFORNIA 93017			
COMPONENT LAYOUT			
XMTR H.F. BUFFER / DIVIDER.			
TOL: FRACT. = 1/32, .XX = .030, .XXX = .010, < = 1/2"			
DWN	L.I.	8 OCT 74	SCALE: FULL
CHK	FX Y	30 DEC 74	20A2489
ENG	H. H. H.	30 DEC 74	Q1

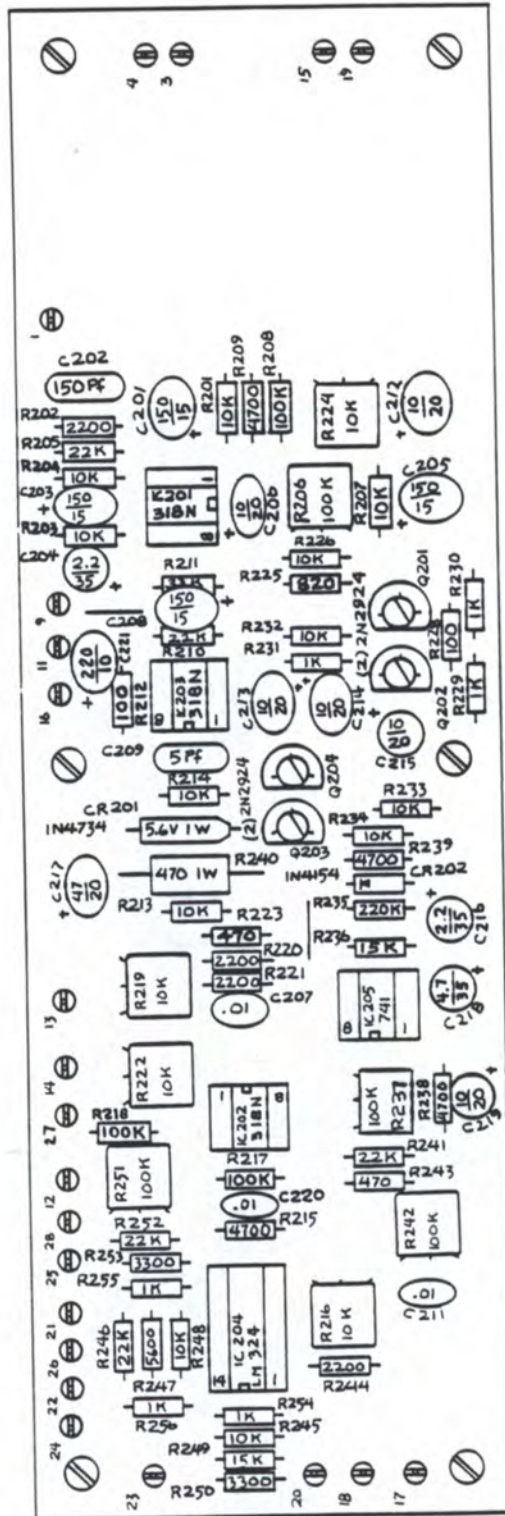





# NOTES:

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS 1/4W, 10%  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS
2. W DENOTES SELECTED VALUE.
3. RF VOLTAGES MEASURED USING TEKTRONICS 581  
SCOPE, WITH TYPE 82 PLUG-IN, AND NON COMPENSATED  
PROBE
4. DC VOLTAGES TESTED WITH 10MEG INPUT DVM
5. VOLTAGES SHOULD BE WITHIN 20% OF THAT  
SHOWN ON THE SCHEMATIC.
6. COMPONENT LAYOUT 20A 2489
7. P.C BOARD 51A 5594

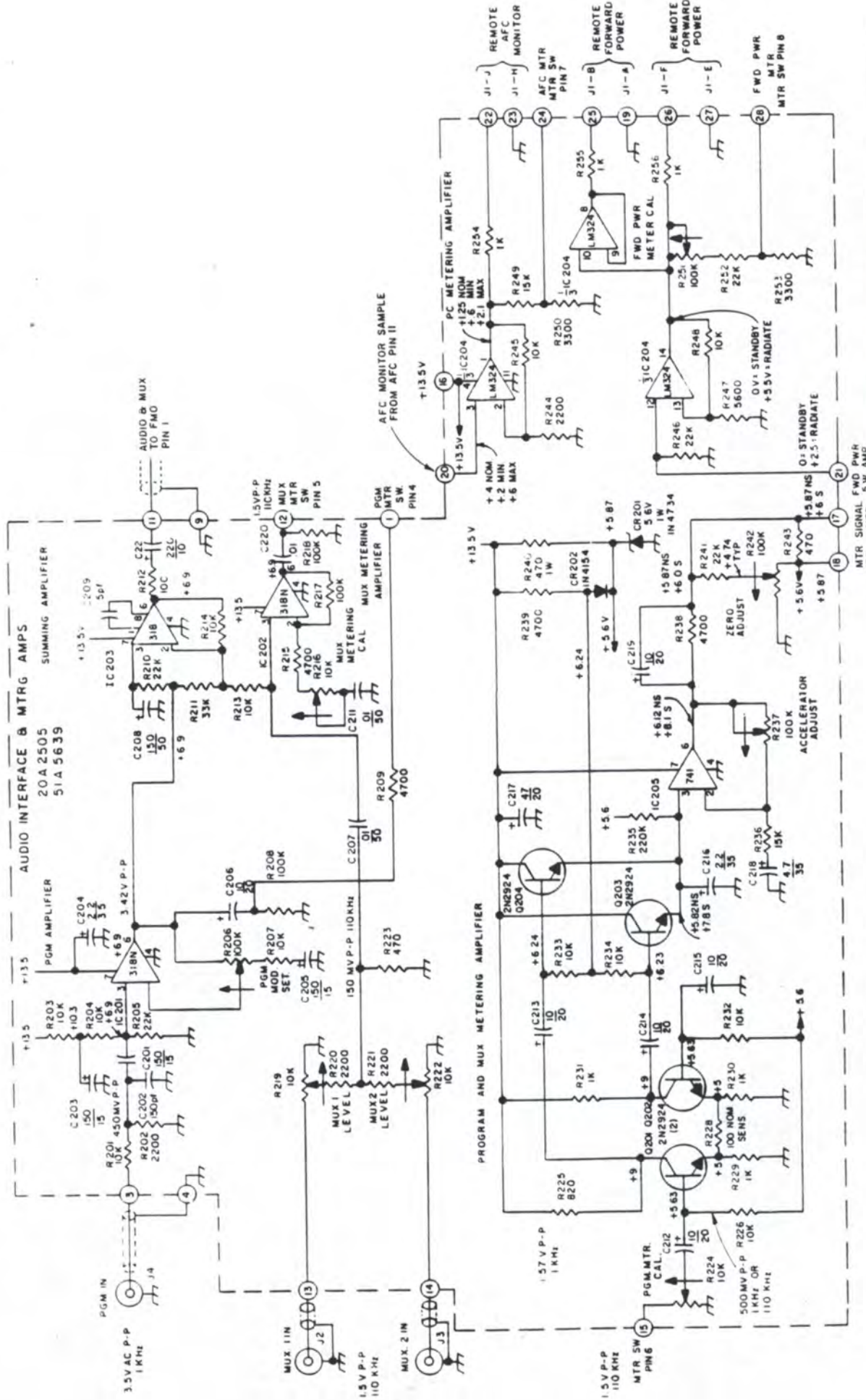
MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.	
SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK COSTA CALIFORNIA 93101	
SCHEMATIC	
XMTR HF BUFFER/DIVIDER BOARD	
TOL. FRACT. 1-12	SCALE 1/8" = 1"
DATE 7 JAN 76	BY 91 B 6886
CHK BY	APP BY
REV 1	REV 2



- NOTES:
1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
ALL RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4 W, 10 %  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.
  2. P.C. BOARD 51A 5639
  3. SCHEMATIC 91C6887

MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.		SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK GOLETA, CALIFORNIA 93017	
		COMPONENT LAYOUT	
		XMTR AUDIO/MTRG AMP (COMPOSITE)	
TOL: FRAC. ± 1/32. XX ± .030. XXX ± .018. > 1/2"		SCALE: FULL	
DWN	KF	NOJAN75	20 A 2505
CHK	FXY	3 FEB 75	3 1/2 75
ENG	HY	3 1/2 75	I1
MONT. APPR.			
REVISIONS			
DATE			
A	C810 WAS 3.2755. R338 WAS 3.2755 F.X.Y.		
B	KF R215 WAS 15N.		
C	ADD C215 2 MAY 75 F.X.Y.		
D	ADD C215 2 MAY 75 F.X.Y.		
E	DELETE R215. R338 WAS 14N. 15N. 16N. 17N. 18N. 19N. 20N. 21N. 22N. 23N. 24N. 25N. 26N. 27N. 28N. 29N. 30N. 31N. 32N. 33N. 34N. 35N. 36N. 37N. 38N. 39N. 40N. 41N. 42N. 43N. 44N. 45N. 46N. 47N. 48N. 49N. 50N. 51N. 52N. 53N. 54N. 55N. 56N. 57N. 58N. 59N. 60N. 61N. 62N. 63N. 64N. 65N. 66N. 67N. 68N. 69N. 70N. 71N. 72N. 73N. 74N. 75N. 76N. 77N. 78N. 79N. 80N. 81N. 82N. 83N. 84N. 85N. 86N. 87N. 88N. 89N. 90N. 91N. 92N. 93N. 94N. 95N. 96N. 97N. 98N. 99N. 100N. 101N. 102N. 103N. 104N. 105N. 106N. 107N. 108N. 109N. 110N. 111N. 112N. 113N. 114N. 115N. 116N. 117N. 118N. 119N. 120N. 121N. 122N. 123N. 124N. 125N. 126N. 127N. 128N. 129N. 130N. 131N. 132N. 133N. 134N. 135N. 136N. 137N. 138N. 139N. 140N. 141N. 142N. 143N. 144N. 145N. 146N. 147N. 148N. 149N. 150N. 151N. 152N. 153N. 154N. 155N. 156N. 157N. 158N. 159N. 160N. 161N. 162N. 163N. 164N. 165N. 166N. 167N. 168N. 169N. 170N. 171N. 172N. 173N. 174N. 175N. 176N. 177N. 178N. 179N. 180N. 181N. 182N. 183N. 184N. 185N. 186N. 187N. 188N. 189N. 190N. 191N. 192N. 193N. 194N. 195N. 196N. 197N. 198N. 199N. 200N. 201N. 202N. 203N. 204N. 205N. 206N. 207N. 208N. 209N. 210N. 211N. 212N. 213N. 214N. 215N. 216N. 217N. 218N. 219N. 220N. 221N. 222N. 223N. 224N. 225N. 226N. 227N. 228N. 229N. 230N. 231N. 232N. 233N. 234N. 235N. 236N. 237N. 238N. 239N. 240N. 241N. 242N. 243N. 244N. 245N. 246N. 247N. 248N. 249N. 250N. 251N. 252N. 253N. 254N. 255N. 256N. 257N. 258N. 259N. 260N. 261N. 262N. 263N. 264N. 265N. 266N. 267N. 268N. 269N. 270N. 271N. 272N. 273N. 274N. 275N. 276N. 277N. 278N. 279N. 280N. 281N. 282N. 283N. 284N. 285N. 286N. 287N. 288N. 289N. 290N. 291N. 292N. 293N. 294N. 295N. 296N. 297N. 298N. 299N. 300N. 301N. 302N. 303N. 304N. 305N. 306N. 307N. 308N. 309N. 310N. 311N. 312N. 313N. 314N. 315N. 316N. 317N. 318N. 319N. 320N. 321N. 322N. 323N. 324N. 325N. 326N. 327N. 328N. 329N. 330N. 331N. 332N. 333N. 334N. 335N. 336N. 337N. 338N. 339N. 340N. 341N. 342N. 343N. 344N. 345N. 346N. 347N. 348N. 349N. 350N. 351N. 352N. 353N. 354N. 355N. 356N. 357N. 358N. 359N. 360N. 361N. 362N. 363N. 364N. 365N. 366N. 367N. 368N. 369N. 370N. 371N. 372N. 373N. 374N. 375N. 376N. 377N. 378N. 379N. 380N. 381N. 382N. 383N. 384N. 385N. 386N. 387N. 388N. 389N. 390N. 391N. 392N. 393N. 394N. 395N. 396N. 397N. 398N. 399N. 400N. 401N. 402N. 403N. 404N. 405N. 406N. 407N. 408N. 409N. 410N. 411N. 412N. 413N. 414N. 415N. 416N. 417N. 418N. 419N. 420N. 421N. 422N. 423N. 424N. 425N. 426N. 427N. 428N. 429N. 430N. 431N. 432N. 433N. 434N. 435N. 436N. 437N. 438N. 439N. 440N. 441N. 442N. 443N. 444N. 445N. 446N. 447N. 448N. 449N. 450N. 451N. 452N. 453N. 454N. 455N. 456N. 457N. 458N. 459N. 460N. 461N. 462N. 463N. 464N. 465N. 466N. 467N. 468N. 469N. 470N. 471N. 472N. 473N. 474N. 475N. 476N. 477N. 478N. 479N. 480N. 481N. 482N. 483N. 484N. 485N. 486N. 487N. 488N. 489N. 490N. 491N. 492N. 493N. 494N. 495N. 496N. 497N. 498N. 499N. 500N. 501N. 502N. 503N. 504N. 505N. 506N. 507N. 508N. 509N. 510N. 511N. 512N. 513N. 514N. 515N. 516N. 517N. 518N. 519N. 520N. 521N. 522N. 523N. 524N. 525N. 526N. 527N. 528N. 529N. 530N. 531N. 532N. 533N. 534N. 535N. 536N. 537N. 538N. 539N. 540N. 541N. 542N. 543N. 544N. 545N. 546N. 547N. 548N. 549N. 550N. 551N. 552N. 553N. 554N. 555N. 556N. 557N. 558N. 559N. 560N. 561N. 562N. 563N. 564N. 565N. 566N. 567N. 568N. 569N. 570N. 571N. 572N. 573N. 574N. 575N. 576N. 577N. 578N. 579N. 580N. 581N. 582N. 583N. 584N. 585N. 586N. 587N. 588N. 589N. 590N. 591N. 592N. 593N. 594N. 595N. 596N. 597N. 598N. 599N. 600N. 601N. 602N. 603N. 604N. 605N. 606N. 607N. 608N. 609N. 610N. 611		





**MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.**  
SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK  
SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA 93101

**SCHEMATIC**  
XMTR AUDIO INTERFACE (MTR AMP/COMP)

DATE: 1/17/76  
DESIGNED BY: JAY  
CHECKED BY: JAY  
ENCL: 13 JAN 76

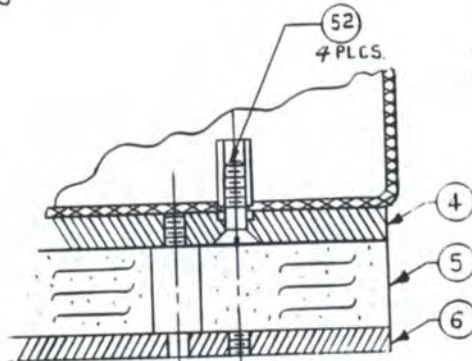
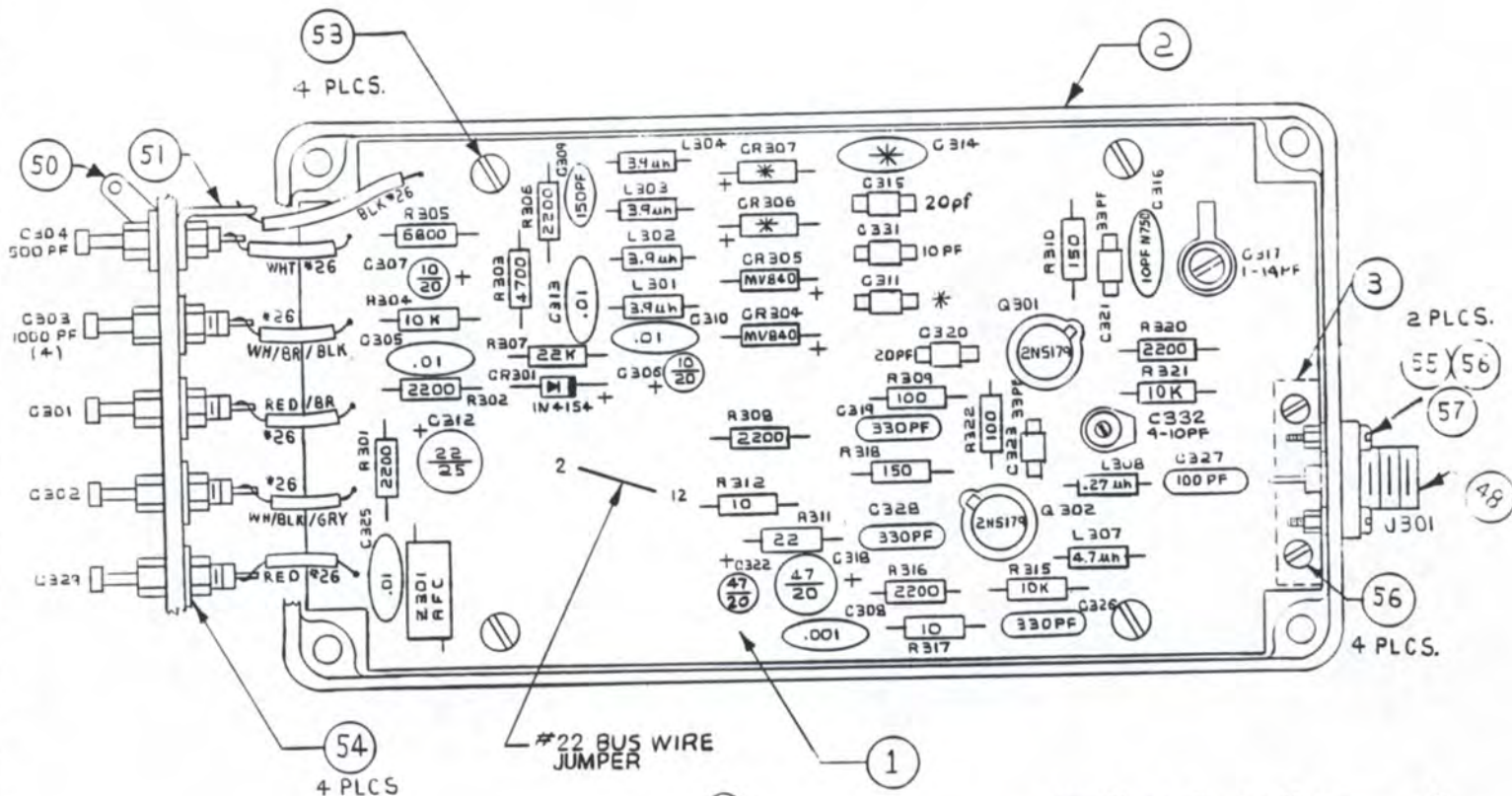
91 C 6887 B

- NOTES:
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS 1/4W, 10%  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS
  - M DENOTES SELECTED VALUE
  - RF VOLTAGES MEASURED USING TEKTRONICS 581  
SCOPE WITH TYPE 82 PLUG-IN, AND NON COMPENSATED  
PROBE
  - DC VOLTAGES TESTED WITH 10MEG INPUT DVM
  - VOLTAGES SHOULD BE WITHIN 20% OF THAT  
SHOWN ON THE SCHEMATIC
  - COMPONENT LAYOUT 20A 2505
  - PC BOARD 51A 5639

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Then It Was Stolen From...

www.SteamPoweredRadio.Com





	CR 308 *	CR 307 *	C314 *	C311 *
ITEM 1	150/840/330 MHz	BB105A	BB105A	.001
ITEM 2	450/960 MHz	MV840	MV840	10PF JFD

44	INDUCTOR	L307	402/225	1 1 1
43	INDUCTOR	L301-304	402/210	1 1 1
42	INDUCTOR	L308	402/137	1 1 1
41	DIODE	CR304-307	2b1013b	2 1 1
40	DIODE	CR304-307	2b10052	2 1 1
39	DIODE	CR301	3b00145	1 1 1
38	RESISTOR	R307	4410411	1 1 1
37	RESISTOR	R321, R304, R315	4410379	3 1 3
36	RESISTOR	R305	4410353	1 1 1
35	RESISTOR	R303	4410336	1 1 1
34	RESISTOR	R301, 302, 304, 306, 314, 320	4410288	1 1 1
33	RESISTOR	R310, R318	4410146	2 1 2
32	RESISTOR	R309, R322	4410122	2 1 2
31	RESISTOR	R311	4410049	1 1 1
30	RESISTOR	R312, R317	4410023	2 1 2
29	VARIABLE CAP.	C317	4370219	1 1 1
28	CAPACITOR	C321, 323	4240057	2 1 2
27	CAPACITOR	C311, 315, 320	4240040	3 1 2
26	VARIABLE CAP.	C322	4240024	1 1 1
25	VARIABLE CAP.	C322	4370300	1 1 1
24	RESISTOR	C309	4310066	1 1 1
23	RESISTOR	C316	4300057	1 1 1
22	RESISTOR	C312	4280095	1 1 1
21	RESISTOR	C322, C318	4280157	2 1 2
20	RESISTOR	C306, C307	4280079	2 1 2
19	RESISTOR	C314, 326, 328	4210415	3 1 3
18	RESISTOR	C327	4210266	1 1 1
17	RESISTOR	C305, 310, 313, 325	4310132	1 1 1
16	RESISTOR	C308, C314	4310108	2 1 2
15	FEED-THRU CAP.	C301, 302, 303, 324	4350096	1 1 1
14	FEED-THRU CAP.	C304	4350066	1 1 1
13	R. F. CHOKE	Q301	4020368	1 1 1
12	TRANSISTOR	Q301, Q302	3630308	2 1 2
11	MOUNT. BASE	REV. - C	20b1281	1 1 1
10	FOAM PAD	REV. - B	1240261	1 1 1
9	SUPPORT PLATE	REV. - A	20b1299	1 1 1
8	SUPPORT BAR	REV. - A	2240327	1 1 1
7	ENCLOSURE	REV. - G	2040082	1 1 1
6	P.C. BOARD	REV. -12, -22	3472180	1 1 1

# NOTES:

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4W, 10% CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.
2. P.C. BOARD 5185894-12, -22
3. SCHEMATIC 9187195C0
4. CUT LEADS OF 2N5179 TRANSISTORS TO .125" ± .015

			150/240/330 MHz	450/960 MHz
50				
49				
38	HEX NUT	*3-48	1030000	2 1 2
37	SCREW	*3-48 X 1/4 B.H.	1030000	6 1 6
36	LOCKWASHER	*3 SPLIT RG.	1030000	2 1 2
35	LOCKWASHER	*8 INT. TOOTH	1130223	4 1 4
34	SCREW	*4-40 X 3/16 B.H.	11050103	1 1 1
33	SCREW	*4-40 X 3/8 B.H.	11050103	1 1 1
32	GROUND LUG	*9 INT. TOOTH	1130223	1 1 1
31	GROUND LUG	SMITH 14858	1130223	1 1 1
48	CONNECTOR	J301	3030345	1 1 1
47	TRANSISTOR SOCKET	Q301, Q302	3250321	1 1 1

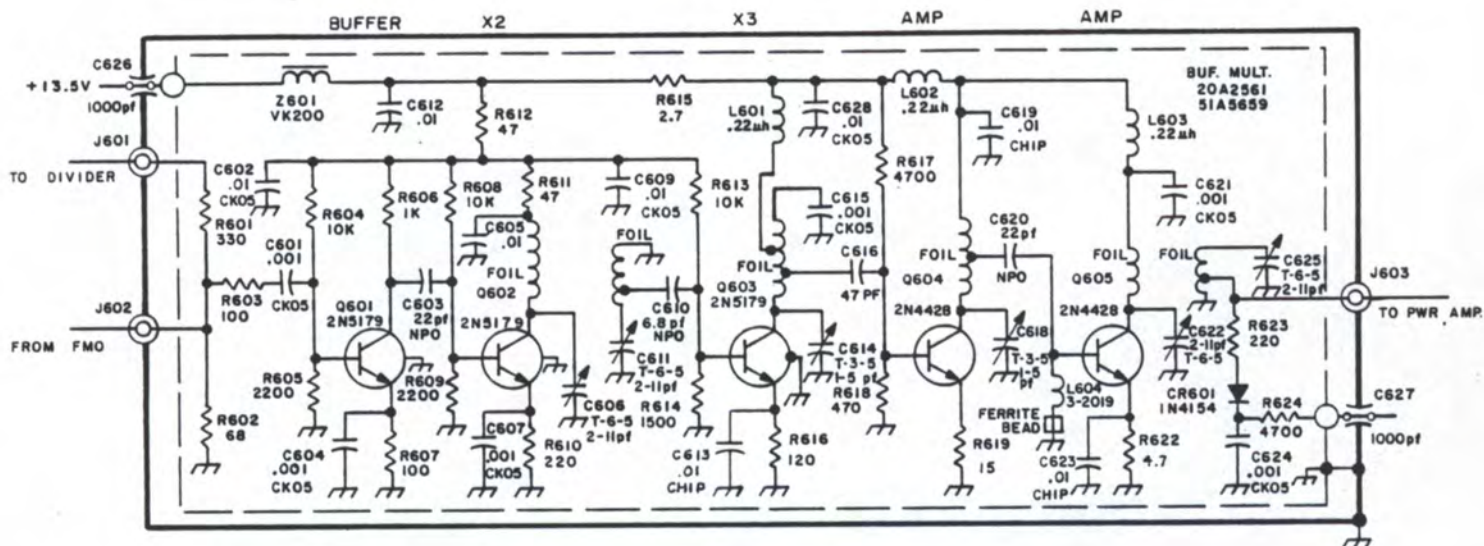
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	REF. DES.	STOCK NO.	QTY
1	P.C. BOARD	REV. -12, -22	3472180	1
2	ENCLOSURE	REV. - G	2040082	1
3	SUPPORT BAR	REV. - A	2240327	1
4	SUPPORT PLATE	REV. - A	20b1299	1
5	FOAM PAD	REV. - B	1240261	1
6	MOUNT. BASE	REV. - C	20b1281	1
7	TRANSISTOR	Q301, Q302	3630308	2
8	R. F. CHOKE	Q301	4020368	1
9	FEED-THRU CAP.	C304	4350066	1
10	FEED-THRU CAP.	C301, 302, 303, 324	4350096	1
11	RESISTOR	C312	4280095	1
12	RESISTOR	C316	4300057	1
13	RESISTOR	C309	4310066	1
14	VARIABLE CAP.	C322	4370300	1
15	CAPACITOR	C311, 315, 320	4240040	3
16	DIODE	CR304-307	4280079	2
17	DIODE	CR301	4280157	2
18	DIODE	CR304-307	4240052	2
19	INDUCTOR	L308	4210266	1
20	INDUCTOR	L301-304	4210415	3
21	INDUCTOR	L307	402/225	1
22	INDUCTOR	L303	402/210	1
23	INDUCTOR	L302	402/137	1
24	DIODE	CR304-307	2b1013b	2
25	DIODE	CR304-307	2b10052	2
26	DIODE	CR301	3b00145	1
27	RESISTOR	R307	4410411	1
28	RESISTOR	R321, R304, R315	4410379	3
29	RESISTOR	R305	4410353	1
30	RESISTOR	R303	4410336	1
31	RESISTOR	R301, 302, 304, 306, 314, 320	4410288	1
32	RESISTOR	R310, R318	4410146	2
33	RESISTOR	R309, R322	4410122	2
34	RESISTOR	R311	4410049	1
35	RESISTOR	R312, R317	4410023	2
36	VARIABLE CAP.	C317	4370219	1
37	CAPACITOR	C321, 323	4240057	2
38	CAPACITOR	C311, 315, 320	4240040	3
39	VARIABLE CAP.	C322	4240024	1
40	VARIABLE CAP.	C322	4370300	1
41	RESISTOR	C309	4310066	1
42	RESISTOR	C316	4300057	1
43	RESISTOR	C312	4280095	1
44	RESISTOR	C322, C318	4280157	2
45	RESISTOR	C306, C307	4280079	2
46	RESISTOR	C314, 326, 328	4210415	3
47	RESISTOR	C327	4210266	1
48	RESISTOR	C305, 310, 313, 325	4310132	1
49	RESISTOR	C308, C314	4310108	2
50	FEED-THRU CAP.	C301, 302, 303, 324	4350096	1
51	FEED-THRU CAP.	C304	4350066	1
52	R. F. CHOKE	Q301	4020368	1
53	TRANSISTOR	Q301, Q302	3630308	2
54	MOUNT. BASE	REV. - C	20b1281	1
55	FOAM PAD	REV. - B	1240261	1
56	SUPPORT PLATE	REV. - A	20b1299	1
57	SUPPORT BAR	REV. - A	2240327	1
58	ENCLOSURE	REV. - G	2040082	1
59	P.C. BOARD	REV. -12, -22	3472180	1







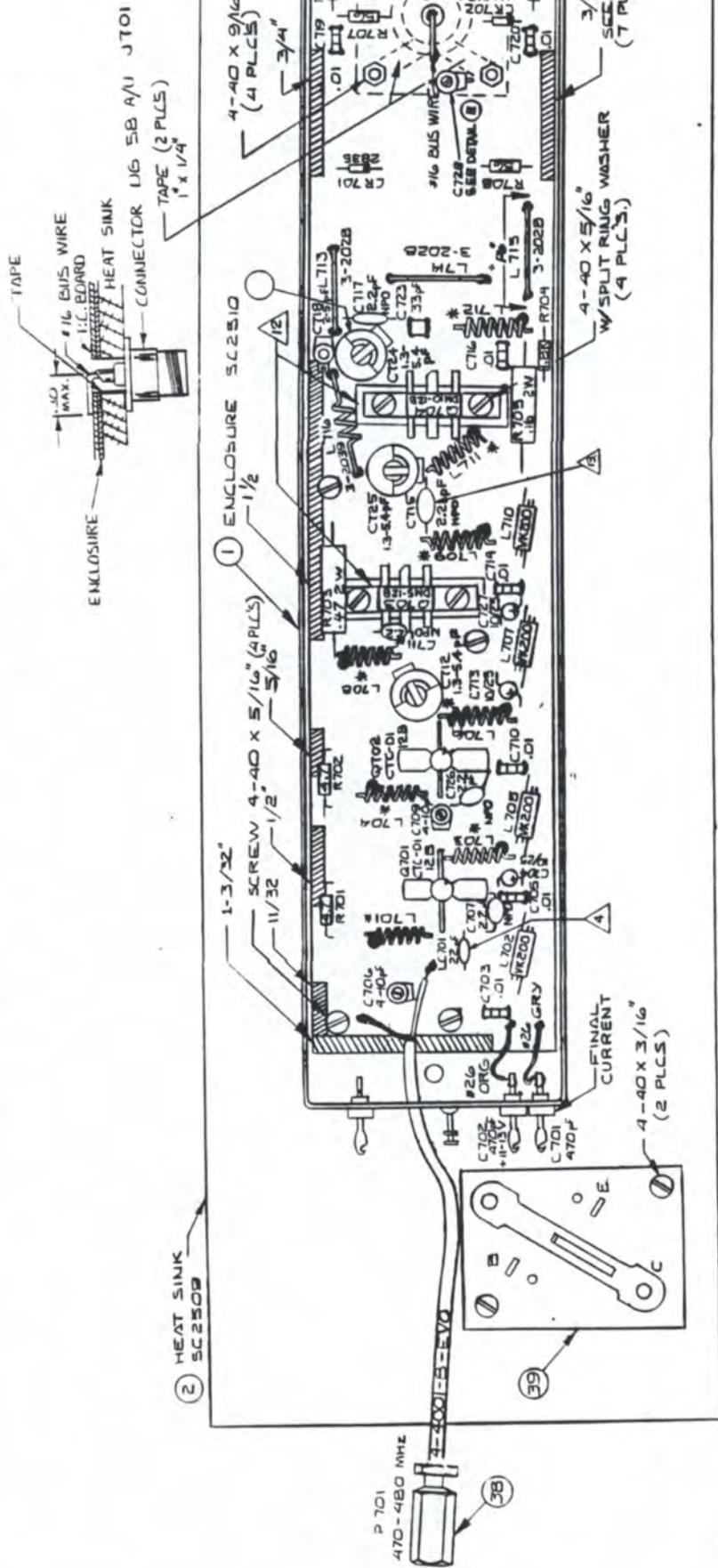




# NOTES:

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4W, 10%, CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.
2. P.C. BOARD 51A5659.
3. COMPONENT LAYOUT 20A2561.

DELETE CMT. R601 WAS 330 R612 WAS 10K. C605 WAS 1000PF. C606 WAS 10K. C607 WAS 10K. C608 WAS 10K. C609 WAS 10K. C610 WAS 10K. C611 WAS 10K. C612 WAS 10K. C613 WAS 10K. C614 WAS 10K. C615 WAS 10K. C616 WAS 10K. C617 WAS 10K. C618 WAS 10K. C619 WAS 10K. C620 WAS 10K. C621 WAS 10K. C622 WAS 10K. C623 WAS 10K. C624 WAS 10K. C625 WAS 10K. C626 WAS 10K. C627 WAS 10K.		MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC. SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK GOLETA, CALIFORNIA 93017	
SCHEMATIC XMTR BUF. MULT.			
TOL. FRAGT. = 1/32. XX = .001. XXX = .010. < = 1/2".		SCALE: NONE	
OWN	G M	12-22-75	91B6877
CHK	FX Y	21 JAN 76	
ENG	J. J. J.	21 JAN 76	

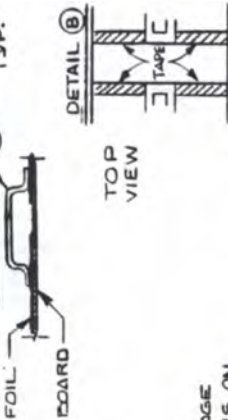


# NOTES:

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS,  $1/4$  W, 10% CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS
2. P.C. BOARD SIA5750, REV. 06
3. SCHEMATIC 9157035, REV. E1
4. BEND AND TRIM LEADS OF LC701 AS SHOWN:
5. \* DENOTES AIR COIL 3-2022 AT L701, L703, L704, L706, L708, L709, L711, L712.
6. COPPER TAPE CUT IN  $3/16$ \"/>

7. TAPE HOLES FOR Q701 AND Q702 BETWEEN WIDE LEADS IN MANNER SHOWN IN DETAIL (C)
8. USE SILVER-BEARING SOLDER (FED. SPEC. QQ-9-571 OR EQUIV.), KESTER ALLOY SNG2 OR 58W, ON ALL PADS FOR CHIP CAPACITORS. DO NOT MIX SOLDER.
9. C706 IS EFJ 278-0410-005 (1-10PF) OR JOHANSON 9372 (3-12 PF).
10. INSTALL Q701 AND Q702. STUD NUTS WITH TORQUE WRENCH AND SET TO 5 IN./LB  $\pm$  1 IN./LBS. USE \*8 EXT. TOOTH WASHERS (ITEM 42) AND \*8 32 NUTS (ITEM 44) 2 PLCS. USE HEAT SINK COMPOUND. SEE DETAIL (D) FOR ORIENTATION.

VIEW 'A' L713, 714, 715 TYP.

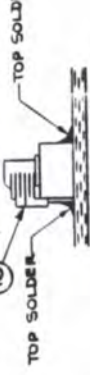


11. SOLDER Q701 AND Q702 TABS AFTER ASSEMBLY. HAS BEEN MOUNTED TO HEAT SINK.

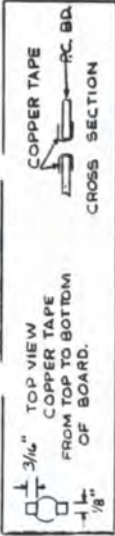
12. USE HEAT SINK COMPOUND WHILE INSTALLING Q703 AND Q704.
13. CAPACITOR DIAMETER (d) DETERMINES LEAD LENGTH. CHECK DIAMETER BEFORE BENDING.
14. ALIGN WITH TAPPED HOLE IN HEAT SINK BOTH ENDS.
15. TRIM LEADS OF C712, C724, & C725 FLUSH WITH BOTTOM OF CAPS. TOP SOLDER TO BOARD-SEE DETAIL (F)

FOR  $d = .265$  DIA.  $h = .110$  HEIGHT  $b = .156$  HEIGHT  
RESONANT FREQ. OF REACTIVE ELEMENT 1200-1225 MHz

DETAIL (F) (15) TOP SOLDER



DETAIL (C)



DO NOT TRIM LEADS. BEND LEADS AS SHOWN. INSTALL ONE END CLOSE TO #16 BUSS WIRE.

DETAIL (D) TRIM LEADS TO  $1/8$ \"/>

DO NOT PUSH DOWN WHEN INSTALLING

<b>MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.</b> SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA 93107	
<b>COMPONENT LAYOUT</b> 960 MHz AMPLIFIER XMTR	
TOL. FRAC. $\pm 1/16$ $\pm 1/32$ $\pm 1/64$ $\pm 1/128$ $\pm 1/256$	SCALE: 2 X
DWG. NO. 3-18-61	CHK. 20D2652 M
DES. 3-1-61	20D2652 M

If You Didn't Get This From My Site,  
Then It Was Stolen From...

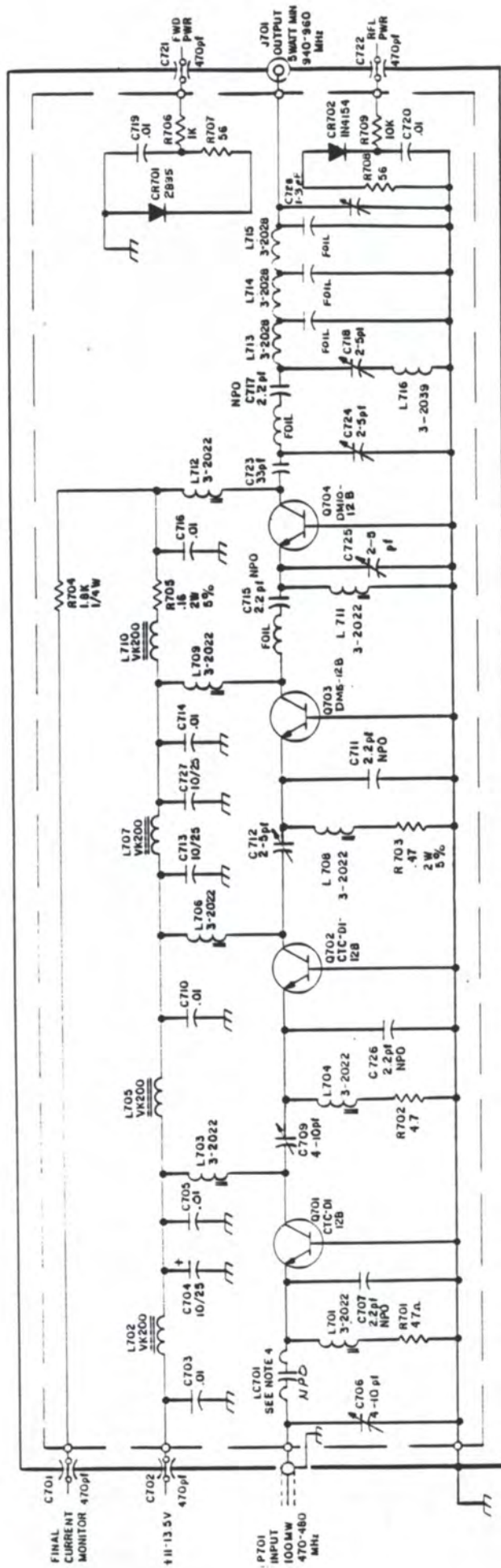
www.SteamPoweredRadio.Com



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				51
4	WASHERS #4 SPLIT RING		1050632	50
4	NUTS, #4-40		1050582	49
4	SCREWS #4-40 x 9/16 BH		1050202	48
8	SCREWS #4-40 x 5/16 BH		1050145	47
2	SCREWS #4-40 x 3/16 BH		1050103	46
				45
2	NUTS #8-32		1130277	44
2	LOCKWASHER EXT. TOOTH #8		1130301	43
				42
1	COIL, 3T-#20 3-2039 A0	L 716	4010732	41
3	INDUCTOR 3-2028	L713,714,715	4010625	40
1	SOCKET INDELC LST2202-2		3250214	39
1	CABLE 4-4001-B-EVO	P 701	2200277	38
1	CONNECTOR UG 5B A/U	J 701	3030178	37
				36
				35
1	" CTC DM10-12B	Q 704	3640141	34
1	" CTC DM5-12B	Q 703	3640133	33
2	TRANSISTOR CTC 61-12B	Q701, Q702	3640109	32
				31
1	DIODES 1N4154 GENELEC.	CR702	3600145	30
1	DIODES HP 3082-2835	CR701	3610045	29
				28
4	" FEED THRU SPECTR 54-794-002-471M	C701, C702, C703, C704	4350047	27
				26
5	" 2.2pF CRL DTZ-2R2 NPO	C707, 711, 715, 717, 726	4300018	25
2	" 4-10pF EFJ 278-0410-005	C706 C709	4370300	24
1	" 2-5pF EFJ 278-0105-005	C 718	4370284	23
1	" 22 pF CRL DTZ-22	LC701	4300133	22
3	" 10uF/20V SPAGUE 10u010x0025KAT	C704, 713, 727	4280079	21
7	" .01uF WOODBFI03MP	C705, 705, 710, 714, C716, 719, 720	4350161	20
1	CAPACITOR 33pF-ATC 17AH330J500PS	C 723	4350146	19
1	CAP, TDK MCV50A1H030 1-3pF	C 728	4370276	18
				17
3	CAP, 1.3-5.4pF, EFF 18T-0103-005	CT12, 724, 725	4370003	16
1	RESISTOR 1.8K $\Omega$ 1/4W 10% CARBON	R 704	4410270	15
1	" 10K $\Omega$ 1/4W " "	R709	4410379	14
1	" 1K $\Omega$ 1/4W " "	R706	4410247	13
2	" 56 $\Omega$ 1/4W " "	R707, 708	4410098	12
2	" 4.7 $\Omega$ 1/4W 10% " "	R701, R702	4410015	11
1	" .47 $\Omega$ 2W 5% " IRC	R703	4590048	10
1	RESISTOR 0.16 $\Omega$ , 2W, 5% CARBON, IRC	R705	4590022	9
				8
				7
4	FERROX CUBE VK-200-20/4B	L702, L705, L707, L710	4020368	6
				5
3	R.F. CHOKE M.A.I. 3-2022	L701, 703, 704, 706, 708, 709, 711, 712	4010567	4
1	P.C. BOARD M.A.I. SIA5750	REV.-CX6	3470267	3
1	HEAT SINK M.A.I. SC2509		2110138	2
1	ENCLOSURE M.A.I. SC2510-1		2080181	1
QTY.	DESCRIPTION	REF. DES.	STOCK NO.	ITEM

CHECK LIST 1. ALL PARTS 2. ALL PARTS 3. ALL PARTS 4. ALL PARTS 5. ALL PARTS 6. ALL PARTS 7. ALL PARTS 8. ALL PARTS 9. ALL PARTS 10. ALL PARTS 11. ALL PARTS 12. ALL PARTS 13. ALL PARTS 14. ALL PARTS 15. ALL PARTS 16. ALL PARTS 17. ALL PARTS 18. ALL PARTS 19. ALL PARTS 20. ALL PARTS 21. ALL PARTS 22. ALL PARTS 23. ALL PARTS 24. ALL PARTS 25. ALL PARTS 26. ALL PARTS 27. ALL PARTS 28. ALL PARTS 29. ALL PARTS 30. ALL PARTS 31. ALL PARTS 32. ALL PARTS 33. ALL PARTS 34. ALL PARTS 35. ALL PARTS 36. ALL PARTS 37. ALL PARTS 38. ALL PARTS 39. ALL PARTS 40. ALL PARTS 41. ALL PARTS 42. ALL PARTS 43. ALL PARTS 44. ALL PARTS 45. ALL PARTS 46. ALL PARTS 47. ALL PARTS 48. ALL PARTS 49. ALL PARTS 50. ALL PARTS 51. ALL PARTS 52. ALL PARTS 53. ALL PARTS 54. ALL PARTS 55. ALL PARTS 56. ALL PARTS 57. ALL PARTS 58. ALL PARTS 59. ALL PARTS 60. ALL PARTS 61. ALL PARTS 62. ALL PARTS 63. ALL PARTS 64. ALL PARTS 65. ALL PARTS 66. ALL PARTS 67. ALL PARTS 68. ALL PARTS 69. ALL PARTS 70. ALL PARTS 71. ALL PARTS 72. 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ALL PARTS 603. ALL PARTS 604. ALL PARTS 605. ALL PARTS 606. ALL PARTS 607. ALL PARTS 608. ALL PARTS 609. ALL PARTS 610. ALL PARTS 611. ALL PARTS 612. ALL PARTS 613. ALL PARTS 614. ALL PARTS 615. ALL PARTS 616. ALL PARTS 617. ALL PARTS 618. ALL PARTS 619. ALL PARTS 620. ALL PARTS 621. ALL PARTS 622. ALL PARTS 623. ALL PARTS 624. ALL PARTS 625. ALL PARTS 626. ALL PARTS 627. ALL PARTS 628. ALL PARTS 629. ALL PARTS 630. ALL PARTS 631. ALL PARTS 632. ALL PARTS 633. ALL PARTS 634. ALL PARTS 635. ALL PARTS 636. ALL PARTS 637. ALL PARTS 638. ALL PARTS 639. ALL PARTS 640. ALL PARTS 641. ALL PARTS 642. ALL PARTS 643. ALL PARTS 644. ALL PARTS 645. ALL PARTS 646. ALL PARTS 647. ALL PARTS 648. ALL PARTS 649. ALL PARTS 650. ALL PARTS 651. ALL PARTS 652. ALL PARTS 653. ALL PARTS 654. ALL PARTS 655. ALL PARTS 656. ALL PARTS 657. ALL PARTS 658. ALL PARTS 659. ALL PARTS 660. ALL PARTS 661. ALL PARTS 662. ALL PARTS 663. ALL PARTS 664. ALL PARTS 665. ALL PARTS 666. ALL PARTS 667. ALL PARTS 668. ALL PARTS 669. ALL PARTS 670. ALL PARTS 671. ALL PARTS 672. ALL PARTS 673. ALL PARTS 674. ALL PARTS 675. ALL PARTS 676. ALL PARTS 677. ALL PARTS 678. ALL PARTS 679. ALL PARTS 680. ALL PARTS 681. ALL PARTS 682. ALL PARTS 683. ALL PARTS 684. ALL PARTS 685. ALL PARTS 686. ALL PARTS 687. ALL PARTS 688. ALL PARTS 689. ALL PARTS 690. ALL PARTS 691. ALL PARTS 692. ALL PARTS 693. ALL PARTS 694. ALL PARTS 695. ALL PARTS 696. ALL PARTS 697. ALL PARTS 698. ALL PARTS 699. ALL PARTS 700. ALL PARTS 701. ALL PARTS 702. ALL PARTS 703. ALL PARTS 704. ALL PARTS 705. ALL PARTS 706. ALL PARTS 707. ALL PARTS 708. ALL PARTS 709. ALL PARTS 710. ALL PARTS 711. ALL PARTS 712. ALL PARTS 713. ALL PARTS 714. ALL PARTS 715. ALL PARTS 716. ALL PARTS 717. ALL PARTS 718. ALL PARTS 719. ALL PARTS 720. ALL PARTS 721. ALL PARTS 722. ALL PARTS 723. ALL PARTS 724. ALL PARTS 725. ALL PARTS 726. ALL PARTS 727. ALL PARTS 728. ALL PARTS 729. ALL PARTS 730. ALL PARTS 731. ALL PARTS 732. ALL PARTS 733. ALL PARTS 734. ALL PARTS 735. ALL PARTS 736. ALL PARTS 737. ALL PARTS 738. ALL PARTS 739. ALL PARTS 740. ALL PARTS 741. ALL PARTS 742. ALL PARTS 743. ALL PARTS 744. ALL PARTS 745. ALL PARTS 746. ALL PARTS 747. ALL PARTS 748. ALL PARTS 749. ALL PARTS 750. ALL PARTS 751. ALL PARTS 752. ALL PARTS 753. ALL PARTS 754. ALL PARTS 755. ALL PARTS 756. ALL PARTS 757. ALL PARTS 758. ALL PARTS 759. ALL PARTS 760. ALL PARTS 761. ALL PARTS 762. ALL PARTS 763. ALL PARTS 764. ALL PARTS 765. ALL PARTS 766. ALL PARTS 767. ALL PARTS 768. ALL PARTS 769. ALL PARTS 770. ALL PARTS 771. ALL PARTS 772. ALL PARTS 773. ALL PARTS 	
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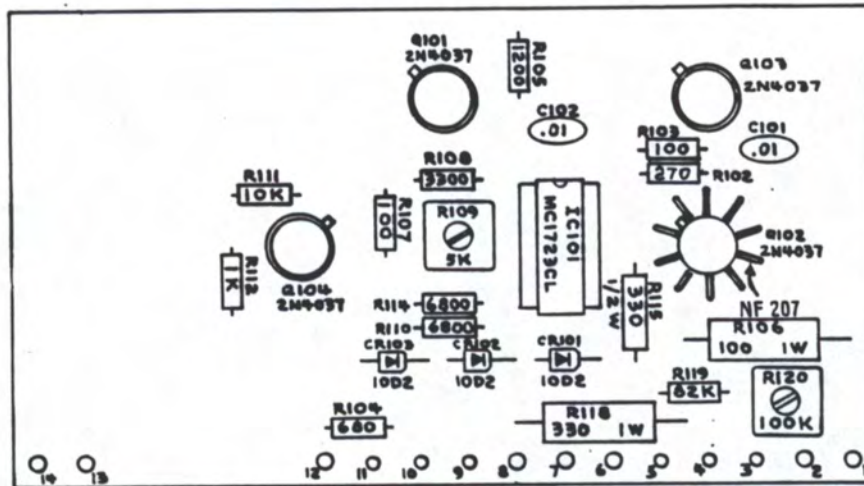
# NOTES:

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4W, 10%.  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.
2. P.C. BOARD SIA5750. REV -06.
3. COMPONENT LAYOUT 20D24.5.
4. LCT01 HAS 22pF 5/16" LEAD.

MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.		SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA 93103	
SCHEMATIC		POWER AMPLIFIER	
960MHz		XMTR	
TOL. FRAC. ± 1/2%		SEE - 8H, < ± 1/2"	
OWN - JAM		SCALE - NONE	
CHK - 9/11/77		91B7055	
ENG - 6/2/77		E1	

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# NOTES

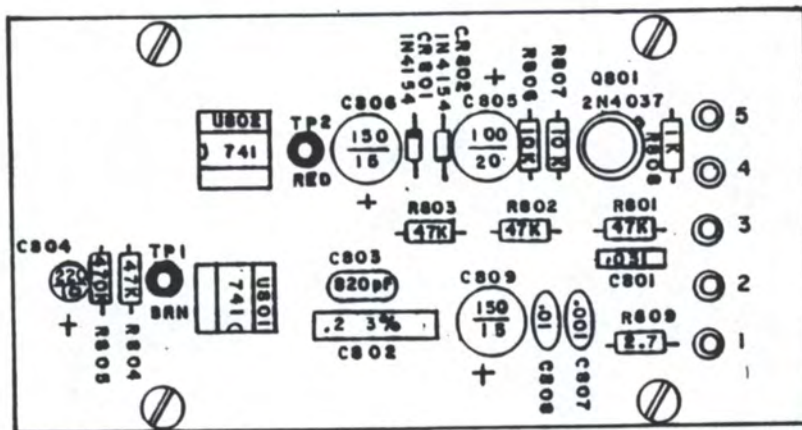
- 1 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4W, 10%  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.
- 2 P.C. BOARD 51A5764
- 3 SCHEMATIC 9186955

<b>MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.</b> SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK GOLETA, CALIFORNIA 93017	
<b>COMPONENT LAYOUT</b> <b>XMTR POWER SUPPLY REGULATOR</b>	
TOL: FRACT. $\pm 1/32$ , .XX $\pm .030$ , .XXX $\pm .010$ , $\leq \pm 1/2"$	
DWN FXY 25JAN 77	SCALE:
CHK	20A2608
ENG	20A2608



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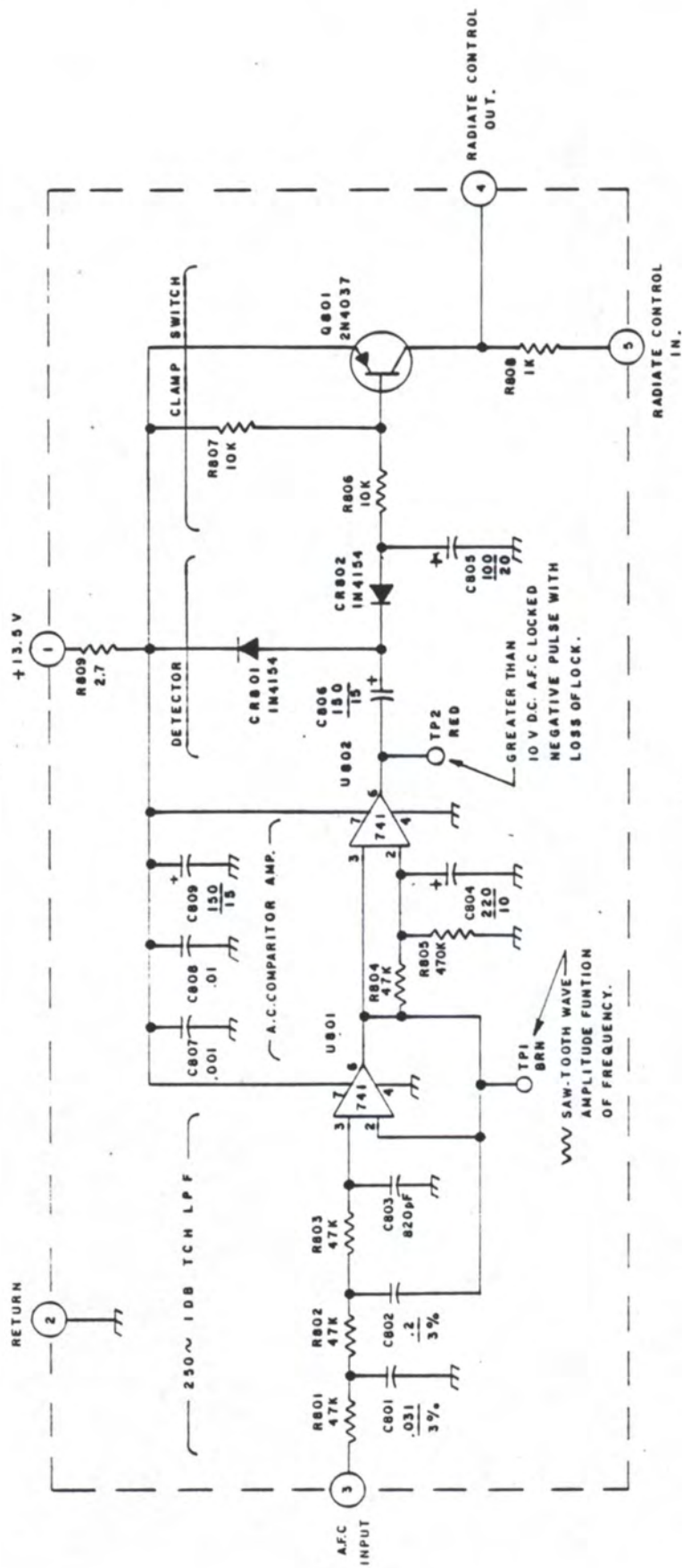




NOTES:

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS 1/4 W 10 %  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS
2. P.C. BOARD 51A5808
3. SCHEMATIC 9187048

REVISIONS DATE 18 NOV 77 FXY		<b>MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.</b> SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK GOLETA, CALIFORNIA 93017	
		<b>COMPONENT LAYOUT</b> XMTR LOSS OF LOCK SHUT OFF.	
TOL: FRACT. $\pm 1/32$ , XX $\pm .020$ , XXX $\pm .010$ , $\leq 1/2$ "		DWN L.I. 14SEPT77 SCALE: FULL	
CHK FXY 27SEP77		20A 2650 A	
ENG		20A 2650 A	



# NOTES

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS 1/4W 10%  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS
2. P.C BOARD 51A5808
3. COMPONENT LAYOUT 20A2650

<b>MOBBLEY ASSOCIATES, INC.</b> SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK COLETA, CALIFORNIA 93117	
<b>SCHEMATIC</b> XMTR LOSS OF LOCK SHUT OFF	
TOLL FREE 1-800-451-1111 FAX 805-963-1111 DATE 11/13/87 BY 11/13/87 CHK 11/13/87 ESD 11/13/87	SCALE: NONE 91B7048 A

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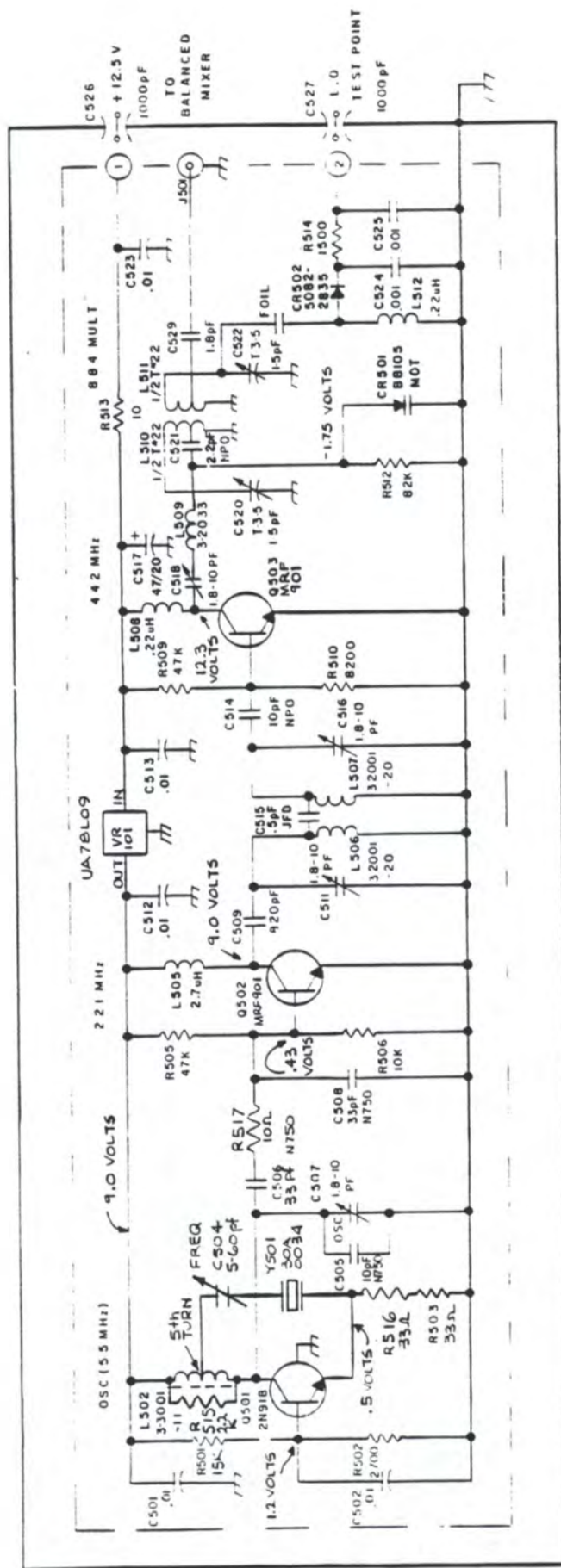










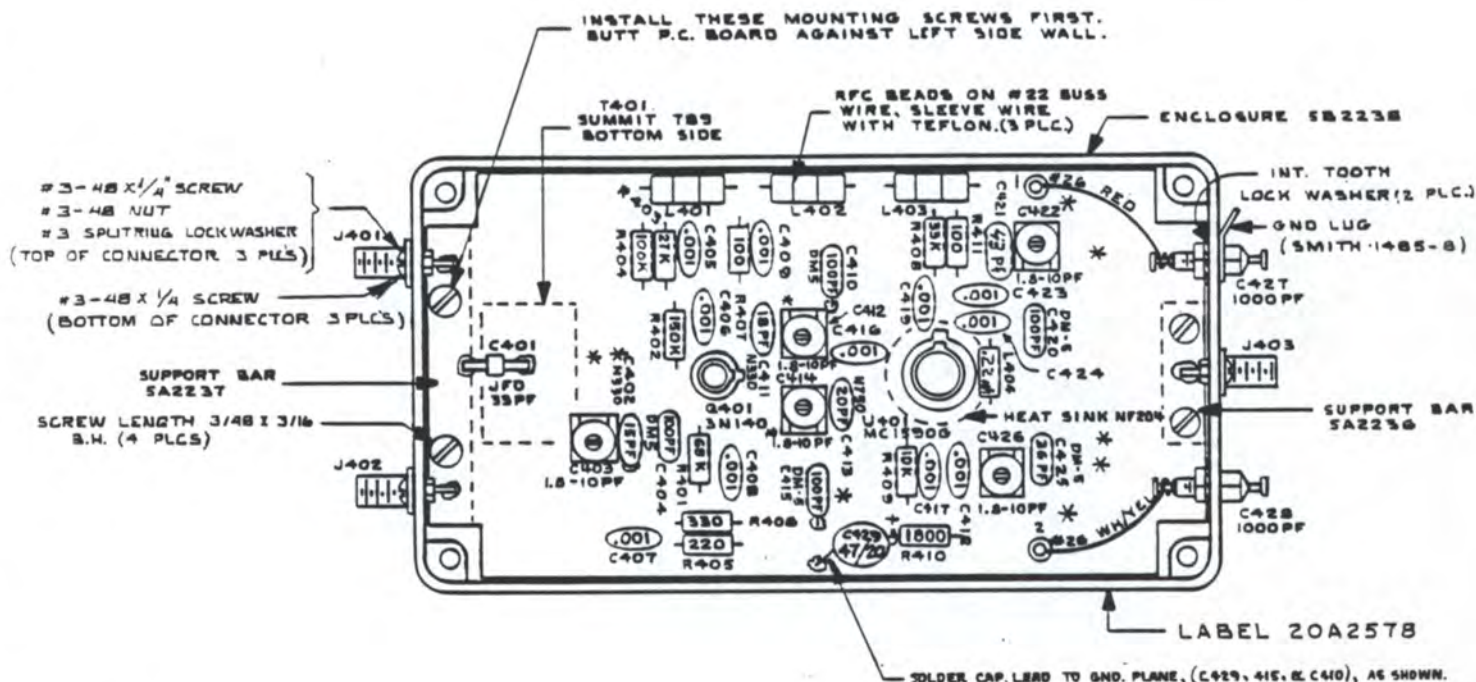


NOTES:

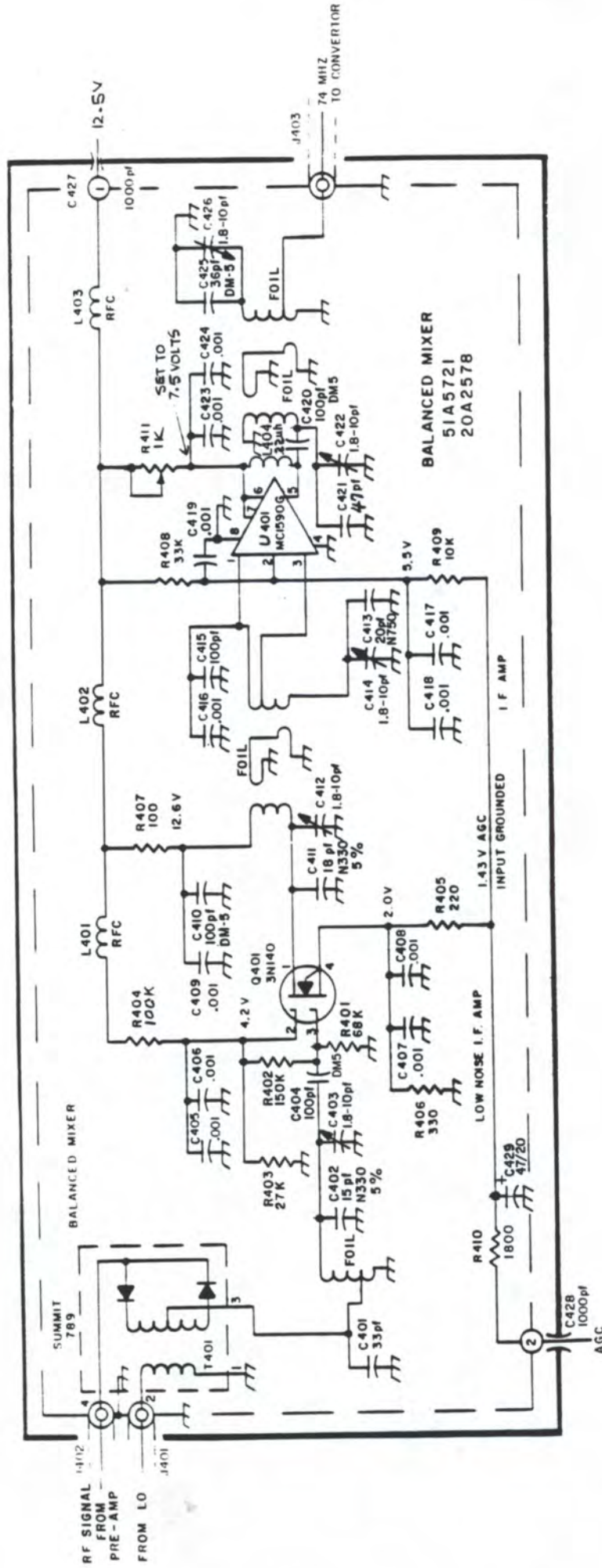
1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS 1/4 W 10 %  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.  
2. P.C. BOARD DIA 5692-06  
3. COMPONENT LAYOUT 20A2560

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# NOTES:

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4 W, 10% CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.
2. COMPONENT LAYOUT 20A2578 REV. K
3. PC BOARD 51A5721 REV. - 1<sup>1</sup> - 2<sup>1</sup>

MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.		SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK		COLETTA, CALIFORNIA 93017	
SCHEMATIC					
BALANCED MIXER/74 MHZ I.F. RCVR					
TOI	FRAC	1/12	BY	2	8M
OWN	GM	5-21-76	SCALE		1/2"
CHK	FX	10 JUN 76			
ENG	P.D.H.	11 JUN 76			
91B6914		51			

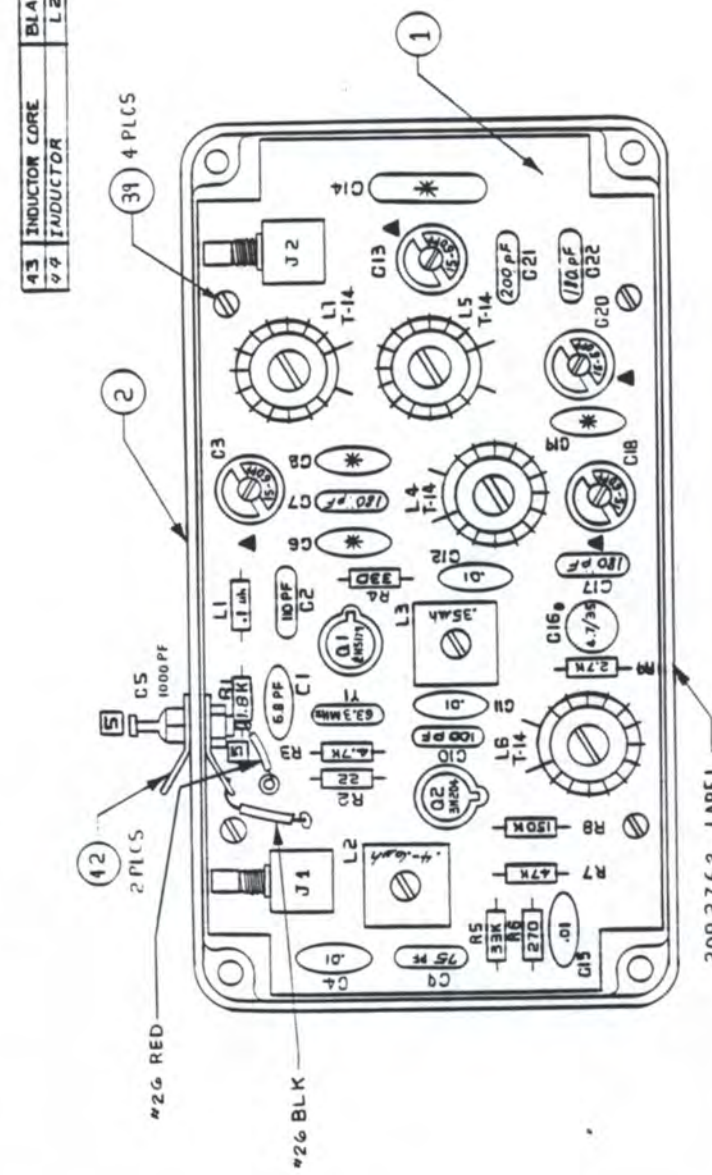
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[www.SteamPoweredRadio.Com](http://www.SteamPoweredRadio.Com)



\* C19 C6 C8 C14

MONO ITEM 1 (192 KHz BW)	6.8	3.3	2.2	1300
COMPOSITE ITEM 2 (300 KHz BW)	10	4.7	3.3	1100

CHART VALUES ARE IN PICO FARADS



- NOTES
1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4W, 10%.  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.
  2. P.C. BOARD 5182893.
  3. SCHEMATIC 9187144.
  4. REMOVE B-32 SCREW AND INSTALL THREADED CORE AFTER  
INDUCTORS L2 & L3 HAVE BEEN SOLDERED TO P.C. BOARD.  
CUT C5 TERMINAL TO 1/8".
5. 4-40x1/2 NYLON SCREW
6. ▲ = ROTOR (↑) ON C3, C13, C18, C20.
- NYLON  
WASHER  
(2)
- 4-40 NYLON NUT
- L4-L7 MOUNTING

43	INDUCTOR CORE	BLACK	4130407	2	42	GND LUG WALDON T-175M	C5	1130384	2
44	INDUCTOR	L2	4041836	1	41	CAPACITOR	C5	4350096	1
39	SCREW				40	CRYSTAL PINS	Y1	3250445	2
38	NUT				39	NYLON	4-40x1/2	1050103	4
37	WASHER, SHOULDER				38	NYLON	4-40	1050616	4
36	SCREW				37	WASHER, SHOULDER	NYLON	1090158	8
35	RESISTOR				36	SCREW	NYLON	1050194	4
34	"				35	RESISTOR	R8	4410510	1
33	"				34	"	R7	4410452	1
32	"				33	"	R5	4410437	1
31	"				32	"	R9	4410296	1
30	"				31	"	R3	4410335	1
29	"				30	"	R1	4410270	1
28	"				29	RESISTOR	R6	4410171	1
27	RESISTOR				28	"	R4	4410181	1
26	CAPACITOR				27	RESISTOR	R2	4410949	1
25	CAPACITOR				26	CAPACITOR	C21	4210340	1
24	"				25	CAPACITOR	C19	4300067	*
23	"				24	"	C16	4280053	1
22	"				23	"	C14	4220026	*
21	"				22	"	C14	4220059	*
20	"				21	"	C10	4210266	1
19	"				20	"	C9	4210233	1
18	"				19	"	C8	4300018	*
17	"				18	"	C7,17,22	4210324	3
16	"				17	"	C6	4300034	3
15	"				16	"	C6,C8	4300026	1
14	"				15	"	C4,11,12,15	4310132	4
13	"				14	"	C3,13,18,20	4320169	4
12	"				13	"	C2	4210274	1
11	CAPACITOR				12	"	C1,C19	4300042	*
10	TOROID				11	"	L4-7	4050134	4
9	INDUCTOR				10	"	L3	4041828	1
8	INDUCTOR				9	"	L1	4020285	1
7	TRANS. SOCKET				8	"	Q1,Q2	3250321	2
6	TRANSISTOR				7	"	Q2	3630415	1
5	TRANSISTOR				6	"	Q1	3630308	1
4	CRYSTAL				5	"	Y1	3340106	1
3	CONNECTOR				4	"	J1,J2	3030319	2
2	ENCLOSURE, 5182701				3	"	C20	2090322	1
1	P.C. BOARD, 5182893				2	"	C18	3471125	1
ITEM	DESCRIPTION				1	"	REF DES	STOCK NO	QTY

MOBELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.  
SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK  
SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA 93101

COMPONENT LAYOUT  
74-10 1MHz CONVERTER PCL505

DATE: 11/13/74  
SCALE: 2X  
SHEET: 1 OF 1

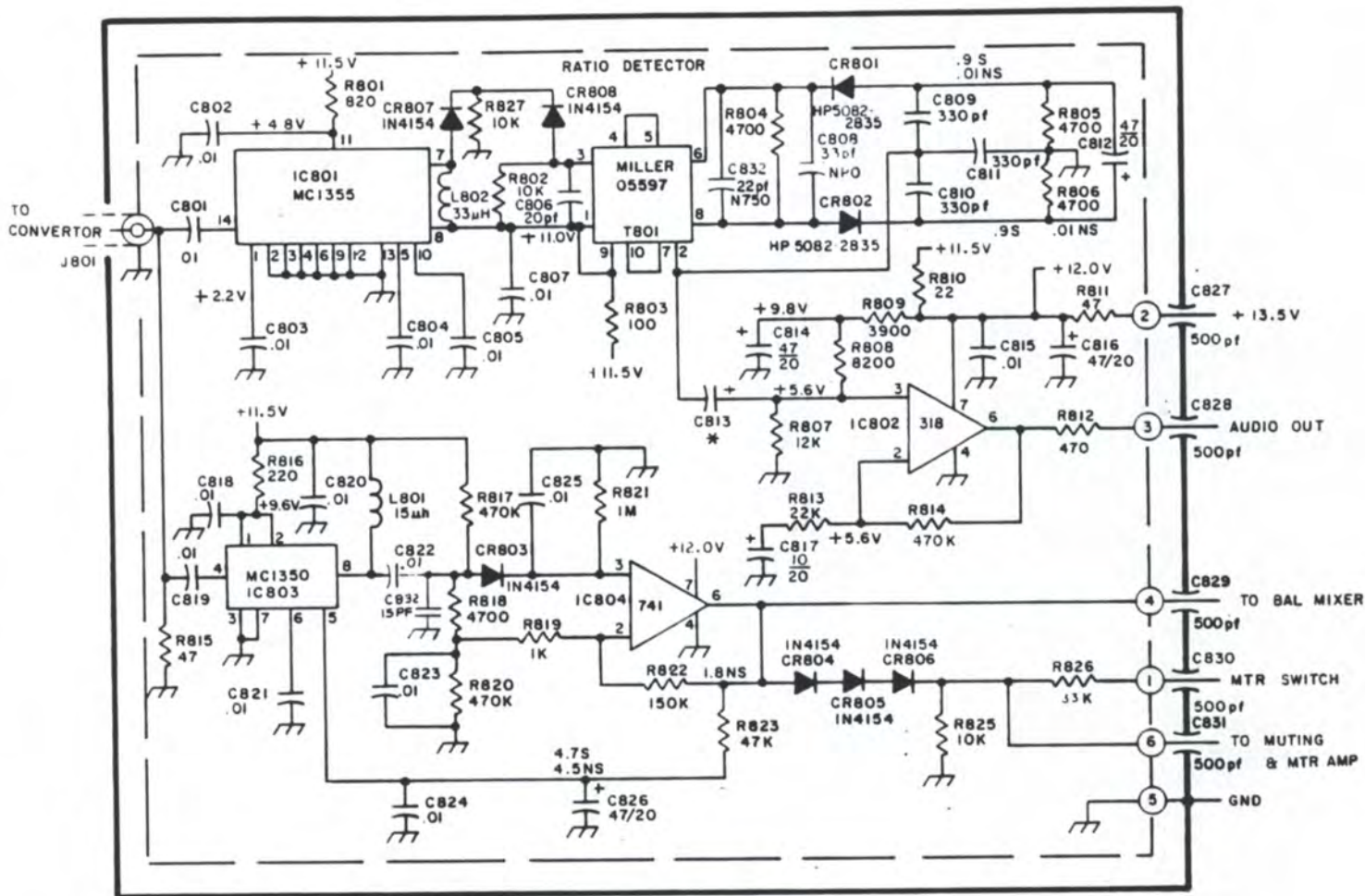
20B2762











# NOTES:

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4W, 10%. CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.

2. P.C. BOARD 51A5681

3. COMPONENT LAYOUT 20A 2548

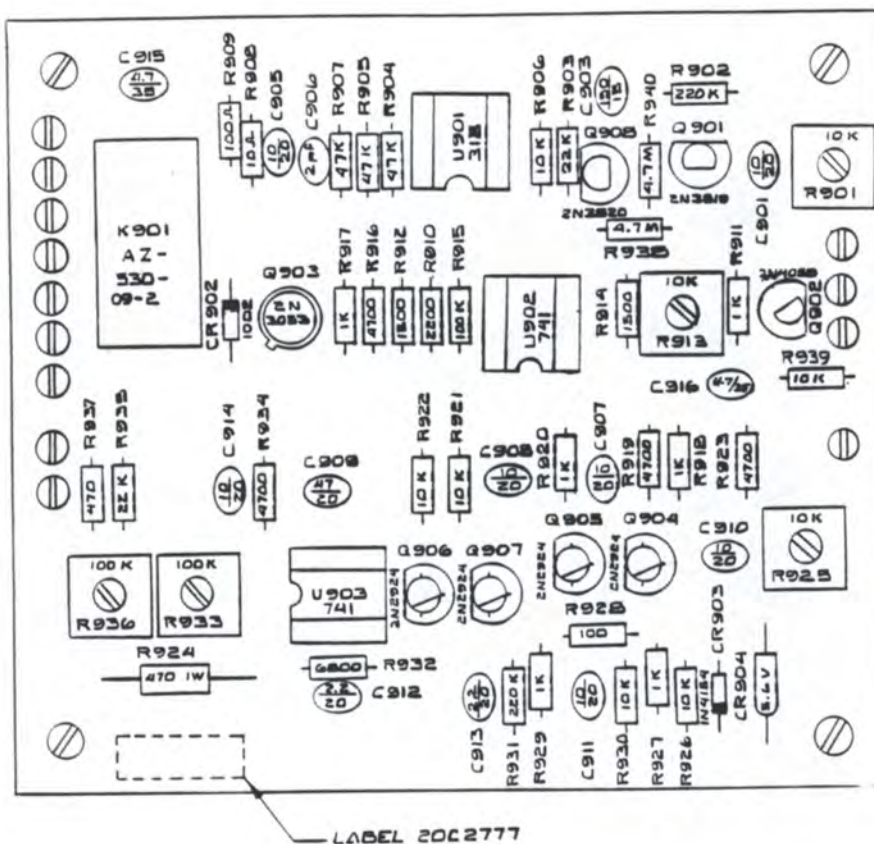
4. PC BOARD SHOWN IN DASHED LINES.

5. NS DENOTES NO SIGNAL (DC VOLTAGE)  
S " MAX. SIGNAL (DC VOLTAGE)

6. \* FREQUENCY DEPENDENT PARTS

C813		
ITEM 1	4.7/35	PCL-505 (MONAURAL)
ITEM 2	47/20	" " (COMPOSITE)

8926-334 ADD C892 ECO-2072 24MAR81 CAN C817 WAS 47 uF ECO 10V4 12 FEB 74 BUF LABORATORY C801 RZ WERE HIGH F. T. CONN. 5 HINTS 1 X 81 100-2 R804 ECO 894 8 AUG 77 P.Y.		<b>MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.</b> SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK GOLETA, CALIFORNIA 93077	
<b>SCHEMATIC</b> <b>FM DEMOD &amp; MTR AMP</b>			
TOL: FRACT. = 1/32, .XX = .80, .XXX = .815, < = 1/8"			
DWN	JHM	29 DEC 75	SCALE: NONE
CHK			
ENG	29 DEC 75	9186879	DO



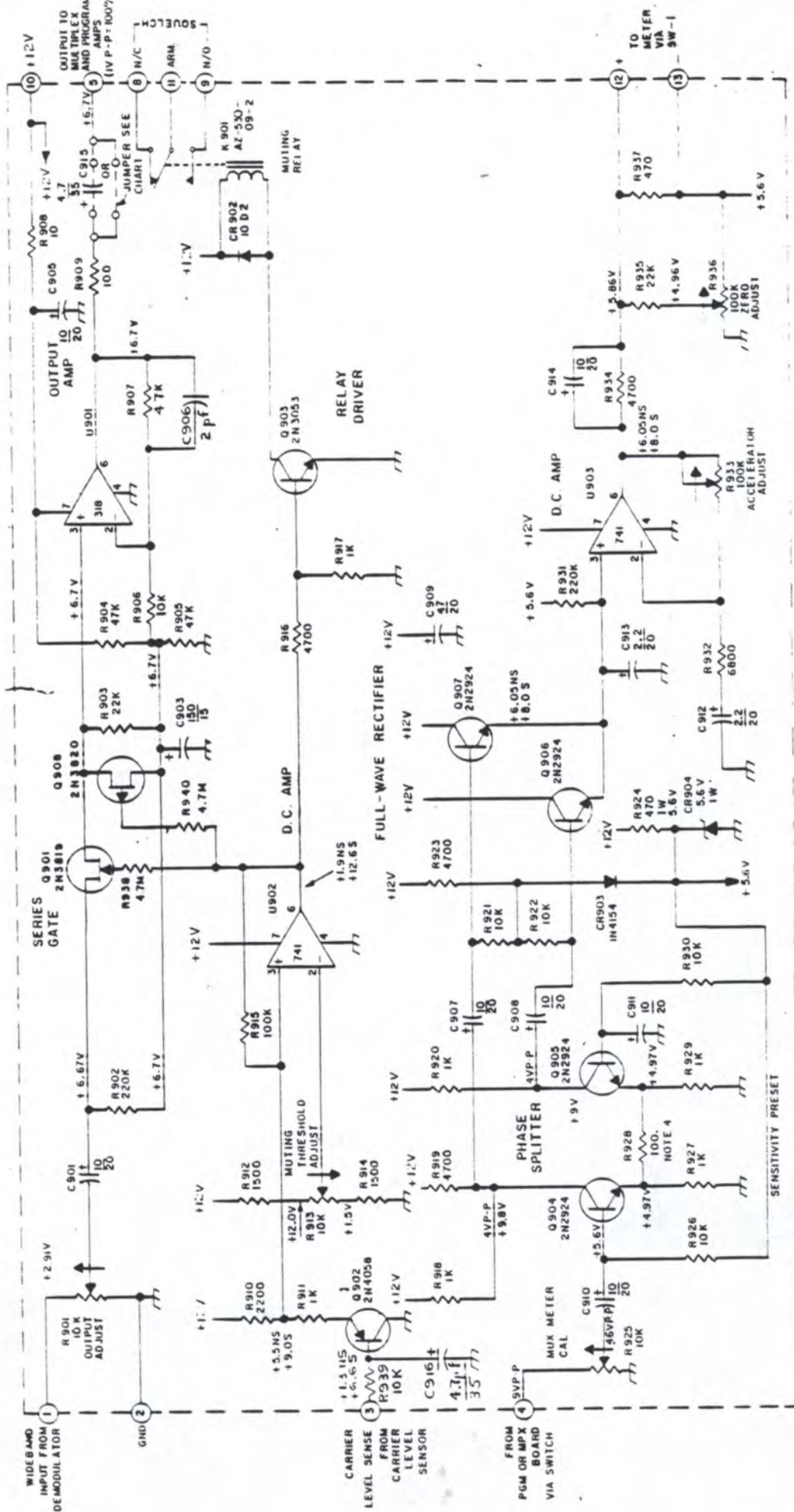
- NOTES:
1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, ALL RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4, 10% CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.
  2. P.C. BOARD SIC5904-10
  3. SCHEMATIC 9187211
  4. SILK SCREEN WITH WHITE INK COMPONENT SIDE SIC5904-40
  5. SOLDER MASK CIRCUIT SIDE SIC5904-30.

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	REF. DES.	STOCK NO.	QTY
41	TRANSISTOR 2N3220	Q908	3630173	1
40	RESISTOR 47M	R938 R940	3630173	2
39	DIODE 5.6V. 1W	D904	3600186	1
38	DIODE 1N4154	CR903	3600145	1
37	DIODE 100E	CR902	3610003	1
36	RESISTOR 10	R908	4410023	1
35	RESISTOR 220K	R931 R902	4410536	2
34	RESISTOR 100	R928, 909	4410122	2
33	RESISTOR 47K	R904 R905 R907	4410452	3
32	RESISTOR 500	R912 R914	4410262	2
31	RESISTOR 22K	R903 R935	4410411	2
30	RESISTOR 10K	R917 R916 R918 R919 R920 R921 R922 R923 R924 R925 R926 R927 R928 R929 R930 R932 R933 R934 R936 R937	4410379	6
29	RESISTOR 1K	R915	4410247	6
28	RESISTOR 100K	R913	4410353	1
27	RESISTOR 470	R911	4410358	4
26	RESISTOR 200	R910	4410163	1
25	RESISTOR 470	R937	4410577	1
24	RESISTOR 100K	R915	4410494	1
23	RESISTOR 470	R924	4430062	1
22				

21	CAPACITOR 10	C903	4280178	1
20	CAPACITOR 10	C909	035-5185	1
19	CAPACITOR 47	C916	4280053	1
18	CAPACITOR 10	C905, C906, C907, C908, C909, C910, C911, C912, C913, C914, C915, C916, C917, C918, C919, C920, C921, C922, C923, C924, C925, C926, C927, C928, C929, C930, C931, C932, C933, C934, C935, C936, C937, C938, C939, C940, C941, C942, C943, C944, C945, C946, C947, C948, C949, C950, C951, C952, C953, C954, C955, C956, C957, C958, C959, C960, C961, C962, C963, C964, C965, C966, C967, C968, C969, C970, C971, C972, C973, C974, C975, C976, C977, C978, C979, C980, C981, C982, C983, C984, C985, C986, C987, C988, C989, C990, C991, C992, C993, C994, C995, C996, C997, C998, C999, C1000	4280079	7
17	CAPACITOR 47	C915	4280053	1
16	CAPACITOR 22	C912, C913	4280046	2
15	CAPACITOR 2pF	C906	4210027	1
14				
13	IC 318	U901	3730173	1
12	IC 741	U902, U903	3630008	2
11	TRANS. 2N4058	Q902	3630209	1
10	TRANS. 2N3819	Q901	3630159	1
9	TRANS. 2N3053	Q903	3630035	1
8	TRANS. 2N2924	Q904, Q905, Q906, Q907	3630027	4
7	RELAY AZ-530-09-E	K901	3270113	1
6	POT 100K	R936 R933	4630513	2
5	POT 10K	R913 R901	4630281	3
4	I.C. SOCKET	U1-U3	3250016	3
3	SOCKET TRANSISTOR	Q901, Q902, Q904-Q908	3250230	7
2	TERMINALS	USED 2520 B.4.5 REF		-
1	P.C. BOARD	SIC5904-10	13472255	1
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	REF. DES.	STOCK NO.	QTY

1. SIC5904-30 SOLDER D 2. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 3. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 4. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 5. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 6. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 7. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 8. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 9. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 10. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 11. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 12. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 13. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 14. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 15. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 16. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 17. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 18. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 19. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 20. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 21. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 22. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 23. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 24. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 25. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 26. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 27. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 28. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 29. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 30. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 31. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 32. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 33. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 34. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 35. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 36. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 37. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 38. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 39. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 40. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 41. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 42. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 43. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 44. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 45. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 46. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 47. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 48. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 49. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 50. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 51. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 52. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 53. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 54. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 55. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 56. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 57. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 58. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 59. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 60. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 61. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 62. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 63. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 64. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 65. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 66. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 67. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 68. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 69. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 70. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 71. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 72. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 73. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 74. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 75. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 76. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 77. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 78. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 79. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 80. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 81. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 82. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 83. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 84. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 85. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 86. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 87. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 88. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 89. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 90. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 91. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 92. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 93. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 94. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 95. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 96. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 97. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 98. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 99. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG 100. 201 DOW-B-8 AWG		DATE 20C2777
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NOTES:  
1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED RESISTOR VALUE ARE IN OHMS, 1/4 W, 10 %  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS

2. PC BOARD 51C5904
3. COMPONENT LAYOUT 20C277T
4. SENSITIVITY PRESET 100 OHMS NOMINAL
5. NS DENOTES NO SIGNAL (DC VOLTAGE)
6. S DENOTES MAX SIGNAL (DC VOLTAGE)

ITEM 1 MONO	4.7/35	JUMPER
ITEM 2 COMPOSITE		

C 915

**MOBELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.**  
SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK  
SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA 93101

**SCHEMATIC**  
RCVR MUTING & METERING AMPLIFIER

DATE: 1/1/73  
REV: 1/1/73  
SCALE: 1/1/73  
DRAWN: G.A.S.  
CHECK: J.B.2  
BY: 117211

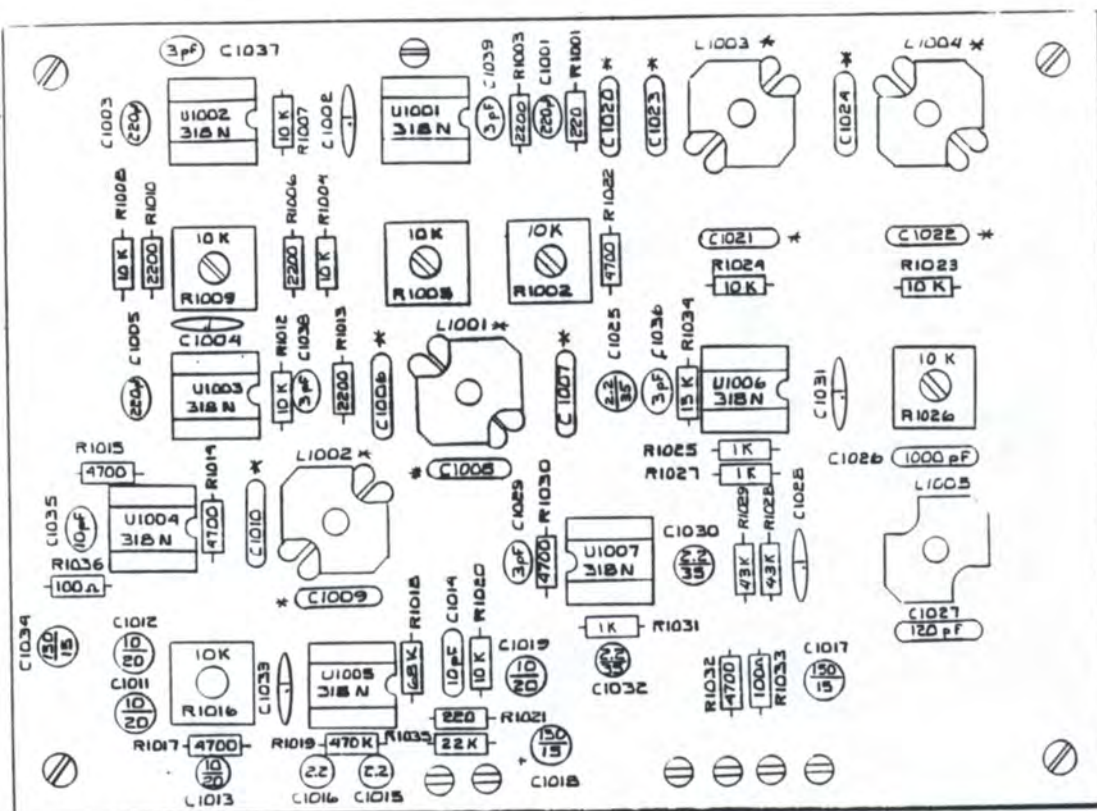
TO: METER VIA 3W-1

TO: METER VIA 3W-1



ITEM 1 (STEREO)	ITEM 2 (QUAD)	
310	430	C1006
220	130	" 7
1500	750	" 8
680	470	" 9
680	270	" 10
270	160	C1020
800	120	" 21
330	200	" 22
2400	1500	" 23
910	510	" 24
f-130	f-126	L1001
f-131	f-127	" 2
f-125	f-132	" 3
f-129	f-133	" 4

CAPACITOR VALUES  
IN CHART ARE IN  
PICOFARADS



#### NOTES:

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ALL RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4, 10%, AND CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.
2. P.C. BOARD SIC5903-10
3. SCHEMATIC 3157210
4. f - DENOTES 2C1400-( ) INDUCTOR
5. \* DENOTES VARIABLE VALUES, SEE CHART
6. SILK SCREEN SIC5903-40 COMPONENT SIDE, WHITE INK.
7. SOLDER MASK SIC5903-30, CIRCUIT SIDE.

B. CAPACITORS C1006 - C1010; C1020 - C1024;  
INDUCTORS L1001 - L1004;  
REFER TO CHART FOR VALUES OF  
ITEM 1 (STEREO); ITEM 2 (QUAD)

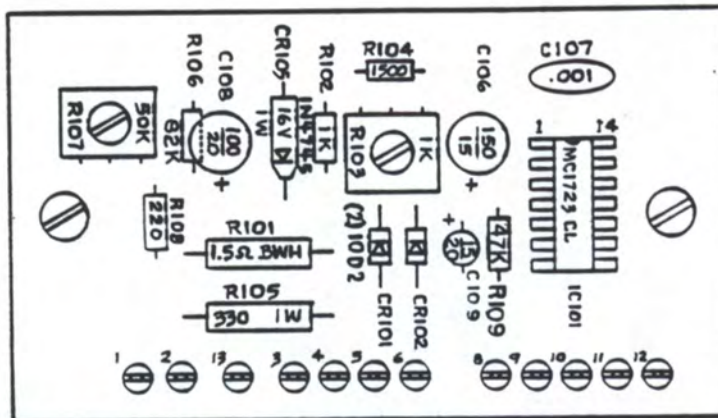
29	INDUCTOR	L1005	4040450	1
28	RESISTOR 22K	R1035	4410411	1
27	RESISTOR 10K	R1004, R1005, R1006, R1007, R1008, R1009, R1010, R1011, R1012, R1013, R1014, R1015, R1016, R1017, R1018, R1019, R1020, R1021, R1022, R1023, R1024, R1025, R1026, R1027, R1028, R1029, R1030, R1031, R1032, R1033, R1034, R1035, R1036	4440317	7
26	RESISTOR 470K	R1019	4410577	1
25	RESISTOR 68K	R1018	4410478	1
24	RESISTOR 18K	R1034	4410395	1
23	RESISTOR 1K	R1025, R1027, R1031	4410247	3
22	RESISTOR 100	R1033, R1036	4410122	2
21	RESISTOR 2200	R1003, R1004, R1010, R1013	4410258	4
20	RESISTOR 220A	R1001, R1021	4410163	2
19	RESISTOR 4700	R1022, R1030, R1032, R1033, R1034	4410378	6
18	RESISTOR 5%	R1028, R1029	4460424	2
17				
16	CAPACITOR 100	C1027	4210282	1
15	CAPACITOR 1	C1002, C1004, C1008, C1031, C1033	4310199	5
14	CAPACITOR 10	C1014, C1035	4210050	2
13	CAPACITOR 1000	C1026	4220018	1
12	CAPACITOR 10/	C1011, C1015, C1019	4280079	4
11	CAPACITOR 22	C1025, C1030	4280046	1
10	CAPACITOR 150	C1018, C1017, C1034	4280178	3
9	CAPACITOR 3	C1023, C1036, C1037, C1038, C1039	4210035	5
8	CAPACITOR 220	C1003, C1005, C1001	4210357	3
7				
6	I.C. 318 N	U1 - U7	3730173	7
5				
4	POT 10K	R1002, R1005, R1009, R1016, R1026	4630281	5
3	IC SOCKET	U1 - U7	3250016	7
2	TERMINAL	REF		-
	P.C. BOARD	SIC5903-10	3472246	1

ITEM DESCRIPTION REF. DES. STOCK QTY

MOORE ASSOCIATES, INC.	
SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA 92705	
COMPONENT LAYOUT	
PCB MAX. OUTPUT: 100W (COMPOSITE)	
TOL. PARTS: 0.1% 0.5% 1% 5% 10% 20% 50% 100%	
DATE: 11-11-79	
BY: 2062779	







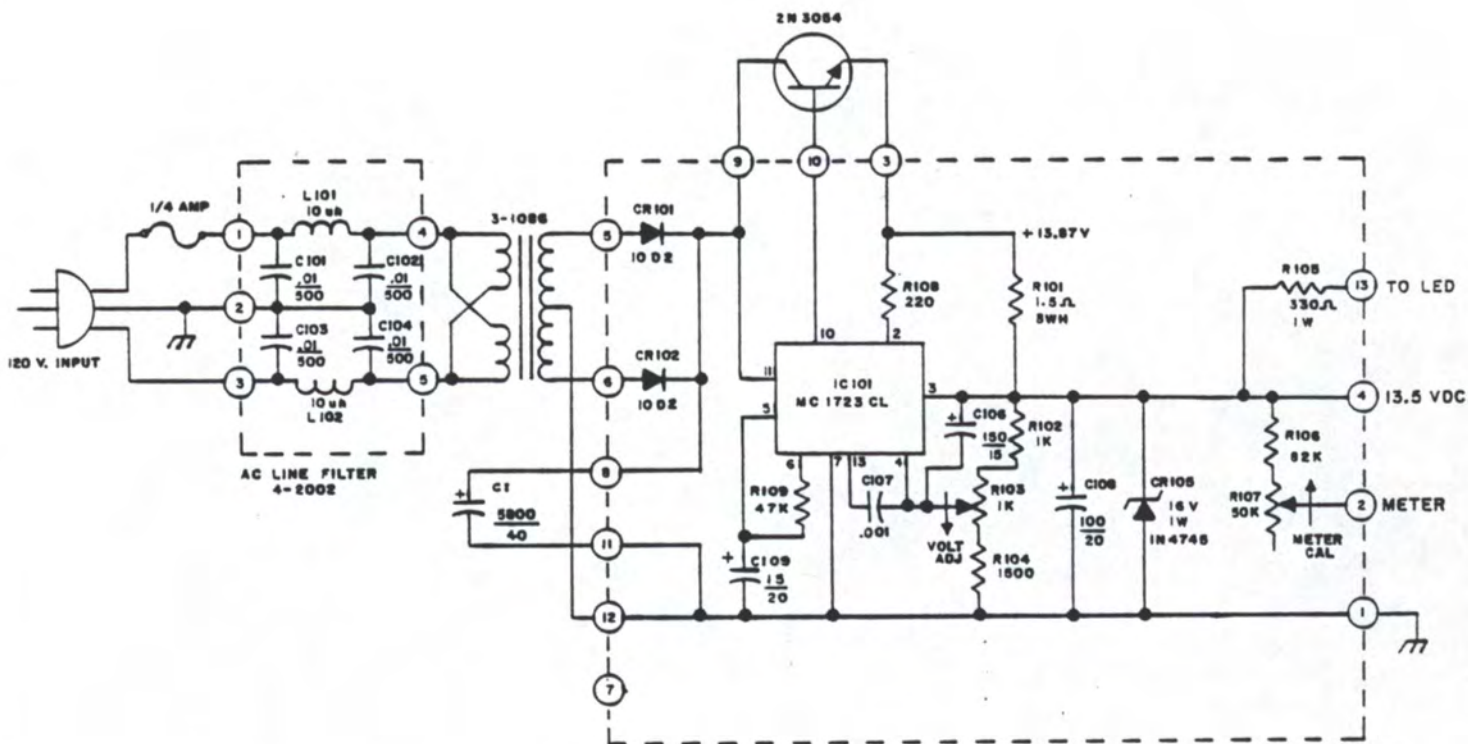
# NOTES:

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4 W, 10%.  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.
2. P.C. BOARDS 51A 8888
3. SCHEMATIC 91A 6721

MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.			
SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK GOLETA, CALIFORNIA 93017			
COMPONENT LAYOUT			
RCVR.PWR.SUPPLY REGULATOR BOARD			
TOL: FRACT. $\pm 1/32$ , .XX $\pm .020$ , .XXX $\pm .010$ , $\leq \pm 1/2^\circ$			
DWN	JHM	5-6-74	SCALE:
CHK	FXV	7 NOV 74	
ENG	SCM	5-6-74	
20A 2451 H			

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION
H	19 JUL 78	ECO 947 I.1.
G	19 JUL 78	ECO 947 I.1.
F	19 JUL 78	ECO 947 I.1.
E	19 JUL 78	ECO 947 I.1.
D	19 JUL 78	ECO 947 I.1.
C	19 JUL 78	ECO 947 I.1.
B	19 JUL 78	ECO 947 I.1.
A	19 JUL 78	ECO 947 I.1.

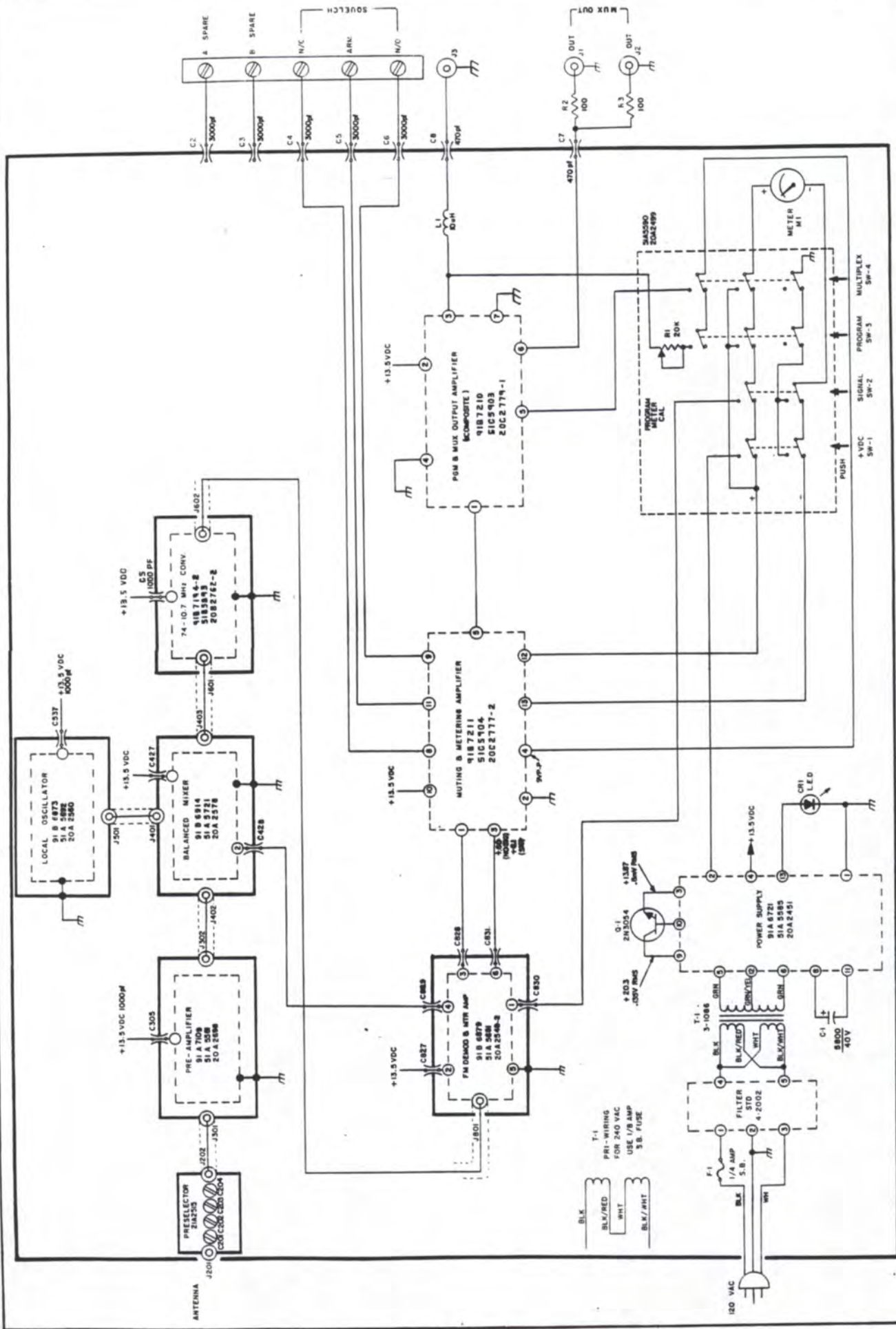




# NOTES:

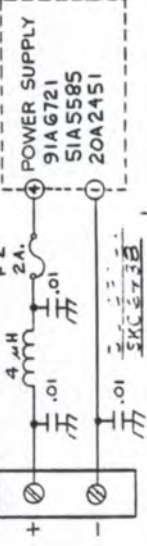
1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4 W, 10%.  
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.
2. P C BOARD 51A 6588
3. COMPONENT LAYOUT 20A 2481
4. PARTS OUTSIDE P.C. BOARD ARE SHOWN FOR  
REFERENCE ONLY. SEE RECEIVER SCHEMATIC.

<b>MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.</b> SANTA BARBARA RESEARCH PARK GOLETA, CALIFORNIA 93017	
<b>SCHEMATIC</b> <b>RCVR. PWR. SUPPLY REGULATOR BOARD</b>	
TOL: FRACT. = 1/32, .XX = .020, .XXX = .010, < = 1/2"	
DWN: JHM	12: May 76
CHK:	SCALE:
ENG:	91A 6721



D.C. INPUT  
13.5 VDC

NOTES:  
1. P.C. BOARDS ARE SHOWN IN DASH LINES.  
2. 91 PREFIX IS MODULE NUMBER.  
3. 20 PREFIX IS P.C. BOARD NUMBER.



REV.	DATE	BY	CHKD.	APP.
1	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
2	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
3	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
4	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
5	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
6	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
7	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
8	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
9	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
10	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
11	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
12	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
13	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
14	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
15	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
16	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
17	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
18	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
19	10/1/78	JAB	20	20
20	10/1/78	JAB	20	20

MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.	
SALES, MARKETING, RESEARCH, DESIGN, MANUFACTURING	
1000 S. GATEWAY AVENUE, SUITE 100, SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA 95128	
TEL: (415) 281-1111 FAX: (415) 281-1112	
TELETYPE: (415) 281-1113	
CIRCLE 10 ON READER SERVICE CARD	
DATE: 10/1/78	
BY: JAB	
CHKD: 20	
APP: 20	
TITLE: PCL-305 960 MHz RECEIVER (COMPOSITE)	
SHEET: 1 OF 1	
91C7121	
D1	

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PARENT ITEM NO 9050337  
MOSELEY ASSOCIATES INC  
111 CASTILIAN DRIVE  
GOLETA CA 93117  
805 968-9621

SPARE PTS PCL-505EC 890-960MHZSP-38B F

DATE 4/22/81 PAGE 1

COMPONENT ITEM NO.	STOCK LOCA	MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY PER	UM	UNIT SALES PRICE	TOTAL SALES PRICE
3390150	2722	MV-5254	LED GREEN	1	EA	1.37	1.37
3600145	2721	1N4154	DIO 1N4154 25V 4NS SI D035	2	EA	.16	.32
3600160	2744	1N4731A	DIO Z1N4731A 4.3V 1W 5% AIAY	1	EA	1.26	1.26
3600178	2744	1N4733A	DIO Z1N4733A 5.1V 1W 5% AIAY	1	EA	1.09	1.09
3600186	2744	1N4734A	DIO Z1N4734A 5.6V 1W 5% AIAY	1	EA	1.26	1.26
3600236	2744	1N4745A	DIO Z1N4745A 16V 1W 5% AIAY	1	EA	.42	.42
3610003	2721	1002	DIO 1002 200V 1A SI D039	4	EA	.39	1.56
3610045	2744	5082-2835	DIO 5082-2835 FAST	1	EA	2.24	2.24
3610094	2721	MDA-980-2	DIO MDA-980-2 100V BRIDGE 12A	1	EA	7.11	7.11
3610136	2744	MV-840	DIO VHV-840 030V 90-100PF D07	1	EA	3.33	3.33
3630027	2721	2N2924LFS	XT NS2N2924LFS-2H160M025V-1A7P	2	EA	.54	1.08
3630035	2721	2N3053	XT NP2N3053 05H100M080V-7A	1	EA	1.47	1.47
3630043	2721	2N3054	XT NP2N3054 25W030K090V02A	1	EA	2.80	2.80
3630076	2744	2N3563	XT NS2N3563 .2W600M030V50M2P	1	EA	.49	.49
3630092	2744	2N3640	XT PS2N3640 .2W500M012V80M3-5P	1	EA	2.28	2.28
3630159	2744	2N3819	XT NF2N3819 .4W 025V20M	1	EA	.74	.74
3630167	2744	2N3820	XT PF2N3820 .4W 020V15M	1	EA	1.51	1.51
3630191	2744	2N4037	XT PP2N4037 01W060M060V01A	1	EA	1.54	1.54
3630209	2744	2N4058	XT PS2N4058 .4W 030V30M	1	EA	.46	.46
3630241	2744	2N4428	XT NP2N4428 3.5W750M055V-42A	1	EA	4.94	4.94
3630308	2721	2N5179	XT NS2N5179 .2W900M020V50M1P	1	EA	2.38	2.38
3630316	2744	2N5293	XT NP2N5293 36W800K080V04A	1	EA	1.73	1.73



PARENT ITEM NO 9050337  
MOSELEY ASSOCIATES INC  
111 CASTILIAN DRIVE  
GOLETA CA 93117  
805 968-9621

SPARE PIS PCL-505EC 890-960MHZSP-38B F

DATE 4/22/81

PAGE 2

COMPONENT ITEM NO.	STOCK LOCA	MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY PER	UM	UNIT SALES PRICE	TOTAL SALES PRICE
3630399	2743	3N140	XT NF3N140 .4W 020V50M	1	EA	4.17	4.17
3640018	2744	A-400	XT NSA400 .2W0056015V25M	1	EA	6.62	6.62
3640109	2744	D1-12B	XT NPD1-12B 5.8W866M036V.25A	1	EA	21.18	21.18
3640133	2744	DM5-12B	XT NPDH5-12B 29W 036V02A	1	EA	49.70	49.70
3640141	2744	DM10-12B	XT NPDH10-12B 50W 036V04A	1	EA	71.05	71.05
3640182	2713	HJ-2955	XT PPHJ2955 115W2.5M060V15A	1	EA	2.52	2.52
3650116	2743	MC1723CL	RGLTR TYPE 1723 VARV .15A 632	2	EA	2.66	5.32
3660008	2812	SN72741P	IC UA741P OPAMP GEN COMP	1	EA	.83	.83
3660024	2743	SN72748P	IC UA748P OPAMP UNCOMP	1	EA	1.19	1.19
3660297	2743	SN7486N	IC SN7486N QU 21 EXCL OR	1	EA	1.02	1.02
3680170	2713	SCL4020AE	IC SCL4020AE 14 STAGE BIN CT	1	EA	3.50	3.50
3730173	2743	LM-318N	IC LM318N OPAMP HISPEED	1	EA	6.48	6.48
3730199	2743	LM-324N	IC LM324N OPAMP SNGL SUPL	1	EA	1.68	1.68
3730322	2743	MC1350P	IC MC1350P OPAMP	1	EA	2.63	2.63
3730348	2743	MC1355P	IC MC1355P AMP FM/IF	1	EA	3.85	3.85
3730389	2743	MC1590G	IC MC1590G AMP VIDEO	1	EA	16.28	16.28

TOTAL PRICE 239.40

PARENT ITEM NO 9050949

MOSELEY ASSOCIATES INC  
111 CASTILIAN DRIVE  
GOLETA CA 93117  
805 968-9621

OPT S/P KIT PCL-505 890-960 SP-38B F

DATE 4/22/81

PAGE 1

COMPONENT ITEM NO.	STOCK LOCA	MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY PER	UM	UNIT SALES PRICE	TOTAL SALES PRICE
3270113	2721	AZ-530-09-2	RELAY MIN PC 2000HM 12V NOM	1	EA	6.41	6.41
3370228	2735	MDL 1/4	FUSE	5	EA	1.53	7.65
3370269	2735	MDL 1 1/2	FUSE	5	EA	1.79	8.95
4090007	2024	A-20	XFMR	1	EA	53.74	53.74
4090015	2024	SAT-109	XFMR	1	EA	43.34	43.34
4090254	2022	3-1079B	XFMR 8-P-69B	1	EA	51.31	51.31
4090312	2024	3-1086	XFMR	1	EA	18.48	18.48
4260204	2731	TVA-1163	* CAP HI-TEMP 1000/16V	1	EA	2.79	2.79
4270039	2723	360272G025AA2A	CAP PWR LYTIC 2700/25V	1	EA	5.81	5.81
4270088	2723	360X902G025AB2A	CAP PWR LYTIC 9000/25V	1	EA	7.98	7.98
9100033	2214	21A2493 B	XTAL OVEN MOD XMIR PCL-505	1	EA	35.00	35.00

TOTAL PRICE

241.46

\$

PARENT ITEM NO 9051426

MOSELEY ASSOCIATES INC  
111 CASTILIAN DRIVE  
GOLETA CA 93117  
805 968-9621

OPT S/P KIT PCL-505C 890-960 SP-38B F

DATE 4/22/81

PAGE 1

COMPONENT ITEM NO.	STOCK LOCA	MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY PER	UM	UNIT SALES PRICE	TOTAL SALES PRICE
3270113	2721	AZ-530-09-2	RELAY MIN PC 2000HM 12V NOM	1	EA	6.41	6.41
3370228	2735	MDL 1/4	FUSE	5	EA	1.53	7.65
3370269	2735	MDL 1 1/2	FUSE	5	EA	1.79	8.95
4090254	2022	3-1079B	XFMR 8-P-69B	1	EA	51.31	51.31
4090312	2024	3-1086	XFMR	1	EA	18.48	18.48
4260204	2731	TVA-11163	CAP HI-TEMP 1000/16V	1	EA	2.79	2.79
4270039	2723	36D272G025AA2A	CAP PWR LYIIC 2700/25V	1	EA	5.81	5.81
4270088	2723	36DX902G025AB2A	CAP PWR LYIIC 9000/25V	1	EA	7.98	7.98
9100033	2214	21A2493 B	XTAL OVEN MOD XMTR PCL-505	1	EA	35.00	35.00

TOTAL PRICE

144.38



PARENT ITEM NO 9051228  
 MOSELEY ASSOCIATES INC  
 111 CASTILIAN DRIVE  
 GOLETA CA 93117  
 805 968-9621

COMPONENT ITEM NO.	STOCK LOCA	MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY PER	UM	UNIT SALES PRICE	TOTAL SALES PRICE
3340106	2734	30A0042	B XTAL 63.3 MHZ PCL-505/PCL-101	1	EA	37.50	37.50
3340478	9600	30A0034	B XTAL RX 890-960 MHZ PCL505/101	1	EA	37.50	37.50
3340486	9600	30A0035	XTAL TX 947-952 MHZ PCL-505	1	EA	37.50	37.50

TOTAL PRICE

112.50

PARENT ITEM NO 9050337  
MOSELEY ASSOCIATES INC  
111 CASTILIAN DRIVE  
GOLETA CA 93117  
805 968-9621

SPARE PTS PCL-5056C 890-960MHZSP-38B F

DATE 4/22/81 PAGE 1

COMPONENT ITEM NO.	STOCK LOCA	MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY PER	UM	UNIT SALES PRICE	TOTAL SALES PRICE
3390150	2722	MV-5254	LED GREEN	1	EA	1.37	1.37
3600145	2721	1N4154	DIO 1N4154 25V 4NS SI D035	2	EA	.16	.32
3600160	2744	1N4731A	DIO 2IN4731A 4.3V 1W 5% AIAY	1	EA	1.26	1.26
3600178	2744	1N4733A	DIO 2IN4733A 5.1V 1W 5% AIAY	1	EA	1.09	1.09
3600186	2744	1N4734A	DIO 2IN4734A 5.6V 1W 5% AIAY	1	EA	1.26	1.26
3600236	2744	1N4745A	DIO 2IN4745A 16V 1W 5% AIAY	1	EA	.42	.42
3610003	2721	10D2	DIO 10D2 200V 1A SI D039	4	EA	.39	1.56
3610045	2744	5082-2835	DIO 5082-2835 FAST	1	EA	2.24	2.24
3610094	2721	MDA-980-2	DIO MDA-980-2 100V BRIDGE 12A	1	EA	7.11	7.11
3610136	2744	MV-840	DIO VMV-840 030V 90-100PF D07	1	EA	3.33	3.33
3630027	2721	2N2924LFS	XT NS2N2924LFS.2W160M025V.1A7P	2	EA	.54	1.08
3630035	2721	2N3053	XT NP2N3053 05W100M080V.7A	1	EA	1.47	1.47
3630043	2721	2N3054	XT NP2N3054 25W030K090V02A	1	EA	2.80	2.80
3630076	2744	2N3563	XT NS2N3563 .2W600M030V50M2P	1	EA	.49	.49
3630092	2744	2N3640	XT PS2N3640 .2W500M012V80M3.5P	1	EA	2.28	2.28
3630159	2744	2N3819	XT NF2N3819 .4W 025V20M	1	EA	.74	.74
3630167	2744	2N3820	XT PF2N3820 .4W 020V15M	1	EA	1.51	1.51
3630191	2744	2N4037	XT PP2N4037 01W060M060V01A	1	EA	1.54	1.54
3630209	2744	2N4058	XT PS2N4058 .4W 030V30M	1	EA	.46	.46
3630241	2744	2N4428	XT NP2N4428 3.5W750M055V.42A	1	EA	4.94	4.94
3630308	2721	2N5179	XT NS2N5179 .2W900M020V50M1P	1	EA	2.38	2.38
3630316	2744	2N5293	XT NP2N5293 36W800K080V04A	1	EA	1.73	1.73

PARENT ITEM NO 9050337

MOSELEY ASSOCIATES INC  
111 CASTILIAN DRIVE  
GOLETA CA 93117  
805 968-9621

SPARE PTS PCL-5056C 890-960MH2SP-38B F

DATE 4/22/81

PAGE 2

COMPONENT ITEM NO.	STOCK LOCA	MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY PER	UM	UNIT SALES PRICE	TOTAL SALES PRICE
3630399	2743	3N140	XT NF3N140 .4W 020V50M	1	EA	4.17	4.17
3640018	2744	A-400	XT NSA400 .2W0056015V25M	1	EA	6.62	6.62
3640109	2744	D1-12B	XT NP01-12B 5.8W866M036V.25A	1	EA	21.18	21.18
3640133	2744	DM5-12B	XT NPDM5-12B 29W 036V02A	1	EA	49.70	49.70
3640141	2744	DM10-12B	XT NPDM10-12B 50W 036V04A	1	EA	71.05	71.05
3640182	2713	MJ-2955	XT PPMJ2955 115W2.5M060V15A	1	EA	2.52	2.52
3650116	2743	MC1723CL	RGLTR TYPE 1723 VARV .15A 632	2	EA	2.66	5.32
3660008	2812	SN72741P	IC UA741P OPAMP GEN COMP	1	EA	.83	.83
3660024	2743	SN72748P	IC UA748P OPAMP UNCOMP	1	EA	1.19	1.19
3660297	2743	SN7486N	IC SN7486N QU 2I EXCL OR	1	EA	1.02	1.02
3680170	2713	SCL4020AE	IC SCL4020AE 14 STAGE BIN CT	1	EA	3.50	3.50
3730173	2743	LM-318N	IC LM318N OPAMP HISPEED	1	EA	6.48	6.48
3730199	2743	LM-324N	IC LM324N OPAMP SNGL SUPL	1	EA	1.68	1.68
3730322	2743	MC1350P	IC MC1350P OPAMP	1	EA	2.63	2.63
3730348	2743	MC1355P	IC MC1355P AMP FM/IF	1	EA	3.85	3.85
3730389	2743	MC1590G	IC MC1590G AMP VIDEO	1	EA	16.28	16.28

TOTAL PRICE

239.40

9



PARENT ITEM NO 9050949  
MOSELEY ASSOCIATES INC  
111 CASTILIAN DRIVE  
GOLETA CA 93117  
805 968-9621

OPT S/P KIT PCL-505 890-960 SP-38B F

DATE 4/22/81

PAGE 1

COMPONENT ITEM NO.	STOCK LOCA	MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY PER	UM	UNIT SALES PRICE	TOTAL SALES PRICE
3270113	2721	AZ-530-09-2	RELAY MIN PC 2000HM 12V NOM	1	EA	6.41	6.41
3370228	2735	MDL 1/4	FUSE	5	EA	1.53	7.65
3370269	2735	MDL 1 1/2	FUSE	5	EA	1.79	8.95
4090007	2024	A-20	XFMR	1	EA	53.74	53.74
4090015	2024	SAT-109	XFMR	1	EA	43.34	43.34
4090254	2022	3-1079B	XFMR 8-P-69B	1	EA	51.31	51.31
4090312	2024	3-1086	XFMR	1	EA	18.48	18.48
4260204	2731	TVA-1163	CAP HI-TEMP 1000/16V	1	EA	2.79	2.79
4270039	2723	360272G025AA2A	CAP PWR LYTIC 2700/25V	1	EA	5.81	5.81
4270088	2723	360X902G025AB2A	CAP PWR LYTIC 9000/25V	1	EA	7.98	7.98
9100033	2214	21A2493 B	XTAL OVEN MOD XMTR PCL-505	1	EA	35.00	35.00

TOTAL PRICE 241.46 \$

PARENT ITEM NO 9051426  
MOSELEY ASSOCIATES INC  
111 CASTILIAN DRIVE  
GOLETA CA 93117  
805 968-9621

OPT S/P KIT PCL-505C 890-960 SP-38B F

DATE 4/22/81

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COMPONENT ITEM NO.	STOCK LOCA	MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY PER	UM	UNIT SALES PRICE	TOTAL SALES PRICE
3270113	2721	AZ-530-09-2	RELAY MIN PC 2000HM 12V NOM	1	EA	6.41	6.41
3370228	2735	MDL 1/4	FUSE	5	EA	1.53	7.65
3370269	2735	MDL 1 1/2	FUSE	5	EA	1.79	8.95
4090254	2022	3-10798	XFMR 8-P-69B	1	EA	51.31	51.31
4090312	2024	3-1086	XFMR	1	EA	18.48	18.48
4260204	2731	TVA-1163	CAP HI-TEMP 1000/16V	1	EA	2.79	2.79
4270039	2723	36D272G025AA2A	CAP PWR LYTIC 2700/25V	1	EA	5.81	5.81
4270088	2723	36DX902G025AB2A	CAP PWR LYTIC 9000/25V	1	EA	7.98	7.98
9100033	2214	21A2493 B	XTAL OVEN MOD XMTR PCL-505	1	EA	35.00	35.00
						TOTAL PRICE	144.38 *

PARENT ITEM NO 9051228

MOSELEY ASSOCIATES INC  
111 CASTILIAN DRIVE  
GOLETA CA 93117  
805 968-9621

OPT CRYSTAL PCL-505LC 8890-960MHZSP-38B

F

DATE

4/22/81

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COMPONENT ITEM NO.	STOCK LOCA	MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY PER	UM	UNIT SALES PRICE	TOTAL SALES PRICE
3340106	2734	30A0042	B XTAL 63.3 MHZ PCL-505/PCL-101	1	EA	37.50	37.50
3340478	9600	30A0034	B XTAL RX 890-960 MHZ PCL505/101	1	EA	37.50	37.50
3340486	9600	30A0035	XTAL TX 947-952 MHZ PCL-505	1	EA	37.50	37.50
TOTAL PRICE						112.50	*



MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.

SPARE PARTS LIST NO. SP-38B (F)

MODELS PCL-505 AND PCL-505/C

AURAL STUDIO-TO-TRANSMITTER LINKS

<u>PART</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>STOCK LOCATION</u>	<u>PRICE</u>
1N4154	2	19-144	\$ .26
1N4731	1	19-161	.91
1N4733A	1	19-163	1.02
1N4734A	1	19-164	1.30
1N4745A	1	19-175	.53
10D2	4	19-202	@ .36 1.44
HP-5082-2810 or 2835	1	19-190	2.24
MDA980-2	1	19-253	8.68
MV840	1	19-220	3.33
2N2924	2	19-420	@ .74 1.48
2N3053	1	19-430	1.40
2N3054	1	19-431	3.05
2N3563	1	19-450	.50
2N3640	1	19-460	1.00
2N3819	1	19-494	.67
2N3820	1	19-495	.74
2N4037	1	19-520	1.65
2N4428	1	19-551	5.25
2N5179	1	19-578	1.26
A400	1	19-300	8.05
3N140	1	19-592	3.43
D1-12B	1	19-591.25	20.13
J03401A	1	19-415	43.75
J03402A/DM10-12BA	1	19-416	64.58
LM318N	1	19-657.30	7.18
LM324N	1	19-657.45	1.86

Prices subject to change without notice.



MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.  
SPARE PARTS LIST NO. SP-38B (F)  
MODELS PCL-505 AND PCL-505/C  
AURAL STUDIO-TO-TRANSMITTER LINKS

<u>PART</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>STOCK LOCATION</u>	<u>PRICE</u>
MC1350P	1	19-699	\$ 2.63
MC1355P	1	19-702	3.85
MC1590G	1	19-706	16.10
MC1723CL	1	19-707	1.44
MC1741CP	1	19-825	.88
MJ2955	1	19-594.60	2.28
SCL4020AE	1	19-737	4.66
SN7486N	1	19-803	.88
SM745113	1	19-829.15	1.72
Semi-conductors only:			<u>\$ 220.13</u>

Price subject to change without notice.

Rev. 6 Sept. 1979      ph



MOSELEY ASSOCIATES, INC.  
OPTIONAL SPARE PARTS NO. SP-38B (F)  
MODELS PCL-505 and PCL-505/C  
AURAL STUDIO-TO-TRANSMITTER LINKS

<u>PART</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>STOCK LOCATION</u>	<u>PRICE</u>
Transformer 3-1086	1	24-052	\$ 15.51
Transformer 3-1079	1	24-047	44.28
* Transformer A-20	1	24-130	83.76
* Transformer SAT-109	1	24-132	55.48
Capacitor 9000 mfd/25 VDC	1	05-573	7.42
Capacitor 2700 mfd/25 VDC	1	05-569.35	4.83
Capacitor 1000 mfd/16 VDC	1	05-549	1.82
Relay AZ-530-09-2	1	17-013	7.07
Fuse 1.5A Slo-Blo	5	12-009 @ 1.33	6.65
Fuse 0.25A Slo-Blo	5	12-006 @ 1.44	7.20
Crystal oven	1	21A-2493	30.00
			\$ 264.02
Crystal set optional (set includes one transmitter and first and second L. O. receiver crystals)			95.00
			\$ 359.02
* Delete for PCL-505/C			-139.24
			\$ 219.78
Semi-conductors total only:			\$ 220.13
Optional spare parts only (PCL-505)			359.02
Combined total:			\$ 579.15
Semi-conductors total only:			\$ 220.13
Optional spare parts only (PCL-505/C)			219.78
Combined total:			\$ 439.91

Prices subject to change without notice.

Rev. 6 Sept. 1979

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